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TERMS AND CONDITIONS LIBRARY

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1. Order of Precedence

In the event of any inconsistency between the terms and conditions of this Notice of Award and other requirements, the following order of precedence shall apply:

- I. (enter applicable program authorizations/statute).
- II. Other applicable Federal statutes.
- III. (enter applicable appropriations).
- IV. Implementing Regulations.
- V. Executive Orders.
- VI. OMB Circulars, including the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR 200 and 2900.
- VII. DOL-ETA Directives.
- VIII. Terms and conditions of this award.

2. Notice of Award

Funds shall be obligated and allocated via a Notice of Award (NOA) grant modification. These obligations and costs may not exceed the amount awarded by the NOA modification unless otherwise modified by the ETA.

3. Funding Opportunity Announcement

The Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) and any amendments (insert hyperlink[s]) are hereby incorporated into this Notice of Award (NOA). Award recipients are bound by the authorizations, restrictions, and requirements contained in the FOA. Therefore, the expenditure of grant funds by the award recipient certifies that (your organization has read and will comply with all the parts that are contained in the NOA.

4. Federal Project Officer

The DOL/ETA Federal Project Officer (FPO) for this award is:

Name:

Telephone:

E-mail:

The FPO is not authorized to change any of the terms or conditions of the award or approve prior approval requests. Any changes to the terms or conditions or prior approvals must be approved by the Grant Officer through the use of a formally executed award modification process.

5. Approved Statement of Work

This project's narrative is considered as the Approved Statement of Work. It has been included as Attachment D. If there is any inconsistency between items specified in the project narrative and the program statute, appropriation, regulations, Executive Orders, Uniform Guidance, OMB Circulars, and DOL-ETA directives, the order of precedence will prevail.

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6. Indirect Cost Rate and Cost Allocation Plan

- ___ A. A **current** Federally approved Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement (NICRA) or current Federally approved Cost Allocation Plan (CAP) has been provided – copy attached.

For a NICRA only:

- (1) Indirect Rate approved: %
- (2) Type of Indirect Cost Rate: _____ (i.e. Provisional/Predetermined/Fixed)
- (3) Allocation Distribution Base: _____
- (4) Current beginning and ending period applicable to rate: _____

Estimated Indirect Costs are shown on the SF-424A budget form. If a new NICRA is issued during the grant's period of performance, it must be provided to DOL within 30 days of it being issued. Funds may be re-budgeted as necessary between direct and indirect costs as long as it is consistent with 10% Budget Flexibility term within this agreement, grant requirements and DOL regulations on prior approval. However, the total amount of the grant award will not be increased.

Any changes to the budget that impact the Statement of Work and agreed upon outcomes or deliverables will require a request for modification and prior approval from the Grant Officer.

- ___ B. (1) _____ Latest NICRA or CAP approved by the Federal Cognizant Agency (FCA) is not current, or
- (2) _____ An indirect cost rate proposal or CAP has not been submitted for approval.

URGENT NOTICE: Estimated indirect costs have been specified on the SF-424A, Section B, Object Class Category "j", however only **§[If B is not selected, enter N/A. If B is selected, enter 10% of Personnel line or 10% of Indirect Charges line (whichever is less)]** will be released to support the indirect costs in the absence of a NICRA or CAP approved by the cognizant agency. The remaining funds which have been awarded for Indirect Costs are restricted and may not be used for any purpose until the recipient provides a signed copy of the NICRA or CAP and document stating that the restriction is lifted by the Grant Officer. Upon receipt of the NICRA or CAP, the Grant Officer will issue a grant modification to the award to remove the restriction on those funds.

As the award recipient, your organization must submit an indirect cost rate proposal or CAP. These documents should be submitted to the DOL's Division of Cost Determination (DCD) or to the recipient's FCA. In addition, the recipient must notify the Federal Project Officer (FPO) that the documents have been submitted to the appropriate FCA. **If this proposal is not submitted within 90 days of the effective date of the award, no funds will be approved for the reimbursement of indirect costs.** Failure to submit an indirect cost proposal by the above date means the award recipient will not receive further reimbursement for indirect costs until a signed copy of the federally approved NICRA or CAP is provided and the restriction is lifted by the Grant Officer. All indirect costs paid for using grant funds must be returned through the Payment Management System. No indirect costs will be reimbursed without a NICRA or an approved CAP.

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The total amount of the DOL's financial obligation under this grant award **will not** be increased in order to reimburse the recipient for higher negotiated indirect costs.

- ___ C. The award recipient elected to exclude indirect costs from the proposed budget. Please be aware that incurred indirect costs (such as top management salaries, financial oversight, human resources, payroll, personnel, auditing costs, accounting and legal, etc. used for the general oversight and administration of the organization) must not be classified as direct costs; these types of costs are indirect costs. Only direct costs, as defined by the applicable cost principles, will be charged. According to 2 CFR 200.412, if indirect costs are misclassified as direct costs, such costs may become disallowed through an audit.

- ___ D. The award recipient has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate and, pursuant to the exceptions noted at 2 CFR 200.414(f) in the Cost Principles of the Uniform Guidance has elected to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (see 2 CFR 200.68 for definition of MTDC) which may be used indefinitely. Governmental departments or agencies that receive more than \$35 million in direct Federal Funding must submit an indirect cost rate proposal and cannot request a de minimis rate. This methodology must be used consistently for all Federal awards until such time as you choose to negotiate for an indirect cost rate, which you may apply to do at any time. (See 2 CFR 200.414(f) for more information on use of the de minimis rate.)

If the DOL is your FCA, as a recipient, your organization must work with DOL's DCD, which has delegated authority to negotiate and issue a NICRA or CAP on behalf of the Federal Government. More information about the DOL's DCD is available at <http://www.dol.gov/oasam/boc/dcd/>. This website has guidelines to develop indirect cost rates, links to the applicable cost principles, and contact information. The DCD also has Frequently Asked Questions to provide general information about the indirect cost rate approval process and due dates for provisional and final indirect cost rate proposals at <http://www.dol.gov/oasam/faqs/FAQ-dcd.htm>.

Starting the quarter ending September 30, 2016, all grant recipients with an approved NICRA or de minimis rate must report indirect costs on their **FINAL** ETA-9130 Form. Please see TEGL 2-16 for additional guidance at https://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/attach/TEGL/TEGL_2-16_acc.pdf

7. **Approved Budget**

The award recipient's budget documents are attached in this Notice of Award. The documents are: 1) the SF-424, included as Attachment A; 2) the SF-424 A, included as Attachment B; and 3) the Budget Narrative, included as Attachment C. As the award recipient, your organization must confirm that all costs are allowable before creating any expenses. Pursuant to 2 CFR 2900.1, the approval of the budget as awarded does not constitute prior approval of those items specified in 2 CFR 200 or your grant award as requiring prior approval. The Grant Officer is the only official with the authority to provide such approval.

