

BRB No. 95-1536 BLA

WALTER CASTLE)
)
 Claimant-Petitioner)
)
 v.)
)
 N-S CORPORATION)
)
 and)
)
 OLD REPUBLIC INSURANCE COMPANY) DATE ISSUED:
)
 Employer/Carrier-)
 Respondents)
))
 DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF WORKERS')
 COMPENSATION PROGRAMS, UNITED)
 STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR)
)
 Party-In-Interest) DECISION and ORDER

Appeal of the Decision and Order of Donald W. Mosser, Administrative Law Judge, United States Department of Labor.

Kenneth S. Stepp, Barbourville, Kentucky, for claimant.
Donna A. Balaguer (Arter & Hadden), Washington, D.C., for employer.

Before: , and , Administrative Appeals Judges.

PER CURIAM:

Claimant¹ appeals the Decision and Order (94-BLA-1132) of Administrative

¹Claimant is Walter Castle, the miner, who filed a claim for benefits on June 17,

Law Judge Donald W. Mosser denying benefits on a claim filed pursuant to the provisions of Title IV of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969, as amended, 30 U.S.C. §901 *et seq.* (the Act). The administrative law judge found that claimant established at least ten years of qualifying coal mine employment, that employer is the properly designated responsible operator, and that claimant failed to establish the existence of pneumoconiosis or a totally disabling respiratory impairment pursuant to 20 C.F.R. §§718.202(a) and 718.204(c). Accordingly, benefits were denied.

On appeal, claimant generally contends that he is entitled to benefits. Employer responds in support of the administrative law judge's denial of benefits. The Director, Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (the Director), has chosen not to respond to this appeal.

The Board's scope of review is defined by statute. If the administrative law judge's findings of fact and conclusions of law are supported by substantial evidence, are rational and are consistent with applicable law, they are binding upon this Board and may not be disturbed. 33 U.S.C. §921(b)(3), as incorporated into the Act by 30 U.S.C. §932(a); *O'Keefe v. Smith, Hinchman & Grylls Associates, Inc.*, 380 U.S. 359 (1965).

The Board is not authorized to undertake a *de novo* adjudication of the claim.

1993. Director's Exhibit 1.

To do so would upset the carefully allocated division of authority between the administrative law judge as the trier-of-fact, and the Board as a reviewing tribunal. See 20 C.F.R. §802.301(a); *Sarf v. Director, OWCP*, 10 BLR 1-119 (1987). As we have emphasized previously, the Board's circumscribed scope of review requires that a party challenging the Decision and Order below address that Decision and Order with specificity and demonstrate that substantial evidence does not support the result reached or that the Decision and Order is contrary to law. See 20 C.F.R. §802.211(b); *Cox v. Director, OWCP*, 791 F.2d 445, 9 BLR 2-46 (6th Cir. 1986), *aff'g* 7 BLR 1-610 (1984); *Slinker v. Peabody Coal Co.*, 6 BLR 1-465 (1983); *Fish v. Director, OWCP*, 6 BLR 1-107 (1983); *Sarf, supra*. Unless the party identifies errors and briefs its allegations in terms of the relevant law and evidence, the Board has no basis upon which to review the decision. See *Sarf, supra*; *Fish, supra*.

In the instant claim, other than generally asserting that the medical evidence is sufficient to establish entitlement, See Claimant's Brief at 4-6, claimant has failed to identify any errors made by the administrative law judge in the evaluation of the evidence and applicable law pursuant to 20 C.F.R. Part 718. As claimant's counsel has failed to adequately raise or brief any issues arising from the administrative law judge's Decision and Order denying benefits, the Board has no basis upon which to review the decision. Thus, we affirm the administrative law judge's findings pursuant to Sections 718.202(a) and 718.204(c), which are requisite elements of entitlement pursuant to Part 718, see *Anderson v. Valley Camp of Utah, Inc.*, 12 BLR 1-111

(1989); *Larioni v. Director, OWCP*, 6 BLR 1-1276 (1984), and the administrative law judge's denial of benefits.

Accordingly, the administrative law judge's Decision and Order denying benefits is affirmed.

SO ORDERED.

Administrative Appeals Judge

Administrative Appeals Judge

Administrative Appeals Judge