

**Maximum Fiscal Year (FY) 2024 Unemployment Insurance (UI) Reemployment Services
and Eligibility Assessment (RESEA) Grant Awards by State**

State	FY 2023 Maximum Base Award	FY 2024 Maximum Base Award
Alaska	\$976,805	\$927,965
Alabama	\$1,331,818	\$1,486,062
Arkansas	\$1,833,366	\$1,741,698
Arizona	\$3,456,202	\$3,856,480
California	\$73,425,432	\$75,159,489
Colorado	\$4,245,787	\$4,904,982
Connecticut	\$4,747,346	\$5,160,870
District of Columbia	\$989,457	\$939,984
Delaware	\$781,725	\$797,435
Florida	\$8,590,888	\$8,534,144
Georgia	\$8,722,221	\$8,579,024
Hawaii	\$1,740,097	\$1,653,092
Iowa	\$2,286,673	\$2,368,497
Idaho	\$854,647	\$953,628
Illinois	\$14,257,704	\$16,471,336
Indiana	\$5,279,245	\$5,015,283
Kansas	\$1,503,927	\$1,428,731
Kentucky	\$2,148,222	\$2,040,811
Louisiana	\$3,416,566	\$3,245,738
Massachusetts	\$9,234,672	\$10,304,181
Maryland	\$4,737,192	\$4,500,332
Maine	\$1,047,196	\$1,055,349
Michigan	\$9,945,034	\$9,841,335
Minnesota	\$8,441,708	\$8,604,310
Missouri	\$3,434,033	\$3,415,702
Mississippi	\$1,637,413	\$1,555,542
Montana	\$883,962	\$986,338
North Carolina	\$5,241,037	\$4,978,985
North Dakota	\$498,400	\$499,696
Nebraska	\$676,165	\$754,475
New Hampshire	\$1,572,640	\$498,400
New Jersey	\$18,235,951	\$20,347,939
New Mexico	\$2,063,228	\$1,960,067

State	FY 2023 Maximum Base Award	FY 2024 Maximum Base Award
Nevada	\$3,950,240	\$3,752,728
New York	\$28,924,536	\$29,636,360
Ohio	\$7,201,459	\$8,035,493
Oklahoma	\$2,785,562	\$2,646,284
Oregon	\$5,587,257	\$5,577,831
Pennsylvania	\$15,444,142	\$16,334,610
Puerto Rico	\$3,162,902	\$3,653,970
Rhode Island	\$1,703,082	\$1,875,702
South Carolina	\$2,841,326	\$2,699,260
South Dakota	\$498,400	\$498,400
Tennessee	\$3,170,878	\$3,012,334
Texas	\$20,923,017	\$23,346,206
Utah	\$2,094,873	\$2,064,137
Virginia	\$4,062,585	\$3,859,456
Virgin Islands	\$498,400	\$498,400
Vermont	\$840,838	\$798,796
Washington	\$9,632,979	\$9,770,996
Wisconsin	\$5,563,197	\$5,285,037
West Virginia	\$1,441,667	\$1,567,700
Wyoming	\$498,400	\$498,400

Projected state funding allocations for FY 2024 include application of the hold harmless and minimum funding provisions described in the final funding allocation methodology announced in the *Federal Register* on August 8, 2019 ([84 Fed. Reg. 39,018](#)) and described in Section 4.b.i. of this UIPL.

In FYs 2021 and 2022, the Department, under the Congressional notification process described in Section 306(g), SSA, changed the base funding formula to delay implementation of the carry-over provision to FY 2023 at a temporarily increased carry-over limit of 60 percent. Training and Employment Notice No. 23-22 further clarified that any reductions to state funding resulting from exceeding the carry-over limit occur in the year following the occurrence of the carry-over, rather than concurrently. Lastly, the Department informed Congress on December 11, 2023 of additional permanent modifications to the Department's implementation of the carry-over limitation. This permanent modification clarifies that a state's carry-over will be assessed based on the expenditure of funds awarded the FY before the preceding FY. Applying the applicable formula changes described above, any adjustments to FY 2024 allocations due to carry-over are based on initial FY 2021 RESEA state base fund awards that were carried-over into FY 2023, i.e., as of September 30, 2023 exceeding 60 percent of the state's initial based funding award.

These provided projected funding allocations reflect the final formula, including all applicable revisions identified above, and represent the maximum funding a state may request to support its FY 2024 RESEA activities. States are strongly encouraged to take advantage of available funding to further build and expand their RESEA program capacity (see Section 4.b. of this UIPL for additional information). However, the state may request a lesser amount based on capacity, projected need, and other factors.

States that did not receive an increase from the FY 2023 allocations were subject to the formula's minimum funding provision. The funding for these states was increased from their formula-based allocations to the minimum funding level of \$498,400.