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8. Return of Funds

Effective October 1st, 2017, the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment & Training Administration will no longer be accepting paper checks for any type of returned funds. All return of funds are to be submitted electronically through the Payment Management System (PMS) operated by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources via the same method as a drawdown.

If there are questions regarding the return of funds or your organization no longer has access to PMS, contact the U.S. Department of Labor/ETA Office of Financial Administration via email at: ETA-ARteam@dol.gov for further assistance.

9. Evaluation, Data, and Implementation

As the award recipient, your organization must cooperate during the implementation of a third-party evaluation. This means providing DOL or its authorized contractor with the appropriate data and access to program operating personnel and participants in a timely manner.

10. Resources and Information

Additional resources and information to assist you are located on the ETA website at <https://www.doleta.gov/grants/resources.cfm> and on the Grants Application and Management collection page located on WorkforceGPS.org at <https://grantsapplicationandmanagement.workforcegps.org/>. These sites contains information about the Uniform Guidance, grant terms and conditions, financial reporting, indirect costs, recipient training resources, and other relevant information.

11. Restrictions

a. Restricted Drawdowns

This award is issued subject to the following special conditions:

1. No Federal funds may be expended or drawn down from the Department of Health and Human Services Payment Management System (PMS).
2. Federal funds for this award will be released upon the receipt, review and approval of the documents cited in the **OTHER REQUIREMENTS** shown below.
3. No Federal funds may be expended or drawn down from the PMS until the recipient has received written approval from ETA in the form of a revised NOA.

b. Other Requirements

REQUIREMENTS (customize to fit situation — a and b are sample language)

c. Restrictions Rescinded

This revision rescinds the restrictions on the award dated [date] restricting the expenditure of funds. All funds that are awarded in the NOA dated [date] are now available for expenditure.

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All terms and conditions from the NOA and email dated [date] sent from [sender] remain in effect.

12. Cost Limitation Restrictions

a. Administrative Costs

i. Discretionary Awards funded under WIOA

Administrative costs under this award follow the definition in the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act at 20 CFR 683.215 There is a []% limitation on administrative costs on funds that are awarded under this grant. Under no circumstances may administrative costs exceed this limit. Recipients will be monitored for complying with the limits of the administrative costs during the entire grant's period of performance. Any amounts found exceeding this limitation at closeout will be disallowed and subject to debt collection.

ii. WIOA formula

Under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, administrative costs are defined and discussed in 20 CFR 683.215. There is a []% limitation on administrative costs on funds that are awarded under this grant. Under no circumstances may the administrative costs exceed this limit. Award recipients will be evaluated based on their compliance to the limits of the administrative costs during close out. Any amounts that exceeds this limitation will be disallowed and subject to debt collection.

iii. SCSEP

The administrative costs under this grant are not to exceed 13.5% of the grant amount. If necessary, certain exceptions can raise this limit to up to 15% of the grant amount, but it would need prior written approval from the Grant Officer. Administrative costs, as defined in the Older Americans Act 2006 Amendments – Section 502(c)(4), are the costs of personnel-related and non-personnel-related and direct and indirect, associated with the following: “(A) The costs of performing general administrative functions and providing for the coordination of functions, such as the costs of— “(i) accounting, budgeting, and financial and cash management; “(ii) procurement and purchasing; (iii) property management; “(iv) personnel management; “(v) payroll functions; “(vi) coordinating the resolution of findings arising from audits, reviews, investigations, and incident reports; (vii) audits; (viii) general legal services; (ix) developing systems and procedures, including information systems, required for administrative functions; (x) preparing administrative reports; and (xi) other activities necessary for the general administration of government funds and associated programs. “(B) The costs of performing oversight and monitoring responsibilities related to administrative functions. (C) The costs of goods and services required for administrative functions of the project involved, including goods and services such as rental or purchase of equipment, utilities, office supplies, postage, and rental and maintenance of office space. (D) The travel costs incurred for official business in carrying out administrative activities or overall management. (E) The costs of information systems related to administrative functions (such as personnel, procurement, purchasing, property management, accounting, and payroll systems), including the purchase, systems development, and operating costs of such systems. (F) The costs of technical assistance,

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professional organization membership dues, and evaluating results obtained by the project involved against stated objectives.

iv. INAP

There is a 15% limitation on administrative costs on funds that are awarded under this grant. If necessary, certain exceptions can raise this limit up to 20% of the grant amount, but would need prior written approval from the Grant Officer. Failure to obtain such prior written approval may result in cost disallowance. Recipients will be monitored for complying with the limits of the administrative costs during the entire grant's period of performance. Any amounts that exceed this limitation at closeout will be disallowed and subject to debt collection.

Administrative costs under this award follow the definition in the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act at 20 CFR 684.820. In addition, the Office of National Programs (ONP) Bulletin 99-003 (dated December 10, 1999) provides further clarification regarding ETA's policy on administrative cost limits for the WIOA Section 166 Program. Additional information is found at (<http://www.doleta.gov/dinap/bulletins/onp9903.cfm>).

b. Budget Flexibility

Federal recipients are not permitted to make transfers that would cause any funds to be used for purposes other than those consistent with this Federal program. Any budget changes that impact the Statement of Work and agreed upon outcomes or deliverables require a request for modification and prior approval from the Grant Officer.

