United States Department of Labor Employees' Compensation Appeals Board

M.R., Appellant)
and) Docket No. 23-0443) Issued: October 16, 2023
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS, RAYMOND G. MURPHY VA MEDICAL CENTER, Albuquerque, NM, Employer)
Appearances: Appellant, pro se	Case Submitted on the Record

Office of Solicitor, for the Director

DECISION AND ORDER

Before:

ALEC J. KOROMILAS, Chief Judge PATRICIA H. FITZGERALD, Deputy Chief Judge VALERIE D. EVANS-HARRELL, Alternate Judge

JURISDICTION

On February 1, 2023 appellant filed a timely appeal from a January 23, 2023 merit decision of the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP). Pursuant to the Federal Employees' Compensation Act¹ (FECA) and 20 C.F.R. §§ 501.2(c) and 501.3, the Board has jurisdiction over the merits of this case.²

¹ 5 U.S.C. § 8101 et seq.

² The Board notes that, following the January 23, 2023 decision, OWCP received additional evidence. However, the Board's Rules of Procedure provides: "The Board's review of a case is limited to the evidence in the case record that was before OWCP at the time of its final decision. Evidence not before OWCP will not be considered by the Board for the first time on appeal." 20 C.F.R. § 501.2(c)(1). Thus, the Board is precluded from reviewing this additional evidence for the first time on appeal. *Id*.

ISSUE

The issue is whether appellant has met his burden of proof to establish entitlement to continuation of pay (COP).

FACTUAL HISTORY

On January 11, 2023 appellant, then a 54-year-old nurse, filed a traumatic injury claim (Form CA-1) alleging that on December 7, 2022 he was exposed to COVID-19 as a result of contact with staff and visitors while in the performance of duty. He did not indicate the date that he stopped work. On the reverse side of the claim form, appellant's supervisor acknowledged that appellant was injured in the performance of duty.

In support of his claim, appellant submitted a laboratory test result for a polymerase chain reaction test for COVID-19 performed on December 7, 2022, which indicated that his test was positive for COVID-19.

By decision dated January 23, 2023, OWCP denied appellant's claim for COP, finding that he had not reported his injury on an OWCP-approved form within 30 days following the injury. It advised him that the denial of COP did not affect his entitlement to compensation benefits.

LEGAL PRECEDENT

Section 8118(a) of FECA authorizes COP, not to exceed 45 days, to an employee who has filed a claim for a period of wage loss due to a traumatic injury with his or her immediate superior on a form approved by the Secretary of Labor within the time specified in section 8122(a)(2) of this title.³ This latter section provides that written notice of injury shall be given within 30 days.⁴ The context of section 8122 makes clear that this means within 30 days of the injury.⁵

OWCP's regulations provide, in pertinent part, that, to be eligible for COP, an employee must: (1) have a traumatic injury which is job related and the cause of the disability and/or the cause of lost time due to the need for medical examination and treatment; (2) file a Form CA-1 within 30 days of the date of the injury; and (3) begin losing time from work due to the traumatic injury within 45 days of the injury.⁶

FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 at subsection II.2, however, provides that, "The FECA program considers COVID-19 to be a traumatic injury since it is contracted during a single workday or shift (see 20 C.F.R. § 10.5(ee)), and considers the date of last exposure prior to the medical evidence

³ 5 U.S.C. § 8118(a).

⁴ *Id.* at § 8122(a)(2).

⁵ E.M., Docket No. 20-0837 (issued January 27, 2021); J.S., Docket No. 18-1086 (issued January 17, 2019); Robert M. Kimzey, 40 ECAB 762-64 (1989); Myra Lenburg, 36 ECAB 487, 489 (1985).

⁶ 20 C.F.R. § 10.205(a)(1-3); *see also T.S.*, Docket No. 19-1228 (issued December 9, 2019); *J.M.*, Docket No. 09-1563 (issued February 26, 2010); *Dodge Osborne*, 44 ECAB 849 (1993); *William E. Ostertag*, 33 ECAB 1925 (1982).

establishing the COVID-19 diagnosis as the Date of Injury since the precise time of transmission may not always be known due to the nature of the virus."⁷

ANALYSIS

The Board finds that appellant has not met his burden of proof to establish entitlement to COP.

The record reflects that appellant tested positive for COVID-19 on December 7, 2022. He filed written notice of his traumatic injury on a Form CA-1 on January 11, 2023 alleging that on December 7, 2022 he contracted COVID-19 while in the performance of duty. As previously noted, FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 defines date of injury as the date of last exposure, which in this case was December 7, 2022. As appellant filed his Form CA-1 on January 11, 2012, more than 30 days after the December 7, 2022 date of injury, the Board finds that he has not met his burden of proof.

Appellant may submit new evidence or argument with a written request for reconsideration to OWCP within one year of this merit decision, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 8128(a) and 20 C.F.R. §§ 10.605 through 10.607.

CONCLUSION

The Board finds that appellant has not met his burden of proof to establish entitlement to COP.

⁷ FECA Bulletin No. 21-09.II.2 (issued April 29, 2021). On March 11, 2021 the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law. Pub. L. No. 117–2. OWCP issued FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 to provide guidance regarding the processing of COVID-19 FECA claims as set forth in the ARPA. Previously, COVID-19 claims under FECA were processed under the guidelines provided by FECA Bulletin No. 20-05 (issued March 31, 2020) and FECA Bulletin No. 21-01 (issued October 21, 2020). FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 supersedes FECA Bulletin Nos. 20-05 and 21-01.

⁸ *Id*.

<u>ORDER</u>

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT the January 23, 2023 decision of the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs is affirmed.

Issued: October 16, 2023 Washington, DC

> Alec J. Koromilas, Chief Judge Employees' Compensation Appeals Board

> Patricia H. Fitzgerald, Deputy Chief Judge Employees' Compensation Appeals Board

Valerie D. Evans-Harrell, Alternate Judge Employees' Compensation Appeals Board