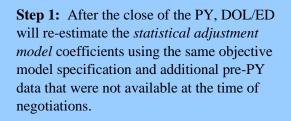
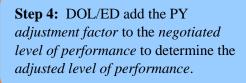
Determining Performance Success or Failure



Step 2: DOL/ED apply the revised coefficients to the same pre-program year participant characteristics and economic conditions used in calculating the estimated levels of performance for performance negotiations prior to the program year (Estimate₀).

Step 3: DOL/ED apply the revised coefficients to the actual participant characteristics and actual economic conditions of the PY to generate the program year estimate (Estimate₁). The positive or negative percentage point difference yielded by subtracting Estimate₀ from Estimate₁ is the PY *adjustment factor*.



Step 5: The actual results from the PY are then divided by *the <u>adjusted</u> level of performance* to determine the *individual indicator scores*.

Performance Failure occurs if any *individual indicator score* is below 50%.

Step 6: The average of *individual indicator scores* across WIOA core programs is the *overall state program score*.

Performance Failure occurs if any *overall state program score* is below 90%.

Step 7: The average of *individual indicator scores* for a single WIOA core program across performance indicators is the *overall state indicator score*.

Performance Failure occurs if any *overall state indicator score* is below 90%.