As directed in 2 CFR 200.308(e), for programs where the Federal share is over the simplified acquisition threshold (currently \$150,000), the transfer of funds among direct cost categories or programs, functions and activities is restricted such that if the cumulative amount of such transfers exceeds or is expected to exceed 10 percent of the total budget as last approved by the Federal awarding agency, the recipient must receive prior approval from the Grant Officer. Any changes within a specific cost category on the SF424(a) do not require a grant modification unless the change results in a cumulative transfer among direct cost categories exceeding 10% of total budget as noted above. It is recommended that your assigned FPO review any within-line changes to your budget prior to implementation to ensure they do not require a modification. For programs where the Federal share is below the simplified acquisition threshold, recipients are not required to obtain the Grant Officer's approval when transferring funds among direct cost categories. This includes transferring direct costs to the indirect cost category contained on the SF424 (a).

c. Consultants

For the purposes of this award, the ETA Grant Officer has determined that fees paid to a consultant who provides services under a program shall be limited to \$710 per day (representing an eight hour work day). Any fees paid in excess of this amount cannot be paid without prior approval from the Grant Officer.

d. Travel

This award waives the prior approval requirement for domestic travel as contained in 2 CFR 200.474. For domestic travel to be an allowable cost, it must be necessary, reasonable, allocable

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and conform to the non-Federal entities written policies and procedures. All travel must also comply with Fly America Act (49 USC 40118), which states in part that any air transportation, regardless of price, must be performed by, or under a code-sharing arrangement with, a US Flag air carrier if service provided by such carrier is available.

e. Travel – Foreign

Foreign travel is not allowable except with prior written approval. Prior written approval must be obtained from the Grant Officer through the process described in 2 CFR 200.407 and 2 CFR 2900.16. All travel, both domestic and Grant Officer-approved foreign travel, must comply with the Fly America Act (49 USC 40118), which states in part that any air transportation, regardless of price, must be performed by, or under a code-sharing arrangement with, a US Flag air carrier if service provided by such carrier is available.

f. Travel – Mileage Reimbursement Rates

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.474(a), all award recipients must have policies and procedures in place related to travel costs; however, for reimbursement on a mileage basis, this Federal award cannot be charged more than the maximum allowable mileage reimbursement rates for Federal employees. The 2018 mileage reimbursement rates are:

Modes of Transportation	Effective/Applicability Date	Rate per mile
Privately owned automobile	January 1, 2018	\$0.545
Privately owned motorcycle	January 1, 2018	\$0.515

Mileage rates must be checked annually at www.gsa.gov/mileage to ensure compliance.

g. WIOA Infrastructure

(For WIOA and the programs listed below)

WIOA sec. 121(b)(1)(B) and 20 CFR 678.400 require the following programs to be One-Stop partners: A. WIOA title I programs: Adult, Dislocated Worker, and Youth formula programs; Job Corps; YouthBuild; Native American programs; National Farmworker Jobs Program (NFJP); B. Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service (ES) program authorized under the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.), as amended by WIOA title III; C. Senior Community Service Employment Program (SCSEP) authorized under title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965; D. Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) activities authorized under chapter 2 of title II of the Trade Act of 1974; E. Unemployment Compensation (UC) programs; F. Jobs for Veterans State Grants (JVSG) programs authorized under chapter 41 of title 38, U.S.C.; and G. Reentry Employment Opportunities (REO) programs (formerly known as Reintegration of Ex-Offenders Program (RExO) authorized under sec. 212 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17532) and WIOA sec. 169.

With the exception of Native American programs established under WIOA sec. 166, all One-Stop partner programs including all programs that are funded under title I of WIOA are required to contribute to the infrastructure costs and certain additional costs of the One-Stop delivery system in proportion to their use and relative benefits received as required in 20 CFR 678.700 and 678.760. While Native American programs are not required to contribute to infrastructure

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costs per WIOA 121(h)(2)(D)(iv), they are strongly encouraged to contribute as stated in TEGL 17-16. The sharing and allocation of infrastructure costs between One-Stop partners is governed by WIOA sec. 121(h), WIOA's implementing regulations, and the Federal Cost Principles contained in the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200 and DOL's exceptions at 2 CFR part 2900. The Federal Cost Principles state that a partner's contribution is an allowable, reasonable, necessary, and allocable cost to the program and is consistent with other legal requirements.

13. Administrative Requirements

a. Assurances and Certifications

The signed SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance, has been included as an attachment to this grant. The individual that signed the SF-424 on behalf of the applicant is considered the Authorized Representative of the applicant. As stated in block 21 of the SF-424 form, the signature of the Authorized Representative on the SF-424 certifies that the organization is in compliance with the Assurances and Certifications form SF-424B (available at <http://apply07.grants.gov/apply/forms/sample/SF424B-V1.1.pdf>). You do not need to submit the SF-424B form separately.

b. Audits

Organization-wide or program-specific audits shall be performed in accordance with Subpart F, the Audit Requirements of the Uniform Guidance which apply to audits for fiscal years beginning on or after December 26, 2014. DOL awards recipients including for-profit and foreign entities that expend \$750,000 or more in a year from any Federal awards must have an audit conducted for that year in accordance with the requirements contained in 2 CFR 200.501. OMB's approved exception at 2 CFR 2900.2 expands the definition of 'non-Federal entity' to include for-profit entities and foreign entities. For-profit and foreign entities that are recipients or subrecipients of a DOL award must adhere to the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR 200.

c. Closeout/Final Year Requirements

At the end of the grant period, the award recipient will be required to close the grant with the ETA. As the award recipient, your organization will be notified approximately 15 days prior to the end of the period of performance that the closeout process will begin once the grant ends. The information concerning the recipient's responsibilities at closeout may be found at 2 CFR 200.343. During the closeout process, the grantee must be able to provide documentation for all direct and indirect costs that are incurred. For instance, if an organization is claiming indirect costs, the documentation that is required is a Negotiated Indirect Cost Rate Agreement or Cost Allocation Plan issued by the grantee's Federal cognizant agency. Documentation for those approved to utilize a de minimis rate for indirect costs is demonstrated through the grant agreement. Not having documentation for direct or indirect costs will result in costs being disallowed and subject to debt collection. The only liquidation that can occur during closeout is the liquidation of accrued expenditures (NOT obligations) for goods and/or services received during the grant period (2 CFR 2900.15).

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d. Creative Commons Attributions License

As required at 2 CFR 2900.13, any intellectual property developed under a competitive award process must be licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 (CC BY) license, which allows subsequent users to copy, distribute, transmit and adapt the copyrighted work and attribute the work in the manner specified by the recipient. For general information on CC BY, please visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0>. The Instructions for marking your work with CC BY can be found at http://wiki.creativecommons.org/Marking_your_work_with_a_CC_license.

e. Equipment

Award Recipients must receive **prior approval** from the Grant Officer to purchase any equipment as defined in the Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR 200.33. Equipment purchases must be made in accordance with 2 CFR 200.313 or 2 CFR 200.439.

Being awarded this grant **does not** automatically means you are approved for the equipment specified in a recipient's budget or statement of work unless it is specifically approved by the Grant Officer. If not specified above, the recipient must submit a detailed list describing the purchase to the FPO for review within 90 days of the Notice of Award date. We strongly encourage recipients to submit requests for equipment purchase as early as possible in the grant's period of performance with as many planned pieces of equipment as possible.

