Tonga

Selected Statistics and Indicators on Child Labor

Percent of children 5-14 estimated as working: Unavailable Minimum age for admission to work: Unavailable Age to which education is compulsory: 14^{4162} Yes⁴¹⁶³* Free public education: 115% 4164 Gross primary enrollment rate in 2004: 96% 4165 Net primary enrollment rate in 2001: Percent of children 5-14 attending school in 2001: Unavailable As of 2000, percent of primary school entrants likely to $92\%^{4166}$ reach grade 5: Ratified Convention 138: Non-ILO member Ratified Convention 182: Non-ILO member No^{4167} ILO-IPEC participating country: *Must pay school fees at the secondary level.

Incidence and Nature of Child Labor

There are no reports of child labor existing in the formal or informal economy. During 2006, there were increased reports of workers on foreign fishing vessels soliciting underage girls for prostitution. 4168

Child Labor Laws and Enforcement

Tonga does not have legislation setting the minimum age for work. The law prohibits slavery, which can be interpreted to include forced or bonded labor. The owning and/or operating of a brothel, pimping, and soliciting in a public place are all prohibited by the law. Penalties for offenses range from imprisonment from 6 months to 2 years. 4171 The law also prohibits any person from assaulting a child in an indecent manner, abducting girls, and procuring or attempting to procure any girl under the age of 21 for trafficking for prostitution.

⁴¹⁶² Paula Bloomfield, Kingdom of Tonga on the Occasion of the United Nations General Assembly Special Session on Children, New York, May 8-10, 2002; available from www.un.org/ga/children/tongaE.htm.

⁴¹⁶³ Ibid. See also U.S. Department of State, "Tonga," in Country Reports on Human Rights Practices- 2006, Washington, DC, March 6, 2007, Section 5; available from http://www.state.gov/g/drl/rls/hrrpt/2006/78793.htm. 4164 UCW analysis of ILO SIMPOC, UNICEF MICS, and World Bank surveys, Child Economic Activity and School Attendance Rates, March 1, 2007. 4165 Ibid.

⁴¹⁶⁶ Ibid.

⁴¹⁶⁷ ILO, IPEC Action Against Child Labour: Highlights 2006, Geneva, October 2006, 29; available from http://www.ilo.org/iloroot/docstore/ipec/prod/eng/20061018_Implementationreport_eng.pdf.

⁴¹⁶⁸ U.S. Department of State, "Country Reports- 2006: Tonga," Sections 5, 6d. See also Ministry of Finance Statistics Department, Report on the Tonga Labour Force Survey 2003, Nuku'alofa, April 2004, 36. See also End Child Labor, Child Labor Information Bank: Tonga, [online] n.d. [cited October 16, 2006]; available from http://www.endchildlabor.org/db infoBank.cfm. See also ECPAT International CSEC Database, Tonga, accessed October 16, 2006; available from

http://www.ecpat.net/eng/Ecpat_inter/projects/monitoring/online_database/index.asp.

⁴¹⁶⁹ U.S. Department of State, "Country Reports- 2006: Tonga," Section 6d.

Government of Tonga, Constitution of Tonga, (1988), Article 2.

⁴¹⁷¹ Government of Tonga, *Criminal Offenses Act*, (1988), Articles 80-81.

The maximum punishment for these offenses is imprisonment for up to 5 years. 4172 There is no military conscription in Tonga. 4173

Current Government Policies and Programs to Eliminate the Worst Forms of Child Labor

Development policy in Tonga is currently being guided by the Strategic Development Plan Eight (2006-2009). Among other goals, the plan targets vulnerable groups for assistance, including children and youth, and focuses on improving educational standards. 4174

 ⁴¹⁷² Ibid., 125-126, 129.
 4173 Coalition to Stop the Use of Child Soldiers, "Tonga," in *Child Soldiers Global Report 2004*, London, 2004; available from http://www.child-soldiers.org/resources/global-reports?root_id=159&category_id=165.

4174 Kingdom of Tonga, *Strategic Development Plan Eight 2006-2009: Looking to the Future, Building on the Past*,

^{5, 46, 100, 106;} available from http://www.tonga-now.to/Resource.aspx?ID=1754.