Sampling Procedures for EUC Claims Work Search Audits

EUC Payment File

- 1. Create a file of all EUC claims paid during the week beginning 12:01 am on Sunday and ending 11:59 pm on Saturday. The minimum data elements in the file are:
 - Claimant's Social Security Number (SSN);
 - Amount paid to the claimant (must be \geq \$1);
 - Week ending date of the week in which the agency issued the payment (not the week ending date of the week claimed). Format is MM/DD/YYYY; and
 - State may include additional data elements for control or identification (optional).
- 2. Sort the file created in step 1 by: a) amount paid (ascending), and b) the last four digits of the claimant's SSN (ascending).
- 3. Assign a case number from 1 to the total number of records in the sorted file (N).
- 4. The Department of Labor has developed a spreadsheet sampling tool. It can be downloaded from http://ows.doleta.gov/unemploy/docs/wsaudit-06-25-2012.xls. The spreadsheet is designed to be used in conjunction with the file created in steps 1 to 3. The file created in steps 1 to 3 is external to the spreadsheet; that is, the cases <u>are not</u> imported into the spreadsheet.
 - Enter the week ending date for the payment file created in steps 1 to 3 using the dropdown menu.
 - Enter the number of records in the file created in steps 1 to 3 in column B on the row "Enter Population." This will equal N (from step 3).
 - Enter the sample size between 50 and 1,500 cases. If the number of records in the file created in steps 1 to 3 is less than 50, audit all the records; if more than 1,500, audit a sample of 1,500.
- 5. The spreadsheet will retrieve the random number for the week ending date, calculate the skip interval, and display the case numbers of the EUC payments randomly selected.
- 6. Cases are selected using systematic selection.
 - A skip interval (i) = N / n is calculated, where N is the number of records in the EUC payment file created in step 1 and n is the requested sample size.
 - The first case (n₁) is selected by multiplying the skip interval (i) by the random number (r); the result is rounded to the nearest integer.
 - The next (n-1) cases are selected by: $[n_1 + (j \times i)]$, where j = 1, 2... (n-1); the results are rounded to the nearest integer.
- 7. Query the file created in steps 1 to 3 and select the records corresponding to the case numbers selected by the spreadsheet in step 5 (in the column labeled "Case Number"). These are the cases you will audit.