Recipients may not purchase equipment in the last funded year of performance which is defined as full program service delivery (not follow up activities), but yet may not be the same as the last twelve months of the period of performance. If any approved acquisition has not occurred prior to the last funded year of performance, approval for that item(s) is rescinded.

f. Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA)

1. Reporting of first-tier subawards.
 - I. *Applicability.* Unless your organization is exempt as provided in paragraph [4.] of this award term, you must report each action that obligates \$25,000 or more in Federal funds that does not include Recovery funds (as defined in section 1512(a)(2) of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. 111-5) for a subaward to an entity (see definitions in paragraph [5.] of this award term).
 - II. *Where and when to report.*
 - I. You must report each obligating action described in paragraph [1.i.] of this award term to <https://www.fsrs.gov>.
 - II. For subaward information, you must report no later than the end of the month following the month in which the obligation was made. (For example, if the obligation was made on November 7, 2010, the obligation must be reported by no later than December 31, 2010.)
 - III. *What to report.* You must report the information about each obligating action that the submission instructions posted at <https://www.fsrs.gov> specify.
2. Reporting Total Compensation of Recipient Executives.
 - I. *Applicability and what to report.* You must report total compensation for each of your five most highly compensated executives for the preceding completed fiscal year, if—

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- I. the total Federal funding authorized to date under this award is \$25,000 or more;
 - II. in the preceding fiscal year, you received—
 - (A) 80 percent or more of your annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and
 - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and
 - III. The public does not have access to information on the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <https://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm>.)
- II. *Where and when to report.* You must report executive total compensation described in paragraph [2.a.] of this award term:
 - a. As part of your registration profile at <http://www.sam.gov>.
 - b. By the end of the month following the month in which this award is made, and annually thereafter.
3. Reporting of Total Compensation of Subrecipient Executives.
 - I. *Applicability and what to report.* Unless you are exempt as provided in paragraph [4.] of this award term, for each first-tier subrecipient under this award, you shall report the names and total compensation of each of the subrecipient's five most highly compensated executives for the subrecipient's preceding completed fiscal year, if—
 - I. in the subrecipient's preceding fiscal year, the subrecipient received—
 - (A) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts) and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act, as defined at 2 CFR 170.320 (and subawards); and
 - (B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal procurement contracts (and subcontracts), and Federal financial assistance subject to the Transparency Act (and subawards); and
 - II. The public does not have access to information on the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <https://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm>.)
 - II. *Where and when to report.* You must report subrecipient executive total compensation described in paragraph [3.a.] of this award term:
 - I. To the recipient.

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- II. By the end of the month following the month during which you make the subaward. For example, if a subaward is obligated on any date during the month of October of a given year (i.e., between October 1 and 31), you must report any required compensation information of the subrecipient by November 30 of that year.

4. Exemptions

If, in the previous tax year, you had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, you are exempt from the requirements to report:

- a. Subawards, and
- b. The total compensation of the five most highly compensated executives of any subrecipient.

5. Definitions.

For purposes of this award term:

- a. *Entity* means all of the following, as defined in 2 CFR part 25:
 - I. A Governmental organization, which is a State, local government, or Indian tribe;
 - II. A foreign public entity;
 - III. A domestic or foreign nonprofit organization;
 - IV. A domestic or foreign for-profit organization;
 - V. A Federal agency, but only as a subrecipient under an award or subaward to a non-Federal entity.
- b. *Executive* means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.
- c. *Subaward*:
 - I. This term is used as a legal instrument to provide support for the performance of any portion of the substantive project or program for which you received this award and that you as the recipient award to an eligible subrecipient.
 - II. The term does not include your procurement of property and services needed to carry out the project or program (for further explanation, see [2 CFR 200.330]).
 - III. A subaward may be provided through any legal agreement, including an agreement that you or a subrecipient considers a contract.
- d. *Subrecipient* means an entity that:
 - I. Receives a subaward from you (the recipient) under this award; and
 - II. Is accountable to you for the use of the Federal funds provided by the subaward.
- e. *Total compensation* means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the recipient's or subrecipient's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):
 - I. *Salary and bonus.*
 - II. *Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights.* Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (Revised 2004) (FAS 123R), Shared Based Payments.
 - III. *Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans.* This does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not

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- discriminate in favor of executives, and are available generally to all salaried employees.
- IV. *Change in pension value.* This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans.
 - V. *Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which is not tax-qualified.*
 - VI. Other compensation, if the aggregate value of all such other compensation (e.g. severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property) for the executive exceeds \$10,000.

g. Intellectual Property Rights

The Federal Government reserves a paid-up, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use for federal purposes: i) the copyright in all products developed under the grant, including a subgrant or contract under the grant or subgrant; and ii) any rights of copyright to which the recipient, subrecipient or a contractor purchases ownership under an award (including but not limited to curricula, training models, technical assistance products, and any related materials). Such uses include, but are not limited to, the right to modify and distribute such products worldwide by any means, electronically or otherwise. Federal funds may not be used to pay any royalty or license fee for use of a copyrighted work, or the cost of acquiring by purchase a copyright in a work, where the Department has a license or rights of free use in such work, although they may be used to pay costs for obtaining a copy which is limited to the developer/seller costs of copying and shipping. If revenues are generated by selling products developed with grant funds, including intellectual property, these revenues are considered as program income. Therefore, program income must be used in accordance with the provisions of this grant award and 2 CFR 200.307.

If applicable, the following needs to be on all products developed in whole or in part with grant funds:

“This workforce product was funded by a grant awarded by the U.S. Department of Labor’s Employment and Training Administration. The product was created by the recipient and does not necessarily reflect the official position of the U.S. Department of Labor. The Department of Labor makes no guarantees, warranties, or assurances of any kind, express or implied, with respect to such information, including any information on linked sites and including, but not limited to, accuracy of the information or its completeness, timeliness, usefulness, adequacy, continued availability, or ownership. This product is copyrighted by the institution that created it.”

h. Intellectual Property Rights and the Bayh-Dole Act

All small business firms, and non-profit organizations (including Institutes of Higher Education) must adhere to the Bayh Dole Act, which requirements are provided at 37 CFR 401.3(a) and at <https://doleta.gov/grants/pdf/BayhDoleGrantTerm.pdf>. To summarize, these requirements describe the ownership of Intellectual Property rights and the government’s nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to use any invention conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the performance of work under this grant. These requirements are in addition to those found in the Intellectual Property Rights term provided in this document.

