## **United States Department of Labor Employees' Compensation Appeals Board**

P.A., Appellant	)
and	) )
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS,	)
MARTINEZ VA MEDICAL CENTER, Martinez, CA, Employer	)
	j

**Docket No. 23-0165 Issued: June 14, 2023** 

Case Submitted on the Record

Appearances: Appellant, pro se Office of Solicitor, for the Director

## **ORDER REMANDING CASE**

Before: ALEC J. KOROMILAS, Chief Judge PATRICIA H. FITZGERALD, Deputy Chief Judge VALERIE D. EVANS-HARRELL, Alternate Judge

On November 7, 2022 appellant filed a timely appeal from an October 24, 2022 merit decision of the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP). The Clerk of the Appellate Boards assigned Docket No. 23-0165.

On October 14, 2022 appellant, then a 38-year-old nurse, filed a traumatic injury claim (Form CA-1) alleging that she contracted COVID-19 on August 29, 2022 when she was exposed to a patient diagnosed with COVID-19 while in the performance of duty. She stopped work on September 3, 2022 and returned on September 9, 2022.

By decision dated October 24, 2022, OWCP denied appellant's claim for continuation of pay (COP), finding that she did not report the injury on a form approved by OWCP within 30 days following the incident. It advised her that the denial of COP did not affect her entitlement to other compensation benefits.

The Board, having duly considered the matter, finds that this case is not in posture for decision.

Section 8118(a) of FECA authorizes COP, not to exceed 45 days, to an employee who has filed a claim for a period of wage loss due to a traumatic injury with his or her immediate superior on a form approved by the Secretary of Labor within the time specified in section 8122(a)(2) of this title.<sup>1</sup> This latter section provides that written notice of injury shall be given within 30 days.<sup>2</sup> The context of section 8122 makes clear that this means within 30 days of the injury.<sup>3</sup>

OWCP's regulations provide, in pertinent part, that to be eligible for COP, an employee must: (1) have a traumatic injury which is job related and the cause of the disability and/or the cause of lost time due to the need for medical examination and treatment; (2) file Form CA-1 within 30 days of the date of the injury; and (3) begin losing time from work due to the traumatic injury within 45 days of the injury.<sup>4</sup>

FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 at subsection II.2., however, provides that, "The FECA program considers COVID-19 to be a traumatic injury since it is contracted during a single workday or shift (*see* 20 C.F.R. § 10.5(ee)), and considers the date of last exposure prior to the medical evidence establishing the COVID-19 diagnosis as the Date of Injury since the precise time of transmission may not always be known due to the nature of the virus."<sup>5</sup>

In denying appellant's claim for COP, OWCP failed to consider the date of last exposure as the date of injury in accordance with the guidance in FECA Bulletin No. 21-09. This case will therefore be remanded for application of FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 with regard to appellant's claim for COP.<sup>6</sup> Following this and other such further development as deemed necessary, OWCP shall issue a *de novo* decision. Accordingly,

<sup>3</sup> E.M., Docket No. 20-0837 (issued January 27, 2021); J.S., Docket No. 18-1086 (issued January 17, 2019); *Robert M. Kimzey*, 40 ECAB 762-64 (1989); *Myra Lenburg*, 36 ECAB 487, 489 (1985).

<sup>4</sup> 20 C.F.R. § 10.205(a)(1-3); *see also T.S.*, Docket No. 19-1228 (issued December 9, 2019); *J.M.*, Docket No. 09-1563 (issued February 26, 2010); *Dodge Osborne*, 44 ECAB 849 (1993).; *William E. Ostertag*, 33 ECAB 1925(1982).

<sup>5</sup> FECA Bulletin No. 21-09.II.2 (issued April 29, 2021). On March 11, 2021 the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law. Pub. L. No. 117–2. OWCP issued FECA Bulletin 21-09 to provide guidance regarding the processing of COVID-19 FECA claims as set forth in the ARPA. Previously, COVID-19 claims under FECA were processed under the guidelines provided by FECA Bulletin No. 20-05 (issued March 31, 2020) and FECA Bulletin No. 21-01 (issued October 21, 2020). FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 supersedes FECA Bulletin Nos. 20-05 and 21-01. FECA Bulletin No. 21-09 supersedes FECA Bulletin Nos. 20-05 and 21-01.

<sup>6</sup> See Order Remanding Case, V.M., Docket No. 21-1096 (issued May 5, 2023); Order Remanding Case, L.J., Docket No. 22-1041 (issued December 30, 2022); see also Order Remanding Case, K.C., Docket No. 22-1066 (issued December 23, 2022).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> *Id*. at § 8118(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> *Id*. at § 8122(a)(2).

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT** the October 24, 2022 decision of the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs is set aside and the case is remanded for further proceedings consistent with this order of the Board.

Issued: June 14, 2023 Washington, DC

> Alec J. Koromilas, Chief Judge Employees' Compensation Appeals Board

> Patricia H. Fitzgerald, Deputy Chief Judge Employees' Compensation Appeals Board

Valerie D. Evans-Harrell, Alternate Judge Employees' Compensation Appeals Board