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**FY 2023 Grant Allotments**

The funding authorized for foreign labor certification state grants in the *Consolidated Appropriation Act, 2023* was allocated to the SWAs as described below:

1. Base Allocation (\$13,813,250): With limited exceptions, a base allocation was allocated to each SWA commensurate with its base allocation for the previous fiscal year and the level of obligations made under its active foreign labor certification grants. The exceptions are comprised of SWAs meeting each of the following criteria:
  - a. the SWA processed an annual average of less than five clearance orders attached to H-2A applications during the three most recently completed fiscal years (FY 2020-2022);
  - b. the SWA processed an annual average of less than five H-2B job orders during the three most recently completed fiscal years; and,
  - c. an annual average of less than five housing units were identified on clearance orders attached to H-2A applications processed by the SWA during the three most recently completed fiscal years.

In circumstances where a SWA's workload met all three of these aforementioned factors, the SWA was allocated \$5,000 to support the costs associated with processing this minimal level of foreign labor certification workload. The SWAs meeting these criteria were the District of Columbia, Guam, and the Virgin Islands.

2. Ongoing Workload Allocation (\$9,468,750): In addition to its base allocation, each SWA, except those meeting the criteria described above, was allocated an additional ongoing allocation based on its share of the national foreign labor certification workload. Each SWA's additional ongoing allocation was determined in the following manner:
  - a. One-third of the additional allocation was based on each SWA's proportion of the estimated national H-2A housing inspection workload. This was defined as the total number of housing units identified on clearance orders attached to H-2A applications processed during the three most recently completed fiscal years (FY 2020-2022) and located in the jurisdiction of the SWA divided by the total number of housing units identified on clearance orders attached to H-2A applications processed by all SWAs during the three most recently completed fiscal years.
  - b. Two-thirds of the additional allocation was based on each SWA's share of the national workload associated with reviewing and posting H-2A and H-2B job orders during the three most recently completed fiscal years (FY 2020 – 2022).

- Seventy percent of this two-thirds amount was allocated based on each SWA's share of the total clearance orders attached to H-2A applications processed during the three most recently completed fiscal years (FY 2020 – 2022). For example, if SWA 1 processed five percent of the total nationwide clearance orders attached to H-2A applications processed during the three most recently completed fiscal years, then SWA 1 would receive five percent of the funding allocated on this basis. Because SWA reviews of clearance orders attached to H-2A applications have significantly more complex regulatory requirements than SWA reviews of H-2B job orders, a higher percentage of the available resources were allocated on the basis of clearance orders attached to H-2A applications than on H-2B job orders.
  - The remaining thirty percent of the two-thirds amount was allocated based on each SWA's share of the total H-2B job orders processed during the three most recently completed fiscal years (FY 2020 – 2022). For example, if SWA 1 processed five percent of the total nationwide H-2B job orders processed during the three most recent fiscal years, then SWA 1 would receive five percent of the funding allocated based on H-2B job orders.
3. Total Grant Allocation: The combined total of each SWA's base allocation and ongoing workload allocation comprises the SWA's total FY 2023 grant award.
  4. Data Sources: The data sources used to support the funding allocations are available in the OFLC disclosure data published at [www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/foreign-labor/performance](http://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/foreign-labor/performance). Housing unit data was derived from Form ETA-790A, Addendum B. Data from the three most recently completed fiscal years was used for the workload factors to more accurately reflect long-term trends.

**FY 2023 Funding Level: \$23,282,000**

*\*The funding amount below **must** be indicated on the SF-424 and SF-424A for FY 2023*

	Total FY 2023 Grant:
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$23,282,000</b>
Alabama	\$198,879
Alaska	\$96,661
Arizona	\$341,198
Arkansas	\$333,026
California	\$2,186,241
CNMI	\$67,192
Colorado	\$488,338
Connecticut	\$296,022
Delaware	\$81,657
District of Columbia	\$5,000
Florida	\$1,179,451
Georgia	\$831,118
Guam	\$5,000
Hawaii	\$66,973
Idaho	\$731,842
Illinois	\$436,454
Indiana	\$192,915
Iowa	\$361,216
Kansas	\$237,017
Kentucky	\$723,053
Louisiana	\$730,663
Maine	\$367,961
Maryland	\$517,190
Massachusetts	\$381,000
Michigan	\$592,316
Minnesota	\$265,533
Mississippi	\$422,437
Missouri	\$266,293
Montana	\$451,055
Nebraska	\$225,991
Nevada	\$347,181
New Hampshire	\$89,738
New Jersey	\$508,649
New Mexico	\$114,960
New York	\$1,752,806
North Carolina	\$954,759
North Dakota	\$446,642

	Total FY 2023 Grant:
Ohio	\$434,065
Oklahoma	\$179,214
Oregon	\$403,860
Pennsylvania	\$570,695
Puerto Rico	\$64,559
Rhode Island	\$85,431
South Carolina	\$339,281
South Dakota	\$250,589
Tennessee	\$435,478
Texas	\$978,916
Utah	\$296,895
Vermont	\$176,804
Virgin Islands	\$5,000
Virginia	\$565,203
Washington	\$664,713
West Virginia	\$62,958
Wisconsin	\$219,506
Wyoming	\$174,406
Online Wage Library	\$80,000