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i. Personally Identifiable Information

Award recipients must recognize and safeguard personally identifiable information (PII) except where disclosure is allowed by prior written approval of the Grant Officer or by court order. Award recipients must meet the requirements in Training and Employment Guidance letter (TEGL) 39-11, Guidance on the Handling and Protection of Personally Identifiable Information (PII), found at http://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/corr_doc.cfm?DOCN=7872.

j. Pre-Award

All costs incurred by the award recipient prior to the start date specified in the award issued by the Department are ***incurred at the recipient's own expense.***

k. Procurement

(For non-state recipients)

The Uniform Guidance Procurement Standards at 2 CFR 200.317-326 require all award recipients and subrecipients to conduct procurement transactions in a manner that promote practical, open and free competition. If the award recipient specifies the entity that will provide the goods or services in their statement of work, then the DOL ETA's description of award does not provide the justification for such sole-source procurement.

(For State recipients)

The Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 200.317) require States (as defined at 2 CFR 200.90) to follow the same procurement policies and procedures it uses for non-Federal funds. The State will comply with section 200.322 Procurement of recovered *materials* and ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by section 200.326 Contract provisions.

(For State WIOA recipients)

The Uniform Guidance (2 CFR 200.317) require States (as defined at 2 CFR 200.90) to follow the same procurement policies and procedures it uses for non-Federal funds. The state will comply with 200.322 Procurement of recovered *materials* and ensure that every purchase orders or other contract includes any clauses required by section 200.326 Contract provisions. Award recipients must also follow the requirements regarding the competitive award of One-Stop Operators in the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act at WIOA Sec. 121(d) and sec. 123.

l. Program Income

The deduction method as described in 2 CFR 200.307 must be used in allocating any program income generated for this grant award. Award recipients must expend all program income prior to drawing down additional funds as required at 2 CFR 200.305(b)(5) and 2 CFR 200.307(e). Any program income found remaining at the end of period of performance must be returned to the ETA. In addition, recipients must report program income on the quarterly financial report using ETA-9130 form.

YouthBuild program, please refer to 20 CFR 688.590 for guidance on program income.

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m. Publicity

No funds provided under this grant shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes, for the preparation, distribution or use of any kit, pamphlet, booklet, publication, radio, television or film presentation designed to support or defeat legislation pending before the Congress or any state or local legislature or legislative body, except in presentation to the Congress or any state or local legislature itself, or designed to support or defeat any proposed or pending regulation, administrative action, or order issued by the executive branch of any state or local government, except in presentation to the executive branch of any state or local government itself. Nor shall grant funds be used to pay the salary or expenses of any recipient or agent acting for such recipient, related to any activity designed to influence the enactment of legislation, appropriations, regulation, administrative action, or Executive Order proposed or pending before the Congress, or any state government, state legislature, or local legislative body other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships or participation by an agency or officer of a state, local, or tribal government in policymaking and administrative processes within the executive branch of that government.

n. Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters (for awards exceeding \$500,000)

1. If the total value of your currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from all Federal awarding agencies exceeds \$10,000,000 for any period of time during the period of performance of this Federal award, then you as the award recipient during that period of time must maintain the currency of information reported to the System for Award Management (SAM) that is made available in the designated integrity and performance system (currently the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)) about civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings described in paragraph 2 of this award term and condition. This is a statutory requirement under section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313). As required by section 3010 of Public Law 111-212, all information posted in the designated integrity and performance system on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews required for Federal procurement contracts, will be publicly available.
2. Proceedings about which you must report. Submit the information required about each proceeding that:
 - a. Is in connection with the award or performance of a grant, cooperative agreement, or procurement contract from either the Federal Government;
 - b. Reached its final disposition during the most recent 5-year period; and
 - c. Is one of the following:
 - I. A criminal proceeding that resulted in a conviction, as defined in paragraph 5. of this award term
 - II. A civil proceeding that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and paying a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more;
 - III. An administrative proceeding, as defined in paragraph 5. of this award term, that resulted in a finding of fault and liability and your payment of either monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more or a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000; or
 - IV. Any other criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding if:

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- (A) It could have led to an outcome described in paragraph 2.c.I, II, or III of this award term;
 - (B) It had a different disposition arrived at by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault on your part; and
 - (C) The requirement in this award term to disclose information about the proceeding does not conflict with applicable laws and regulations.
3. **Reporting procedures.** Enter in SAM Entity Management area (formerly CCR), or any successor system, the FAPIIS information that SAM requires about each proceeding described in paragraph 2. of this award term. You do not need to submit the information a second time under assistance awards that you received if you already provided the information through SAM (formerly CCR) because you were required to do so under Federal procurement contracts that you were awarded.
4. **Reporting frequency.** During any period of time when you are subject to the requirement in paragraph 1. of this award term, you must report FAPIIS information through SAM no less frequently than semiannually following your initial report of any proceedings for the most recent 5-year period, either to report new information about any proceeding(s) that you have not reported previously or affirm that there is no new information to report.
5. **Definitions.** For purposes of this award term:
- a. Administrative proceeding means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals proceedings). This includes proceedings at the Federal and State level. It does not include audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.
 - b. Conviction, for purposes of this award term, means a judgment or conviction of a criminal offense by any court of competent jurisdiction, whether entered upon a verdict or a plea, and includes a conviction entered upon a plea of nolo contendere.
 - c. Total value of currently active grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts includes —
 - I. Only the Federal share of the funding under any award with a recipient cost share or match; and
 - II. The value of all options, even if not yet exercised.

o. Reports

All ETA recipients are required to submit quarterly financial and narrative progress reports for each grant award.

- A. **Quarterly Financial Reports.** All ETA recipients are required to report quarterly financial data on the ETA-9130 Form. ETA-9130 reports are due no later than 45 calendar days after the end of each specified reporting quarter. Reporting quarter end dates are March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31. A final financial report must be submitted no later than 90 calendar days after the grant period of performance ends. A closeout report will be submitted during the closeout process. For additional guidance

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on ETA's financial reporting, reference Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) 02-16 and https://www.doleta.gov/grants/pdf/ETA-9130_Financial_Reporting_Resources.pdf

The instructions for accessing both the on-line financial reporting system and the HHS Payment Management System can be found in the transmittal memo accompanying this Notice of Award.

B. Quarterly Narrative Progress Reports. Recipients are required to submit a narrative quarterly and final report on grant activities funded under this award. All reports are due no later than 45 calendar days after the end of each specified reporting quarter. Reporting quarter end dates are March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31.

