(3) prioritize the collection of plankton samples and data that inform the conservation of North Atlantic right whales; and

(d) to the extent practicable, coordinate with the Government of Canada to develop a transboundary understanding of plankton abundance and distribution.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—To carry out this section there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce $300,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2032, which shall be derived from existing funds otherwise appropriated to the Secretary.

DIVISION KK—PUMP FOR NURSING MOTHERS ACT

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Providing Urgent Maternal Protections for Nursing Mothers Act” or the “PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act”.

SEC. 102. BREASTFEEDING ACCOMMODATIONS IN THE WORKPLACE.

(a) EXPANDING EMPLOYEE ACCESS TO BREAK TIME AND SPACE.—The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 7 (29 U.S.C. 207), by striking subsection (r); and

(2) by inserting after section 18C (29 U.S.C. 218c) the following:

"SEC. 18D. BREASTFEEDING ACCOMMODATIONS IN THE WORKPLACE.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—An employer shall provide—

"(1) a reasonable break time for an employee to express breast milk for such employee’s nursing child for 1 year after the child’s birth each time such employee has need to express the milk; and

"(2) a place, other than a bathroom, that is shielded from view and free from intrusion from coworkers and the public, which may be used by an employee to express breast milk.

"(b) COMPENSATION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), an employer shall not be required to compensate an employee receiving reasonable break time under subsection (a)(1) for any time spent during the workday for such purpose unless otherwise required by Federal or State law or municipal ordinance.

"(2) RELIEF FROM DUTIES.—Break time provided under subsection (a)(1) shall be considered hours worked if the employee is not completely relieved from duty during the entirety of such break.

"(c) EXEMPTION FOR SMALL EMPLOYERS.—An employer that employs less than 50 employees shall not be subject to the requirements of this section, if such requirements would impose an undue hardship by causing the employer significant difficulty or expense when considered in relation to the size, financial resources, nature, or structure of the employer’s business.

"(d) EXEMPTION FOR CREWMEMBERS OF AIR CARRIERS.—
H. R. 2617—1636

"(1) IN GENERAL.—An employer that is an air carrier shall not be subject to the requirements of this section with respect to an employee of such air carrier who is a crewmember.

"(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

"(A) AIR CARRIER.—The term ‘air carrier’ has the meaning given such term in section 40102 of title 49, United States Code.

"(B) CREWMEMBER.—The term ‘crewmember’ has the meaning given such term in section 1.1 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations).

"(e) APPLICABILITY TO RAIL CARRIERS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an employer that is a rail carrier shall be subject to the requirements of this section.

"(2) CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.—An employer that is a rail carrier shall be subject to the requirements of this section with respect to an employee of such rail carrier who is a member of a train crew involved in the movement of a locomotive or rolling stock or who is an employee who maintains the right of way, provided that compliance with the requirements of this section does not—

"(A) require the employer to incur significant expense, such as through the addition of such a member of a train crew in response to providing a break described in subsection (a)(1) to another such member of a train crew, removal or retrofitting of seats, or the modification or retrofitting of a locomotive or rolling stock; or

"(B) result in unsafe conditions for an individual who is an employee who maintains the right of way.

"(3) SIGNIFICANT EXPENSE.—For purposes of paragraph (2)(A), it shall not be considered a significant expense to modify or retrofit a locomotive or rolling stock by installing a curtain or other screening protection.

"(4) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

"(A) EMPLOYEE WHO MAINTAINS THE RIGHT OF WAY.—The term ‘employee who maintains the right of way’ means an employee who is a safety-related railroad employee described in section 20102(4)(C) of title 49, United States Code.

"(B) RAIL CARRIER.—The term ‘rail carrier’ means an employer described in section 13(b)(2).

"(C) TRAIN CREW.—The term ‘train crew’ has the meaning given such term as used in chapter II of subtitle B of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations).

"(f) APPLICABILITY TO MOTORCOACH SERVICES OPERATORS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an employer that is a motorcoach services operator shall be subject to the requirements of this section.

"(2) EMPLOYEES WHO ARE INVOLVED IN THE MOVEMENT OF A MOTORCOACH.—An employer that is a motorcoach services operator shall be subject to the requirements of this section with respect to an employee of such motorcoach services operator who is involved in the movement of a motorcoach provided that compliance with the requirements of this section does not—
"(A) require the employer to incur significant expense, such as through the removal or retrofitting of seats, the modification or retrofitting of a motorcoach, or unscheduled stops; or
"(B) result in unsafe conditions for an employee of a motorcoach services operator or a passenger of a motorcoach.

(3) **SIGNIFICANT EXPENSE.**—For purposes of paragraph (2)(A), it shall not be considered a significant expense—
"(A) to modify or retrofit a motorcoach by installing a curtain or other screening protection if an employee requests such a curtain or other screening protection; or
"(B) for an employee to use scheduled stop time to express breast milk.

(4) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this subsection:

"(A) **MOTORCOACH; MOTORCOACH SERVICES.**—The terms 'motorcoach' and 'motorcoach services' have the meanings given the terms in section 32702 of the Motorcoach Enhanced Safety Act of 2012 (49 U.S.C. 31136 note).
"(B) **MOTORCOACH SERVICES OPERATOR.**—The term 'motorcoach services operator' means an entity that offers motorcoach services.