1. The last quarterly progress report that award recipients submit will serve as the grant's Final Performance Report. This report should provide both **quarterly and cumulative** information on the grant's activities. It must summarize project activities, employment outcomes and other deliverables, and related results of the project.
2. The recipient shall use any standard forms and instructions to report on training and employment outcomes and other data relating to the progress reports as provided by ETA.
3. The recipient shall utilize standard reporting processes and electronic reporting systems to submit their quarterly progress reports as provided by ETA.

C. Program Specific Quarterly narrative progress reports

p. Requirements for Conference and Conference Space

Conferences sponsored in whole or in part by the award recipient are allowable if the conference is necessary and reasonable for the successful performance of the Federal Award. Recipients are urged to use discretion and good judgment to ensure that all conference costs charged to the grant are appropriate and allowable. For more information on the requirements and the allowability of costs associated with conferences, refer to 2 CFR 200.432. Recipients will be held accountable to the requirements in 2 CFR 200.432. Therefore, costs that do not comply with 2 CFR 200.432 will be questioned and may be disallowed.

q. Subawards

A *subaward* means an award provided by a pass-through entity to a subrecipient for the subrecipient to carry out part of a Federal award received by the pass-through entity. It does not include payments to a contractor or payments to an individual that is a beneficiary of a Federal program. A subaward may be provided through any form of legal agreement, including an agreement that the pass-through entity considers a contract.

The provisions of the Terms and Conditions of this award will be applied to any subrecipient under this award. The recipient is responsible for monitoring the subrecipient, ensuring that the

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Terms and Conditions are in all subaward packages and that the subrecipient comply with all applicable regulations and the terms and conditions of this award (2 CFR 200.101(b)(1)).

r. Supportive Services & Participant Support Costs

When supportive services are expressly authorized by a program statute, regulation, or FOA, this award waives the prior approval requirement for participant support costs as described in 2 CFR 200.456. Costs must still meet the basic considerations at 2 CFR 200.402 – 200.411. Questions regarding supportive services and participant support costs should be directed to the FPO who is assigned to the grant.

s. System for Award Management

1. Requirement for System of Award Management (SAM)

Unless you are exempt from this requirement under 2 CFR 25.110, you as the award recipient must maintain the currency of your information in the SAM until you submit the final financial report required under this award or receive the final payment, whichever is later. This requires that you review and update the information at least annually after the initial registration, and more frequently if required by changes in your information or another award term.

2. Requirement for unique entity identifier

If you are authorized to make subawards under this award, you:

- i. Must notify potential subrecipients that no entity (*see* definition in paragraph [3] of this award term) may receive a subaward from you unless the entity has provided its unique entity identifier to you.
- ii. May not make a subaward to an entity unless the entity has provided its unique entity identifier to you.

3. Definitions

For purposes of this award term:

- i. *System of Award Management (SAM)* is the Federal repository where award recipients register to do business with the U.S. government. Additional information about registration procedures may be found at the SAM Internet site (currently at <http://www.sam.gov>).
- ii. *Unique entity identifier* means the code that is unique to a registered entity in order to complete its registration on SAM.
- iii. *Entity*, as it is used in this award term, means all of the following, as defined at 2 CFR part 25, subpart C:
 - a. A Governmental organization, which is a State, local government, or Indian Tribe;
 - b. A foreign public entity;
 - c. A domestic or foreign nonprofit organization;
 - d. A domestic or foreign for-profit organization; and
 - e. A Federal agency, but only as a subrecipient under an award or subaward to a non-Federal entity.
- iv. *Subaward*:
 - a. This term means a legal instrument to provide support for the performance of any portion of the substantive project or program for which you received this award and that you as the recipient award to an eligible subrecipient.
 - b. The term does not include your procurement of property and services needed to carry out the project or program (for further explanation, see 2 CFR 200.330).

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c. A subaward may be provided through any legal agreement, including an agreement that you consider a contract.

v. *Subrecipient* means an entity that:

- a. Receives a subaward from you under this award; and
- b. Is accountable to you for the use of the Federal funds provided by the subaward.

t. Vendor/Contractor

The term “contractor”, sometimes referred to as a vendor, is a dealer, distributor, merchant or other seller providing goods or services that are required to implement a Federal program. (2 CFR 200.23) These goods or services may be for an organization's own use or for the use of the beneficiaries of the Federal program. Additional guidance on distinguishing between a subrecipient and a contractor (vendor) is provided in 2 CFR 200.330. When procuring contractors for goods and services, DOL ETA recipients and subrecipients must follow the procurement requirements 2 CFR 200.319, which calls for free and open competition.

14. Program Requirements

The Funding Opportunity Announcement contains the program requirements for this award.

15. 2018 Federal Appropriations Requirements

a. Buy American Notice

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division E, Title VI, Section 606 and 607, by drawing down funds, the recipient agrees to comply with sections 8301 through 8303 of title 41, United States Code (commonly known as the “Buy American Act”). Additionally, no funds may be made available to any person or entity that has been convicted of violating the Buy American Act.

For the purposes of this award, the Buy American Act requires the recipient to use, with limited exceptions, only 1) unmanufactured items that have been mined or produced in the United States; and 2) manufactured items that have been manufactured in the United States substantially all from articles, materials, or supplies that were mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States.

These exceptions do not apply to 1) items for use outside of the United States, 2) items that are not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities and are not of a satisfactory quality; and 3) manufactured items procured under any contract with an award value that is less than the micro-purchase threshold (currently \$3,500). In order to claim an exception under options 1 or 2, the recipient must get prior approval from the Grant Officer. Prior approval is not needed for purchases under the micro-purchase threshold.

b. Fair Labor Standards Act Amendment for Major Disasters

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title I, Section 109, additional language will be applied to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 in the “Maximum Hours Worked” section. This language

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specifically relates to occurrences of a major disaster (as designated by the State or Federal government) and are applied for a period of two years afterwards. The language is as follows:

“(s)(1) The provisions of this section [maximum hours worked] shall not apply for a period of 2 years after the occurrence of a major disaster to any employee—

“(A) employed to adjust or evaluate claims resulting from or relating to such major disaster, by an employer not engaged, directly or through an affiliate, in underwriting, selling, or marketing property, casualty, or liability insurance policies or contracts;

“(B) who receives from such employer on average weekly compensation of not less than \$591.00 per week or any minimum weekly amount established by the Secretary, whichever is greater, for the number of weeks such employee is engaged in any of the activities described in subparagraph (C); and

“(C) whose duties include any of the following:

“(i) interviewing insured individuals, individuals who suffered injuries or other damages or losses arising from or relating to a disaster, witnesses, or physicians;

“(ii) inspecting property damage or reviewing factual information to prepare damage estimates;

“(iii) evaluating and making recommendations regarding coverage or compensability of claims or determining liability or value aspects of claims;

“(iv) negotiating settlements; or

“(v) making recommendations regarding litigation.

“(2) The exemption in this subsection shall not affect the exemption provided by section 13(a)(1).

“(3) For purposes of this subsection—

“(A) the term ‘major disaster’ means any disaster or catastrophe declared or designated by any State or Federal agency or department;

“(B) the term ‘employee employed to adjust or evaluate claims resulting from or relating to such major disaster’ means an individual who timely secured or secures a license required by applicable law to engage in and perform the activities described in clauses (i) through (v) of paragraph (1)(C) relating to a major disaster, and is employed by an employer that maintains worker compensation insurance coverage or protection for its employees, if required by applicable law, and withholds applicable Federal, State, and local income and payroll taxes from the wages, salaries and any benefits of such employees; and

“(C) the term ‘affiliate’ means a company that, by reason of ownership or control of 25 percent or more of the outstanding shares of any class of voting securities of one or more companies, directly or indirectly, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, another company.”

c. Health Benefits Coverage for Contraceptives

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division E, Title VII, Section 726, Federal funds may not be used to enter into or renew a contract which includes a provision for drug coverage unless the contract includes a provision for contraceptive coverage. Exemptions to this requirement apply to contracts with 1) the religious plans of Personal Care’s HMO and OSF HealthPlans, Inc. and 2) any existing or future plan if the carrier for the plan objects to such coverage on the basis of religious beliefs.

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In implementing this section, any plan that enters into or renews a contract may not subject any individual to discrimination on the basis that the individual refuses to prescribe or otherwise provide for contraceptives because such activities would be contrary to the individuals' religious beliefs or moral convictions. Nothing in this term shall be construed to require coverage of abortion or abortion related services.

d. Participant Minimum Age

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title I, Section 104, these funds must only be used: 1) for training individuals and for the related activities necessary to support such training, 2) for training individuals in the occupations and industries for which employers are using H-1B visas to hire foreign workers, and 3) to serve individuals who are older than 16 years of age and who are not currently enrolled in a school with a local educational agency.

e. Privacy Act

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division E, Title VII, Section 732, no funds can be used in contravention of the 5 USC 552a (Privacy Act) or regulations implementing of the Privacy Act.

f. Prohibition on Contracting with Corporations with Felony Criminal Convictions

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division E, Title VII, Section 746, the recipient may not knowingly enter into a contract, memorandum of understanding, or cooperative agreement with, make a grant to, or provide a loan or loan guarantee to, any corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

g. Prohibition on Contracting with Corporations with Unpaid Tax Liabilities

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division E, Title VII, Section 745, the recipient may not knowingly enter into a contract, memorandum of understanding, or cooperative agreement with, make a grant to, or provide a loan or loan guarantee to, any corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

h. Prohibition on Procuring Goods Obtained Through Child Labor

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title I, Section 103, no funds may be obligated or expended for the procurement of goods mined, produced, manufactured, or harvested or services rendered, in whole or in part, by forced or indentured child labor in industries and host countries identified by the DOL prior to December 18, 2015. DOL has identified these goods and services here: <http://www.dol.gov/ilab/reports/child-labor/list-of-products/index-country.htm> .

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i. Prohibition on Providing Federal Funds to ACORN

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Section 522, these funds may not be provided to the Association of Community Organizations for Reform Now (ACORN), or any of its affiliates, subsidiaries, allied organizations or successors.

j. Reporting of Waste, Fraud and Abuse

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division E, Title VII, Section 743, no entity receiving federal funds may require employees or contractors of such entity seeking to report fraud, waste, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or contractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

k. Requirement for Blocking Pornography

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Section 521, no Federal funds may be used to maintain or establish a computer network unless such network blocks the viewing, downloading, and exchanging of pornography.

l. Requirement to Provide Certain Information in Public Communications

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Section 505, when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal money, all non-Federal entities receiving Federal funds shall clearly state:

1. The percentage of the total costs of the program or project which will be financed with Federal money;
2. The dollar amount of Federal funds for the project or program; and
3. The percentage and dollar amount of the total costs of the project or program that will be financed by non-governmental sources.

The requirements of this part are separate from those in the 2 CFR 200 and, when appropriate, both must be complied with.

m. Restriction on Health Benefits Coverage for Abortions

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Sections 506 and 507, Federal funds may not be expended for health benefits coverage that includes coverage of abortions, except when the abortion due to a pregnancy that is the result of rape or incest, or in the case where a woman suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, including life-endangering physical conditions caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself that would, as certified by a physician, place the women in danger of death unless and abortion is performed. This restriction does not prohibit any non-Federal entity from providing health benefits coverage for abortions when all funds for that specific benefit do not come from a Federal source. Additionally, no funds made available through this award may be provided to a State or local government if such government subjects

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any institutional or individual health care entity to discrimination on the basis that the health care entity does not provide, pay for, provide coverage of, or refer for abortions.

n. Restriction on Lobbying/Advocacy

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Section 503, no federal funds may be used by a grant recipient, other than for normal and recognized executive-legislative relationships, to engage in lobbying or advocacy activities related to the enactment of federal, state, or local legislation, regulation, appropriations, order, or other administrative action, except in presentation to Congress or a State or local legislature itself or for participation by an agency or officer of a State, local or tribal government in policymaking and administrative processes within the executive branch of that government.

o. Restriction on the Promotion of Drug Legalization

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Section 509, no Federal funds shall be used for any activity that promotes the legalization of any drug or other substance included in schedule I of the schedules of controlled substances established under section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act except for normal recognized executive-congressional communications or where the grant agreement provides for such use because there is significant medical evidence of a therapeutic advantage to the use of such drug or other substance.

p. Restriction on Purchase of Sterile Needles or Syringes

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title V, Section 520, no Federal funds shall be used to purchase sterile needles or syringes for the hypodermic injection of any illegal drug.

q. Salary and Bonus Limitations

Pursuant to P.L. 115-141, Division H, Title I, Section 105 Recipients and subrecipients shall not use funds to pay the salary and bonuses of an individual, either as direct costs or as indirect costs, at a rate in excess of Executive Level II. The Executive Level II salary may change yearly and is located on the OPM.gov website (<http://www.opm.gov/policy-data-oversight/pay-leave/salaries-wages/2016/executive-senior-level>). The salary and bonus limitation does not apply to contractors (vendors) providing goods and services as defined in 2 CFR 200.330. Where States are recipients of such funds, States may establish a lower limit for salaries and bonuses of those receiving salaries and bonuses from subrecipients of such funds, taking into account factors including the relative cost-of-living in the State, the compensation levels for comparable State or local government employees, and the size of the organizations that administer Federal programs involved including Employment and Training Administration programs. See Training and Employment Guidance Letter No. 5-06 for further clarification, available at http://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/corr_doc.cfm?DOCN=2262