(g) **NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ACTION.**—

"(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in paragraph (2), before commencing an action under section 16(b) for a violation of subsection (a)(2), an employee shall—

"(A) notify the employer of such employee of the failure to provide the place described in such subsection; and
"(B) provide the employer with 10 days after such notification to come into compliance with such subsection with respect to the employee.

"(2) **EXCEPTIONS.**—Paragraph (1) shall not apply in a case in which—

"(A) the employee has been discharged because the employee—

"(i) has made a request for the break time or place described in subsection (a); or
"(ii) has opposed any employer conduct related to this section; or

"(B) the employer has indicated that the employer has no intention of providing the place described in subsection (a)(2).

(h) **INTERACTION WITH STATE AND FEDERAL LAW.**—

"(1) **LAWS PROVIDING GREATER PROTECTION.**—Nothing in this section shall preempt a State law or municipal ordinance that provides greater protections to employees than the protections provided for under this section.

"(2) **NO EFFECT ON TITLE 49 PREEMPTION.**—This section shall have no effect on the preemption of a State law or municipal ordinance that is preempted under subtitle IV, V, or VII of title 49, United States Code.

(b) **CLARIFYING REMEDIES.**—The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 15(a) (29 U.S.C. 215(a))—

(A) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting ‘; and’; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:
“(6) to violate any of the provisions of section 18D.”; and
(2) in section 16(b) (29 U.S.C. 216(b)), by striking “15(a)(3)” each place the term appears and inserting “15(a)(3) or 18D”.  
(c) AUTHORIZING EMPLOYEES TO TEMPORARILY OBSCURE THE FIELD OF VIEW OF AN IMAGE RECORDING DEVICE ON A LOCOMOTIVE OR ROLLING STOCK WHILE EXPRESSING BREAST MILK.—Section 20168(f) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking “A railroad carrier” and inserting the following:
(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), a railroad carrier”, and
(2) by adding at the end the following:
“(2) TEMPORARILY OBSCURING FIELD OF VIEW OF AN IMAGE RECORDING DEVICE WHILE EXPRESSING BREAST MILK.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of expressing breast milk, an employee may temporarily obscure the field of view of an image recording device required under this section if the passenger train on which such device is installed is not in motion.
(B) RESUMING OPERATION.—The crew of a passenger train on which an image recording device has been obscured pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall ensure that such image recording device is no longer obscured immediately after the employee has finished expressing breast milk and before resuming operation of the passenger train.”.

SEC. 103. EFFECTIVE DATE.
(a) EXPANDING ACCESS.—The amendments made by section 102(a) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
(b) REMEDIES AND CLARIFICATION.—The amendments made by section 102(b) shall take effect on the date that is 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
(c) AUTHORIZING EMPLOYEES TO TEMPORARILY OBSCURE THE FIELD OF VIEW OF AN IMAGE RECORDING DEVICE ON A LOCOMOTIVE OR ROLLING STOCK WHILE EXPRESSING BREAST MILK.—The amendments made by section 102(c) shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
(d) APPLICATION OF LAW TO EMPLOYEES OF RAIL CARRIERS.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 18D of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (as added by section 102(a)) shall not apply to employees who are members of a train crew involved in the movement of a locomotive or rolling stock or who are employees who maintain the right of way of an employer that is a rail carrier until the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
(A) EMPLOYEE; EMPLOYER.—The terms “employee” and “employer” have the meanings given such terms in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203).
(B) EMPLOYEES WHO MAINTAINS THE RIGHT OF WAY; RAIL CARRIER; TRAIN CREW.—The terms “employee who maintains the right of way”, “rail carrier”, and “train crew” have the meanings given such terms in section 18D(e)(4) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as added by section 102(a).
(e) Application of Law to Employees of Motorcoach Services Operators.—

(1) In General.—Section 18D of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (as added by section 102(a)) shall not apply to employees who are involved in the movement of a motorcoach of an employer that is a motorcoach services operator until the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:

(A) Employee; Employer.—The terms “employee” and “employer” have the meanings given such terms in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203).

(B) Motorcoach; Motorcoach Services Operator.—The terms “motorcoach” and “motorcoach services operator” have the meanings given such terms in section 18D(f)(4) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as added by section 102(a).

DIVISION LL—STATE, LOCAL, TRIBAL, AND TERRITORIAL FISCAL RECOVERY, INFRASTRUCTURE, AND DISASTER RELIEF FLEXIBILITY

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “State, Local, Tribal, and Territorial Fiscal Recovery, Infrastructure, and Disaster Relief Flexibility Act”.

SEC. 102. AUTHORITY TO USE CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUNDS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS.

(a) In General.—Title VI of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), as amended by section 40909 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, is amended—

(1) in section 602—

(A) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting “(except as provided in subsection (c)(5))” after “December 31, 2024”; and

(B) in subsection (c)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “paragraph (3)” and inserting “paragraphs (3), (4), and (5)”; and

(II) by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:

“(C) for the provision of government services up to an amount equal to the greater of—

(i) the amount of the reduction in revenue of such State, territory, or Tribal government due to the COVID–19 public health emergency relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the State, territory, or Tribal government prior to the emergency; or

(ii) $10,000,000;”;

(III) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and