16. Public Policy

a. Architectural Barriers

The Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4151 et seq., as amended, the Federal Property Management Regulations (see 41 CFR 102-76), and the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards

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issued by GSA (see 36 CFR 1191, Appendixes C and D) set forth requirements to make facilities accessible to, and usable by, the physically handicapped and include minimum design standards. All new facilities designed or constructed with grant support must comply with these requirements.

b. Drug-Free Workplace

The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. 702 *et seq.*, and 2 CFR 182 require that all organizations receiving grants from any Federal agency maintain a drug-free workplace. The award recipient must notify the awarding office if an employee of the recipient is convicted of violating a criminal drug statute. Failure to comply with these requirements may be cause for suspension or debarment.

c. Executive Orders

12928: Pursuant to Executive Order 12928, the recipient is strongly encouraged to provide subcontracting/subgranting opportunities to Historically Black Colleges and Universities and other Minority Institutions such as Hispanic-Serving Institutions and Tribal Colleges and Universities; and to Small Businesses Owned and Controlled by Socially and Economically Disadvantaged Individuals.

13043: Pursuant to Executive Order 13043, Increasing Seat Belt Use in the United States, dated April 16, 1997, recipients are encouraged to adopt and enforce on-the-job seat belt policies and programs for their employees when operating company-owned, rented, or personally owned vehicles.

13166: As clarified by Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, dated August 11, 2000, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, recipients must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to programs in accordance with DOL's Policy Guidance on the Prohibition of National Origin Discrimination as it Affects Persons with Limited English Proficiency [05/29/2003] Volume 68, Number 103, Page 32289-32305. Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Recipients are encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance and information regarding your LEP obligations, go to <http://www.lep.gov>.

13513: Pursuant to Executive Order 13513, Federal Leadership On Reducing Text Messaging While Driving, dated October 1, 2009, recipients and subrecipients are encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving company-owned or -rented vehicles or GOV, or while driving POV when on official Government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the Government. Recipients and subrecipients are also encouraged to conduct initiatives of the type described in section 3(a) of this order.

d. Flood Insurance

The Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*, provides that no Federal financial assistance to acquire, modernize, or construct property may be provided in

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communities in the United States identified as flood -prone , unless the community participates in the National Flood Insurance Program and flood insurance is purchased within 1 year of the identification. The flood insurance purchase requirement applies to both public and private applicants for the DOL support. Lists of flood-prone areas that are eligible for flood insurance are published in the Federal Register by FEMA.

e. Hotel-Motel Fire Safety

Pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 2225a, the recipient must ensure that all space for conferences, and, conventions or training seminars funded in whole or in part with federal funds complies with the protection and control guidelines of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act (P.L. 101-391, as amended). Recipients may search the Hotel Motel National Master List at <https://apps.usfa.fema.gov/hotel/> to see if a property is in compliance, or to find other information about the Act.

f. Prohibition on Trafficking in Persons

1. Trafficking in persons.

a. Provisions applicable to a recipient that is a private entity.

I. You as the recipient, your employees, subrecipients under this award, and subrecipients' employees may not—

- (A). Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect;
- (B). Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect; or
- (C). Use forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.

II. We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if you or a subrecipient that is a private entity —

- (A). Is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term; or
- (B). Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term through conduct that is either—
 - i. Associated with performance under this award; or
 - ii. Imputed to you or the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),” as implemented by our agency at 2 CFR Part 2998.

b. Provision applicable to a recipient other than a private entity. We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if a subrecipient that is a private entity—

I. Is determined to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term; or

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II. Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term through conduct that is either—

- (A). Associated with performance under this award; or
- (B). Imputed to the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, “OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement),” as implemented by our agency at 29 CFR Part 98.

c. Provisions applicable to any recipient.

I. You must inform us immediately of any information you receive from any source alleging a violation of a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term.

II. Our right to terminate unilaterally that is described in paragraph a.2 or b of this section:

- (A). Implements section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA), as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)), and
- (B). Is in addition to all other remedies for noncompliance that are available to us under this award.

III. You must include the requirements of paragraph a.1 of this award term in any subaward you make to a private entity.

d. Definitions. For purposes of this award term:

I. “Employee” means either:

- (A). An individual employed by you or a subrecipient who is engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award; or
- (B). Another person engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award and not compensated by you including, but not limited to, a volunteer or individual whose services are contributed by a third party as an in-kind contribution toward cost sharing or matching requirements.

II. “Forced labor” means labor obtained by any of the following methods: the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

III. “Private entity”:

- (A). Means any entity other than a State, local government, Indian tribe, or foreign public entity, as those terms are defined in 2 CFR 175.25.
- (B). Includes:
 - i. A nonprofit organization, including any nonprofit institution of higher education, hospital, or tribal organization other than one included in the definition of Indian tribe at 2 CFR 175.25(b).
 - ii. A for-profit organization.

IV. “Severe forms of trafficking in persons,” “commercial sex act,” and “coercion” have the meanings given at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102).

g. Veterans’ Priority Provisions

The Jobs for Veterans Act (Public Law 107-288) requires recipients to provide priority service to veterans and spouses of certain veterans for the receipt of employment, training, and

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placement services in any job training program directly funded, in whole or in part, by the DOL. The regulations implementing this priority of service can be found at 20 CFR part 1010. In circumstances where a grant recipient must choose between two qualified candidates for a service, one of whom is a veteran or eligible spouse, the veterans priority of service provisions require that the grant recipient give the veteran or eligible spouse priority of service by first providing him or her that service. To obtain priority of service, a veteran or spouse must meet the program's eligibility requirements. Recipients must comply with the DOL guidance on veterans' priority. ETA's Training and Employment Guidance Letter (TEGL) No. 10-09 (issued November 10, 2009) provides guidance on implementing priority of service for veterans and eligible spouses in all qualified job training programs funded in whole or in part by DOL. TEGL No. 10-09 is available at http://wdr.doleta.gov/directives/corr_doc.cfm?DOCN=2816.

17. Attachments

Attachment A:
Attachment B:
Attachment C:
Attachment D:
Attachment E: