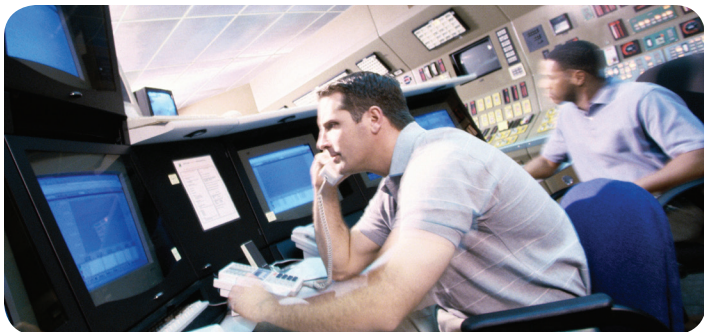


WORKFORCE SYSTEM RESULTS

For the Quarter ending June 30, 2014 | Fourth Quarter of Program Year 2013 | Third Quarter of Fiscal Year 2014



EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

The Employment and Training Administration (ETA) provides this overview of performance results for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2014. The programs highlighted reinforce ETA's commitment to good jobs for everyone—helping people find good jobs and connecting employers to qualified workers. This commitment supports the Department of Labor's strategic goals of preparing workers for good jobs and ensuring fair compensation, safe and healthy workplaces, health benefits and high quality work-life environments; and providing income security for those not working as well as fostering fair working conditions in the global marketplace.

In the four quarters ending June 30, 2014, ETA programs documented their services to over 28 million participants within their respective programs. This is a reduction of nearly 3 million in the past four quarters with the majority of this difference reflected in Unemployment Insurance and Wagner-Peyser Employment Service. Although this is good news, the overall high level of participants in all programs reflects a continued need for temporary income support, training and employment services including job search assistance. The spotlight in this edition features a success story from the Alaska Dislocated Worker Training National Emergency Grant (DWT-NEG), funds that provided necessary supports for many dislocated workers throughout Alaska, and strengthened Alaska's ability to deliver critical work based learning and training to the long-term unemployed. Justin W. was able to gain credentials and earn a position as a temporary dispatch with the Waste Water Utility/Municipal of Anchorage making \$31.43 per hour, and eventually earned a permanent position, through support from DWT-NEG funds.

Other highlights to note in this report are: 1) The National Farmworker Jobs Program (NFJP) exceeded its previous year's Entered Employment Rate (EER) by 2.6 percentage points from 85.5 percent to 88.1 percent, as well as increased their Employment Retention Rate (ERR) from 83.1 to 85.6 percent and Six Month's Average Earnings from \$10,533 to 10,855; 2) Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Adult participants who received training services had a 15 percentage point higher EER than those in the overall EER, at 76.1 percent compared to 61.1 percent; and 3) the Registered Apprenticeship Six Months' Average Earnings for program completers was \$29,964, which is \$5,577 more than that of all Registered Apprenticeship program exiters, which shows it pays to stay and complete the program.

In general, this overview presents program outcomes and results for the four quarters compared to the same four quarters in the prior year. Although many programs report common performance measures outcomes, several programs have specific performance measures. A glossary of performance measures, included in this overview, provides the performance measure definitions for each program. Common performance measures, applicable to many of ETA's programs, focus on obtaining employment, retaining employment, earnings in a six-month period, and acquiring industry recognized credentials to ensure that the nation's youth, adults, and dislocated workers have the skills necessary to succeed in a global environment.

For further information about this overview, please contact ETA's Office of Policy Development and Research at (202) 693-3700. An electronic version is available at www.doleta.gov/performance.

Thomas E. Perez
Secretary of Labor



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Quarterly Spotlight

Alaska Dislocated Worker Training National Emergency Grant (DWT-NEG)



Certification as a waste water treatment operator put an end to underemployment for Justin W. and helped him secure his dream job.

many success stories, including that of Justin W. Justin was referred to the Career Support and Training by Plumbers and Pipefitters. He was indentured as a first-year apprentice to specialize in HVAC, however needed more training. Through working with his case manager, Justin was able to access tools and training services. However, he was unable to immediately find steady employment as a HVAC apprentice.

Through his own research, Justin found that it was possible to study on his own and get certified as a waste water treatment operator. With this certification and a commercial driver's license (CDL), he could be dispatched through the union to the local water utility. While he would have to start as a temporary dispatch, soon after he would be eligible to be transitioned to a full time position. This was an especially hard time for Justin and his family as his wife also became unemployed during this time, however, he persisted and worked with

In 2012, Alaska's WIA Dislocated Worker (DLW) department received \$1.2 million in Dislocated Worker Training National Emergency Grant (DWT-NEG) funds to expand training opportunities to dislocated workers. The federal funding supports on-the-job training, registered apprenticeships, and other approaches that connect dislocated workers with employers. These services are targeted to those experiencing prolonged unemployment. The DWT-NEG was initially projected to enroll 100 participants throughout the life of the grant; however at the end of Program Year 2013, 143 participants were enrolled and approximately half of the funds expended.

The high enrollment rate included

his case manager to gain funding for his CDL with DWT-NEG funds, contingent on his passing the other certification tests. Justin was able to successfully complete both the CDL training and a second year of school. Then it was just waiting to be dispatched to the water utility. One day soon after, as Justin was about to leave for a regular dispatch to Shemya, he saw he missed a call. It was the call he was waiting for, to finally be given a position as a temporary dispatch with the water utility. A few weeks later Justin gained a full time dispatch position making \$31.43 per hour.

The DWT-NEG funds provided necessary supports for many dislocated workers throughout Alaska, and strengthened the department's ability to deliver critical work based learning and training to the long-term unemployed. Dislocated workers are defined as those who have been unemployed for 27 weeks or more. In Alaska, funds are administered through the Employment Security Division (ESD), which conducts participant and employer recruitment, determines eligibility, and provides employment and training services to participants enrolled in the grant.

The ESD Unemployment Insurance (UI) system and the Alaska Labor Exchange System, (ALEXsys) primarily recruit dislocated workers or UI recipients that have been profiled as likely to exhaust UI benefits.

ESD also targets prospective employers through the department's apprenticeship outreach program and partners with the Alaska Workforce Investment Board (AWIB) to create job training opportunities and streamline access to job opportunities. The department's goal has been to create partnerships that provide services to populations with the highest barriers: the long-term unemployed, Veterans, Alaska Natives, and workers likely to exhaust their UI benefits and individuals receiving vocational rehabilitation guidance and assistance while pursuing re-employment or registered apprenticeship.

Justin's story is just one of many successes that Alaska has been able to facilitate for DWT-NEG participants.

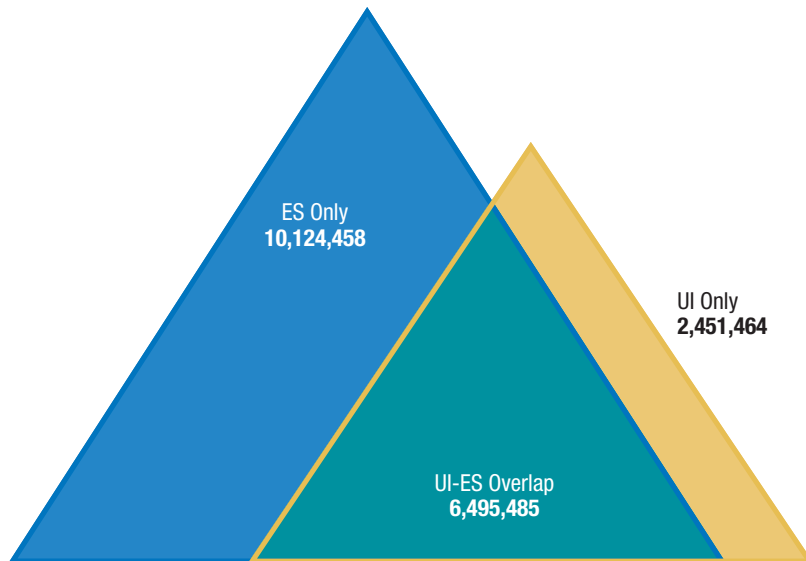
Update: Justin continues to work for the Waste Water Utility/Municipal of Anchorage. He became a permanent employee in 2014 and received over a \$2.00 raise after completion of his six month probationary period. He has no plans to leave his current job.

People Served by Program

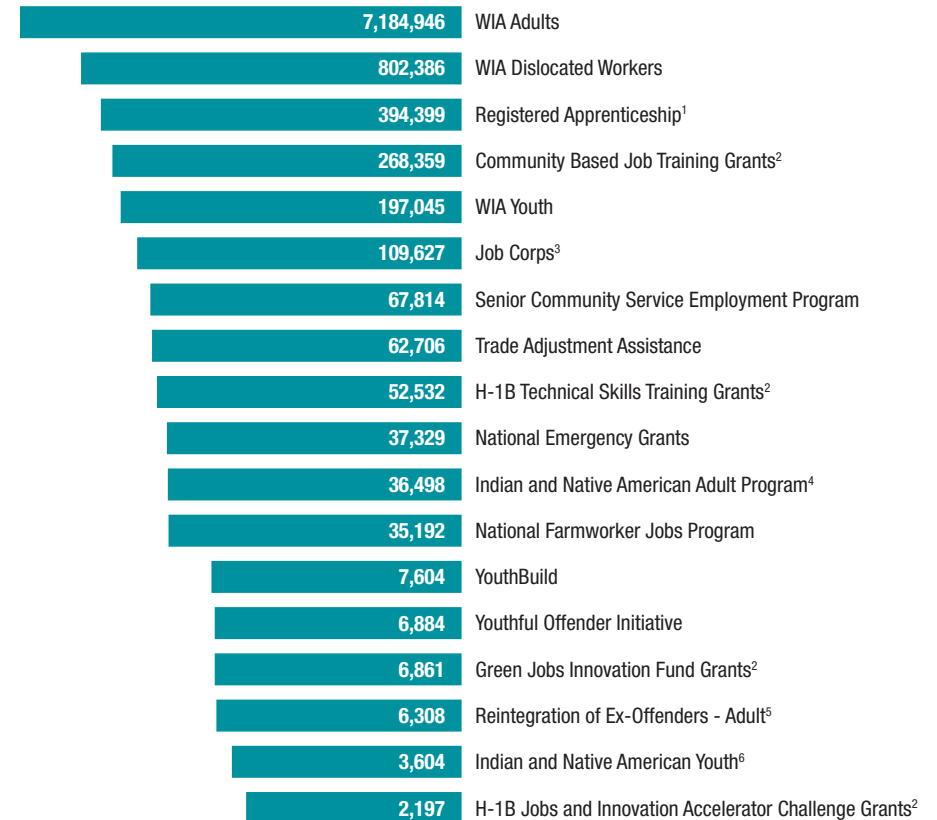
In the 12 month period ending June 30, 2014, ETA programs served a total of 28,353,698 participants. ETA programs are largely administered via the American Job Center Network. Caseworkers assess program participants' needs and connect them with different services and programs funded by the ETA. Thus, participants receive customized and comprehensive support based on their needs and eligibility, and often receive services from various programs simultaneously.*

Of all the total participants receiving Wagner-Peyser Employment Service (ES) and Unemployment Insurance (UI), 72.6 percent of those received both Unemployment Insurance and Wagner-Peyser funded Employment Services. ETA's other programs provided more comprehensive services to over 9.2 million people.

* These participants may also be receiving services from other ETA workforce development programs that provide targeted assistance to those seeking to rejoin the workforce.



Other ETA Programs*



*Data presented using logarithmic scale in base 10.

¹ Source: Count includes all active, completed, and cancelled apprentices tracked by Apprenticeship, US Military Apprentices Program, and State Apprenticeship Agency (SAA) States.

² Data reflect program-to-date performance.

³ All participants include the number of students active on the start date, number of students enrolled during the timeframe, number of graduates separated prior to start date and in the placement service window during the timeframe, and number of former enrollees separated prior to the start date and in the placement service window during the timeframe.

⁴ Number includes self-service individuals.

⁵ Program-to-date as of program inception in Spring 2006.

⁶ Data reflective of the period from April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014; most recent data available.

Current Appropriations

In general, the following resources are used to operate authorized workforce investment programs. Although this report generally presents quarterly results, the figures below represent annual appropriations. This report for the quarter ending June 30, 2014 covers programs operating in Program Year 2013 (July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2014) and programs operating in Fiscal Year 2014 (October 1, 2013, through September 30, 2014). The funding displayed is from both the Fiscal Year 2013 appropriation and Fiscal Year 2014 appropriation. Apprenticeship, TAA, and UI run on a Fiscal Year cycle whereby June 30, 2014 is the end of the third quarter of Fiscal Year 2014. All other programs run on the Program Year, from July 1 to June 30, whereby June 30, 2014 is the end of the fourth quarter of Program Year 2013.

FY 2014 & PY 2013 Workforce Investment Resources^{a,b}

Apprenticeship ¹	\$30,000,000
Women in Apprenticeship	\$944,182
Dislocated Worker National Reserve ²	\$224,066,428
Indian and Native American Adult Program ³	\$36,477,500
Job Corps (Operations) ⁴	\$1,323,563,463
National Farmworker Jobs Program ⁵	\$74,033,084
Senior Community Service Employment Program	\$424,804,974
Trade Adjustment Assistance Training ⁶	\$306,268,000
Unemployment Insurance (UI) Administration	\$2,861,575,000
Wagner-Peyser Act/Employment Service (ES)	\$664,183,664
WIA Adult ⁷	\$730,624,342
WIA Dislocated Workers Formula Grant ⁷	\$955,591,379
Reintegration of Ex-Offenders	\$76,054,843
Youth Activities ⁸	\$777,534,561
Indian and Native American Youth Program ⁸	\$7,879,901
WIA Youth (Older and Younger)	\$769,654,660
YouthBuild	\$75,534,502
Workforce Innovation Fund	\$47,303,671
TOTAL	\$8,608,559,593

Notes:

- ^a The Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013 (P.L. 113-6) included a 0.2% rescission on all FY 2013 discretionary funds in the Act as part of an agency adjustment associated with sequestration.
- ^b Section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act (BBEDCA), as amended, on March 1, 2013, required the President to issue a sequestration order canceling some budgetary resources for the remainder of FY 2013. In this table, sequestration impacted all PY 2013 programs, except the Dislocated Worker National Reserve. Sequestration reductions only impacted TAA Training for the FY 2014 programs included in this table.
- ¹ Registered Apprenticeship programs are funded by employers and do not receive specific program appropriations. The resources listed above support Federal staff who provide technical assistance for Registered Apprenticeship programs.
- ² The Dislocated Worker (DW) National Reserve contains funds for national emergency grants, demonstrations, technical assistance and training, outlying areas Dislocated Worker programs, and special assistance for Adults/Dislocated Worker programs.
- ³ The total appropriation is \$45,082,291; \$8,604,791 was transferred to the Department of Interior/Bureau of Indian Affairs for those Indian and Native American grantees per P.L. 102-477.
- ⁴ The total appropriation is \$1,613,872,025 with \$1,487,005,642 for Operations, \$99,310,341 for Construction, and \$27,556,042 for expenses. \$163,442,179 was transferred from Operations to the Department of Agriculture/Forest Service.
- ⁵ The total appropriation is \$79,896,847; \$5,382,212 is set aside for migrant and seasonal housing and \$481,551 is set aside for technical assistance and training.
- ⁶ The total appropriation for Federal Unemployment Benefits and Allowances is \$608,768,000 and includes \$272,000,000 for TAA benefits and \$30,500,000 for Wage Insurance.
- ⁷ ETA elected to absorb the reductions associated with the .2% rescission and sequestration in FY 2013 in the PY 2013 base (July 1, 2013) funding amounts for the Adult and Dislocated Worker programs.
- ⁸ The total Youth Activities appropriation is \$781,375,289; the total Indian and Native American Youth Program appropriation is \$11,720,629, of which \$3,840,728 was transferred to the Department of Interior/Bureau of Indian Affairs per P.L. 102-477.

Government Performance and Results Act Goals (GPRA)

<http://www.doleta.gov/performance/goals/gpra.cfm>

On January 4, 2011, President Obama signed H.R. 2142, the “GPRA Modernization Act of 2010,” which became Public Law 111-352. The new law required Federal agencies to set clear performance goals that can be accurately measured and publicly reported in a more transparent way. The following table contains performance indicators, arrayed by program, which represent the key results that ETA programs work to achieve. Performance goals for the employment and training programs listed are established in the budget process. The goals are set at the higher end to be “ambitious” within the context of prior performance. Since the program performance goals are nationwide goals, they may not apply in every instance to individual States or grantees where different economic or other circumstances may demand an adjustment in performance expectations.

The following table reflects Program Year 2013 (July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2014) goals for most programs and Fiscal Year 2014 (October 1, 2013 - September 30, 2014) goals for Foreign Labor Certification, Unemployment Insurance, Trade Adjustment Assistance, and Registered Apprenticeship Programs. Cost per Participant is not displayed because it is an annual measure.

Government Performance and Results Act Goals	Annual Goal	Results as of 06.30.14 ¹
Foreign Labor Certification		
Percent of H-1B Applications Resolved in Seven Business Days	100%	100%
Average Number of Days to Resolve PERM Applications Not Subject to Integrity Review	150-225	194
Average Number of Days to Resolve PERM Applications Subject to Integrity Review (Audit)	350-450	424
Percent of H-2A Applications with No Deficiencies Resolved 30 Days Before the Date of Need ²	80%	89%
Percent of H-2B Applications Resolved Within 30 Days	90%	97%
Indian and Native American Adult Program³		
Entered Employment Rate	63.5%	63.2%
Employment Retention Rate	78.0%	79.4%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$9,959	\$9,476
Indian and Native American Youth Program⁴		
Education Attainment for Dropouts	N/A	22%
Participants Who Attained Two or More Goals	N/A	92.7%
Job Corps		
Placement in Employment or Education Rate Placement in Employment or Education Rate	65.0%	76.7%
Attainment of Degree or Certificate Rate	58.0%	66.8%
Percentage of Students Who Achieve Literacy or Numeracy Gains	62.0%	66.1%
National Electronic Tools/Employment and Training Administration (ETA) Internet Based Assistance		
Combined Site Visits for CareerOneStop, America's Service Locator, and O*NET	55,000,000	67,733,513

Government Performance and Results Act Goals	Annual Goal	Results as of 06.30.14¹
National Farmworker Jobs Program (NFJP)		
Entered Employment Rate	86.1%	88.1%
Employment Retention Rate	83.2%	85.6%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$10,501	\$10,855
Reintegration of Ex-Offenders (formerly Prisoner Reentry Initiative)⁵		
Entered Employment Rate	59.3%	58%
Employment Retention Rate	68.1%	72%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$10,072	\$9,770
Percent of Participants Re-arrested for a New Crime or Re-incarcerated for Revocation of Parole or Probation Violation within One Year from Release from Prison	≤22%	11%
Registered Apprenticeship		
Entered Employment Rate	74.7%	74.2%
Employment Retention Rate	87.5%	87.8%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$24,754	\$24,387
Senior Community Service Employment Program		
Entered Employment Rate	42.8%	44.1%
Employment Retention Rate	73.4%	72.1%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$7,396	\$7,127
Trade Adjustment Assistance⁶		
Entered Employment Rate	69.9%	72.9%
Employment Retention Rate	91.1%	91.1%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$19,436	\$17,828
Wagner-Peyser Employment Service		
Entered Employment Rate	53.8%	56%
Employment Retention Rate	81.1%	82%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$14,642	\$14,494
Unemployment Insurance		
Percent of Intrastate Payments Made Timely	87.1%	81.2%
Detection of Recoverable Overpayments	54.2%	59.8%
Entered Employment Rate for Unemployment Insurance Claimants	64.7%	62.7%

Government Performance and Results Act Goals	Annual Goal	Results as of 06.30.14¹
Percent of Employer Tax Liability Determinations Made Timely	88.9%	88.6%
Workforce Investment Act Adult Program		
Entered Employment Rate	61.2%	61.1%
Employment Retention Rate	82.0%	82.8%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$13,684	\$13,842
Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker Program		
Entered Employment Rate	61.2%	60%
Employment Retention Rate	84.4%	83.8%
Six Month's Average Earnings	\$16,364	\$15,997
Workforce Investment Act Youth Program		
Placement in Employment or Education Rate	66.4%	69.0%
Attainment of Degree or Certificate Rate	62.3%	68.4%
Percentage of Students Who Achieve Literacy and Numeracy Gains of One Adult Basic Education Level	46.9%	52.5%
YouthBuild⁷		
Placement in Employment or Education Rate	50.0%	51.9%
Attainment of Degree or Certificate Rate	67.2%	67.2%
Percentage of Students Who Achieve Literacy and Numeracy Gains	58.5%	59.5%
Workforce Investment Act Youthful Offender Initiative		
Placement Rate for Youth Ages 18 and Above ⁸	35.2%	36.2%
Recidivism Rate for Youth Ages 14 to 17	16%	24%
Recidivism Rate for Youth Ages 18 to Above	17%	16%

¹ Cumulative four quarters unless otherwise indicated.

² H-2A Measure changed Q2 FY 2014.

³ Entered Employment Rate is based on Unemployment Insurance Wage Record and Grantee Supplemental Data for the exit cohort: October 1, 2012 – September 30, 2013. Employment Retention Rate is based on Unemployment Insurance Wage Record and Grantee Supplemental Data for the exit cohort: April 1, 2012 – March 31, 2013. Six Months' Average Earnings are based on Unemployment Insurance Wage Record only for the exit cohort: April 1, 2012 – March 31, 2013.

⁴ Data reported semi-annually and annually. Results above are reflective of the period from April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014.

⁵ Results are cumulative for currently operating projects.

⁶ The results are for Fiscal Year 2014 (October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2014).

⁷ The results are program-to-date for the aggregate of all grant cycles of YouthBuild, beginning with the 2007 grant class.

⁸ Program-to-date for currently operating projects.

Indian and Native American Adult Program (INAP)

<http://www.doleta.gov/dinap/>

Program Description

The Indian and Native American Program (INAP) provides employment and training grants to Indian Tribes, nonprofit tribal organizations, Alaska Native entities, and Native Hawaiian organizations with comprehensive employment and training services designed to increase the ability of program participants to compete in the new global economy and promote the economic and social development of Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian communities.

Quarter Highlights

In Program Year 2013, the grantee community and Native American Employment and Training Council to the Secretary of Labor implemented a Pilot Study on credential attainments, an innovative effort several years in the making. As a result the number of exiters in Program Year 2013, 9.4 percent attained a credential (degree or industry-wide certifications). When tracking exiters who were not in a training program leading to credential while on the program, 40.1 percent received a credential.

Analysis

Using current wage record data:

- The Entered Employment Rate for the 12 month period ending June 30, 2014, was 63.2 percent, an increase of 1.1 percentage points when compared to the same time period last year.
- The Employment Retention Rate for the 12 month period ending June 30, 2014, was 79.4 percent, an increase of 1.5 percentage points when compared to the same period last year.
- The Six Months' Average Earnings for the 12 month period ending June 30, 2014, was \$9,476, a decrease of \$195 when compared to the same period last year.

Using current grantee supplemental data:

- This quarter, 6,795 participants received services and 477 participants entered employment. Those entering employment decreased by 47 when compared to the same period last year.
- INAP served 11,982 individuals during the 12 month period ending on June 30, 2014, a decrease of 911 people when compared to the same time period last year.
- Including self-service individuals, INAP served 36,498 people, a decrease of 665 people served when compared to the same period last year.
- 2,303 individuals received Work Experience training for the 12 month period ending June 30, 2014, an increase of 1,206 people when compared to the same period last year.
- 5,467 individuals received training services, an increase of 403 when compared to the same period last year. Of those, 142 received On-the-Job Training.
- The percentage of participants who received credentials during the 12 month period ending June 30, 2014 is 9.4 percent and the number of Veterans served is 161.

Program Performance

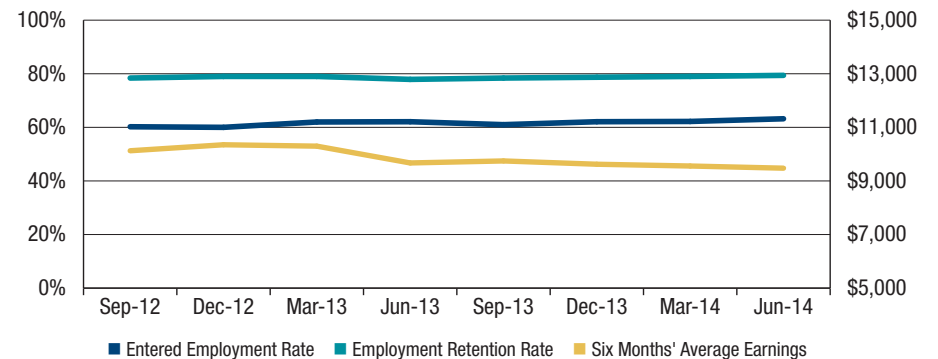
Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14*
Entered Employment Rate	62.1%	63.2%
Employment Retention Rate	77.9%	79.4%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$9,671	\$9,476

* Entered Employment Rate is based on Unemployment Insurance Wage Record and Grantee Supplemental Data for the exit cohort: October 1, 2012 – September 30, 2013. The Employment Retention Rate is based on Unemployment Insurance Wage Record and Grantee Supplemental Data for the exit cohort: April 1, 2012 – March 31, 2013. Six Months' Average Earnings are based on Unemployment Insurance Wage Record Data for the exit cohort: April 1, 2012 – March 31, 2013.

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	61.0%	62.1%	62.2%
Employment Retention Rate	78.4%	78.7%	79.0%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$9,746	\$9,623	\$9,557

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



National Farmworker Jobs Program (NFJP)

<http://www.doleta.gov/Farmworker/html/NFJP.cfm>

Program Description

The National Farmworker Jobs Program (NFJP) assists migrants, other seasonally employed farmworkers, and their families in achieving economic self-sufficiency and stability through job training and other services that address their employment related needs. New job skills training in occupations with higher wages are offered, as well as supportive services that help farmworkers stabilize their employment in agriculture. Assistance from the NFJP is accessed directly through the grantee organizations and local American Job Centers.

Quarter Highlights

David came to the Proteus Visalia Service Center in California in April 2014 in search of employment and training services. David was a high school graduate with limited job skills and worked as a seasonal farmworker. David enrolled in the NFJP and received career assessment, case management, and energy efficiency training services. After several months, David successfully graduated and was hired as a junior solar installer by Solar City. He is now working full-time earning \$13.00 per hour.

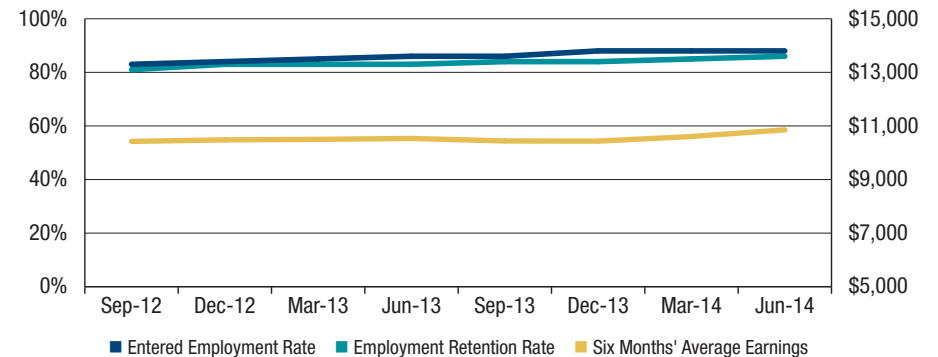
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	85.5%	88.1%
Employment Retention Rate	83.1%	85.6%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$10,533	\$10,855

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	86.2%	87.6%	88.4%
Employment Retention Rate	83.6%	84.0%	85.0%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$10,439	\$10,433	\$10,605

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

- The Entered Employment Rate of 88.1 percent exceeds the program's performance goal of 86.1 percent and is a 2.6 percentage point improvement from the same quarter one year ago.
- The Employment Retention Rate of 85.6 percent exceeds the performance goal of 83.2 percent and shows a 2.5 percentage point improvement from the same quarter one year ago.
- The Six Months' Average Earnings result of \$10,855 exceeds the program's performance goal of \$10,501 and is \$322 more when compared to the same reporting period one year ago.

Senior Community Service Employment Program (SCSEP)

<http://www.doleta.gov/seniors>

Program Description

Authorized by the Older Americans Act of 1965, the Senior Community Service Employment Program (SCSEP) is designed to foster individual economic self-sufficiency and promote useful opportunities in community service employment for unemployed low-income persons (particularly persons who have poor employment prospects) who are age 55 or older, and to increase the number of persons who may benefit from unsubsidized employment in the public and private sectors.

Quarter Highlights

A former Vietnam Veteran, Mr. S. and his wife returned to a small town in New Mexico to take care of his ailing parents. During the next couple of years, his parents passed away, his wife died unexpectedly, and he lost the family home. Homeless, Mr. S. did odd jobs in the community in exchange for necessities. Eventually a member of his church gave him a room and told him about Goodwill Industries of Central New Mexico's SCSEP program. Goodwill placed Mr. S. in a training site at the local community center where he had already developed strong relationships with staff and guests. The money he earned from SCSEP allowed him to move into an apartment. Through the program, Mr. S. developed confidence in his skills and abilities and with the help of Goodwill's SCSEP staff, he obtained a job at the local Goodwill store where he currently manages the donation site. He says he loves his job and with his salary can afford a much better place to live. Mr. S. continues to volunteer at the local community center by shopping for elderly in the community.

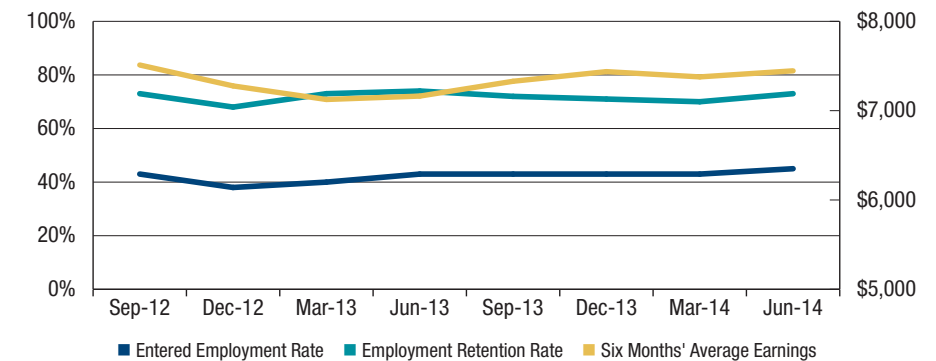
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	42.5%	45.2%
Employment Retention Rate	74.4%	73.1%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$7,163	\$7,446

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	42.7%	42.8%	43.3%
Employment Retention Rate	72.2%	71.2%	70.2%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$7,329	\$7,437	\$7,378

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

In Program Year 2013, 67,814 people were served by the program and 12 percent of those people were Veterans. SCSEP participants recorded 35,746,097 hours of community service. Six Months' Average Earnings are higher than a year ago, which is expected with a recovering economy. Eighty-eight percent of participants were at or below poverty level. Comparing Program Year 2013 with Program Year 2012:

- The Entered Employment Rate increased 2.7 percentage points from one year ago.
- The Employment Retention Rate decreased 1.3 percentage points from one year ago.
- Six Months' Average Earnings increased almost four percentage points from one year ago.

Wagner-Peyser Employment Service

http://www.doleta.gov/Programs/Wagner_Peyser.cfm

Program Description

Wagner-Peyser Employment Service is an integral part of the American Job Center network, formerly known as One-Stop Career Centers, delivery system, which provides universal access to workers, job seekers, and businesses. The Employment Service focuses on providing a variety of employment related services including but not limited to job search assistance, job referral, and placement assistance for job seekers, re-employment services to unemployment insurance claimants, and recruitment services to employers with job openings. Services are provided in one of three modes of delivery approaches: self-service, facilitated self-help service, and staff-assisted service.

Quarter Highlights

When Mylan Pharmaceuticals Inc., the third largest generic and pharmaceuticals company in the world, needed to increase its production team at its Morgantown, West Virginia location, it was receiving over 100,000 resumes and was overwhelmed with interested job seekers for openings to fill Plant Manufacturing Laborer positions. With a starting pay of \$18.00 per hour, the positions at Mylan are very attractive and turned to WorkForce (WF) West Virginia for labor exchange assistance, beginning a success story of cooperation between private industry and a State agency. WF West Virginia was able to help screen job seekers for Mylan and the plant hired 177 participants, including 21 Veterans, a higher representation than overall Veterans in the labor force (11.8 percent versus approximately seven percent).

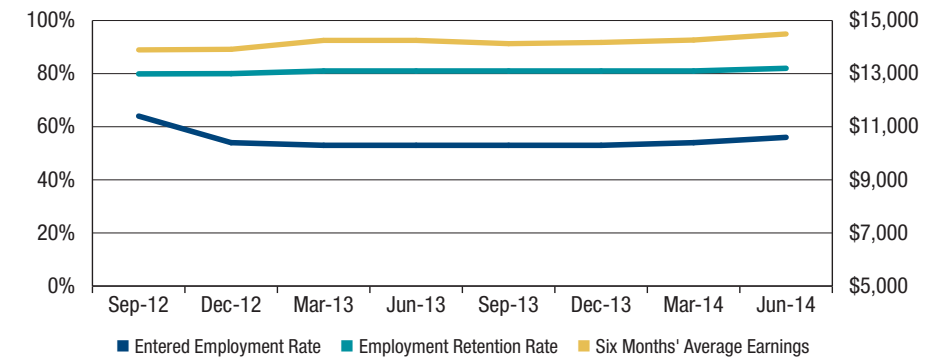
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	53.0%	56.0%
Employment Retention Rate	81.0%	82.0%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$14,252	\$14,515

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	53.0%	53.0%	54.0%
Employment Retention Rate	81.0%	81.0%	81.0%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$14,129	\$14,175	\$14,265

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

- Over 16 million people received services from the Wagner-Peyser Employment Service between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.
- Over 1.1 million Veterans received services between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.
- Nearly 3.5 million unemployed individuals entered employment after receiving services from the Employment Service between July 1, 2013 and June 30, 2014.

Workforce Investment Act Adult Program

http://www.doleta.gov/programs/general_info.cfm

Program Description

The Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Adult Program helps prepare low-skill adult workers for good jobs through formula grants to States. States use the funds to provide employment and training services through a network of American Job Centers, of which there were nearly 2,500 across the United States as of June 30, 2014.

WIA provides employment and training services at three broad service levels to job seeker customers: core, intensive and training. These services are provided at a level which most efficiently meets their needs to achieve gainful employment. The program is also designed to assist employer customers meet their needs for skilled workers.

Adult Programs serve the broadest range of individuals, including but not limited to public assistance recipients, Unemployment Insurance claimants, Veterans, people with disabilities, dislocated workers, migrant and seasonal farmworkers, Indian and Native Americans, and workers age 55 or older.

Quarter Highlights

In Virginia, the Goodwill/WIA Adult program assists with the funding for Patient Care Technician (PCT) training provided by Fast Track Health. The cost of training is approximately \$3,450, and the training is eleven weeks in duration. This training provides a certificate in CNA, EKG, CPR, and Phlebotomy, with the certification/licensing costs included in the overall training cost. Ms. O. was referred to the WIA Adult program by a local Virginia Employment Commission representative. She attended an orientation and started the process of changing her life that very day. Ms. O. excelled and received a 100 percent increase in salary after completing training through this program with Fast Track. Ms. O. stated of her experience, "I am very happy with my new career, and very grateful for Goodwill and the WIA Adult program for providing [me] with this opportunity to enter a career with so much potential for advancement."

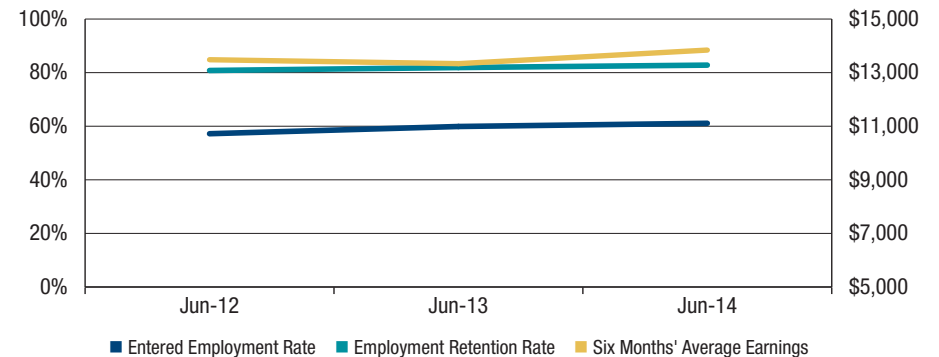
Analysis

- In Program Year 2013, the WIA Adult program served 7,184,946 participants and over 150,000 participants received training services.
- Participants who received training services had a 76.1 percent Entered Employment Rate in Program Year 2013, 15 percentage points higher than the overall Entered Employment Rate of 61.1 percent.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.12 (Program Year 2011)	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13 (Program Year 2012)	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14 (Program Year 2013)
Entered Employment Rate	57.2%	59.9%	61.1%
Employment Retention Rate	80.8%	81.9%	82.8%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$13,482	\$13,335	\$13,842

Performance in the Past Three Program Years



Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker Program

http://www.doleta.gov/programs/general_info.cfm

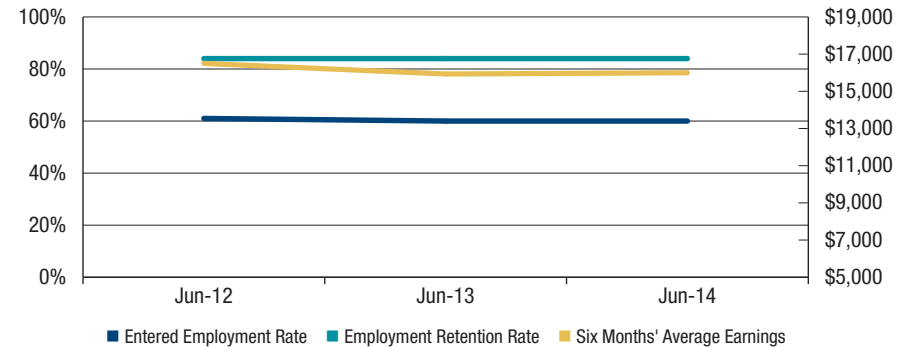
Program Description

The Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker Program funds services to support the reemployment of laid-off workers. The Department of Labor allocates 80 percent of funds by formula to the States. The Secretary of Labor may use the remaining 20 percent for National Emergency Grants—these specially targeted funds can infuse resources to areas suffering most from plant closings, mass layoffs, or job losses due to natural disasters or military base realignment and closures. States allocate their Dislocated Worker funds to their local workforce investment areas. Additionally, the program allows for States to reserve up to 25 percent of their Dislocated Worker funds for Rapid Response activities. Rapid Response is a pro-active, business-focused, and flexible strategy to help growing companies access an available pool of skilled workers, and can respond to layoffs by quickly coordinating services and aid to companies and their workers.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.12 (Program Year 2011)	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13 (Program Year 2012)	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14 (Program Year 2013)
Entered Employment Rate	61.1%	60.0%	60.0%
Employment Retention Rate	84.2%	84.3%	83.8%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$16,500	\$15,930	\$15,997

Performance in the Past Three Program Years



Quarter Highlights

After Kyle was laid off he was able to utilize an On-the-Job Training (OJT) opportunity with Tyson. He now works the second shift from 1-9 p.m. and was able to obtain the technical training he felt he did not obtain from prior employment or education. "I wanted to get more experience on how things technically operate, and this program is the perfect fit for me," Kyle said. And in the end, Tyson gained a skilled employee!

Analysis

- The Dislocated Worker program served over 800,000 participants in Program Year 2013 and provided training services to 109,148 participants.
- Participants who received training had an 81.4 percent Entered Employment Rate, 21.4 percentage points higher than the overall Entered Employment Rate of 60 percent.

H-1B and Permanent Foreign Labor Certification (PERM)

<http://www.foreignlaborcert.doleta.gov>

Program Description

H-1B certification permits employers to hire, on a temporary basis, foreign workers who possess qualifying professional or specialty skills. The PERM program allows employers to begin the process for permanently hiring a foreign worker when there are not sufficient numbers of U.S. workers who are able, willing, qualified, and available to perform the job. In addition, the program ensures that the employment of the foreign worker does not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of American workers who are similarly employed.

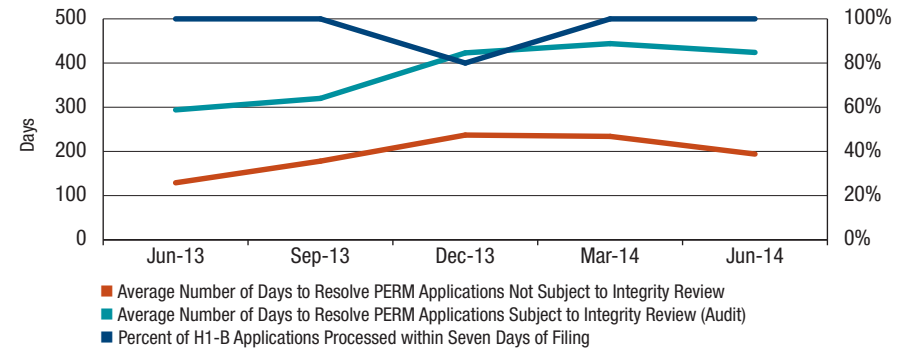
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Percent of H-1B Applications Resolved in Seven Business Days	100%	100%
Average number of days to resolve PERM applications not subject to integrity review	129	194
Average number of days to resolve PERM applications subject to integrity review (Audit)	294	424

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Percent of H-1B Applications Resolved in Seven Business Days	100%	80.4%	99.6%
Average number of days to resolve PERM applications not subject to integrity review	178	237	234
Average number of days to resolve PERM applications subject to integrity review (Audit)	320	423	444

Performance in the Past Five Quarters



Quarter Highlights

The percent of employer applications processed within seven days of filing under the H-1B program sustains at approximately 100 percent ending in June 30, 2014.

The Office of Foreign Labor Certification (OFLC) continues to allocate staff resources for the PERM program to increase program integrity by conducting more audit examinations and supervised recruitments. This increased emphasis on program integrity has had an effect on processing timeliness.

Analysis

- The number of H-1B applications processed within seven business days held steady at 100 percent from the same four quarter reporting period one year ago. Of the total 103,032 H-1B applications processed over the past four quarters, 103,032 were completed within seven business days of the filing date.
- The average number of days to resolve PERM applications not subject to integrity review decreased by 20 percent compared to the previous quarter and the average number of days to resolve PERM applications subject to integrity review (Audits) decreased by four percent compared to the previous quarter.

H-2A and H-2B Foreign Labor Certification Programs

<http://www.foreignlaborcert.doleta.gov>

Program Description

H-2A labor certification permits employers to hire foreign workers on a temporary basis for the agricultural sector of the economy. H-2B labor certification permits employers to hire foreign workers to come to the United States and perform temporary nonagricultural work, which must be one-time, seasonal, peak load, or intermittent in nature.

Program Performance

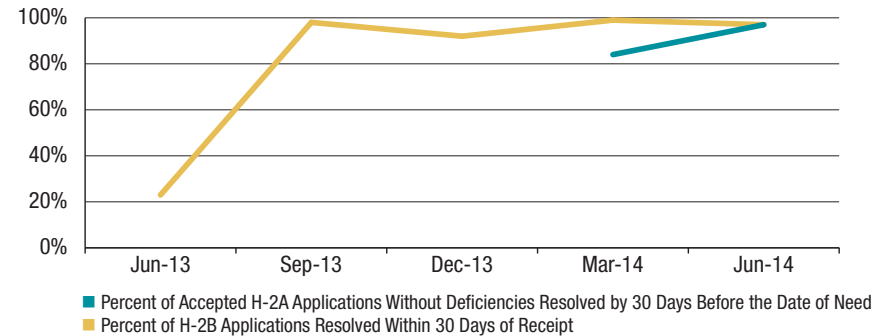
Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13*	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Percent of Complete H-2A Employer Applications Resolved Within 30 Days Before the Date of Need	N/A	97%
Percent of H-2B Applications Resolved Within 30 Days	23%	97%

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13*	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13*	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Percent of Complete H-2A Employer Applications Resolved Within 30 Days Before the Date of Need	N/A	N/A	84%
Percent of H-2B Applications Resolved Within 30 Days	98%	92%	99%

* The Percent of Complete H-2A Employer Applications Resolved Within 30 days Before the Date of Need measure was changed in the second quarter of Fiscal Year 2014.

Performance in the Past Five Quarters



Quarter Highlights

The Office of Foreign Labor Certification (OFLC) continues to resolve approximately 97.1 percent of complete H-2A applications on time. The processing rates have improved in spite of an increase in the numbers of applications filed during this reporting period FY 2014 when compared to one year ago.

Employer filings under the H-2B program have increased 16.7 percent this reporting period compared to the same four quarter reporting period one year ago.

Analysis

- The percentage of H-2A applications resolved within 30 calendar days increased 12.5 percentage points from the previous quarter. Of the 3,845 total of H-2A applications processed in Fiscal Year 2014, 90.8 percent were resolved within 30 calendar days of the filing date.
- The percentage of H-2B applications processed within 30 calendar days increased when compared with the same reporting period one year ago. Of the 5,188 H-2B applications processed within the last four quarters, 99.8 percent of them were processed within 60 calendar days of the filing date.

Reintegration of Ex-Offenders (REXO-ADULT)

http://www.doleta.gov/RExO/eta_default.cfm

Program Description

The Reintegration of Ex-Offenders – Adult Program (REXO-Adult) is an employment-centered program that seeks to strengthen urban communities that have large numbers of returning prisoners. The program incorporates mentoring, job training, and other comprehensive transitional services. It is designed to reduce recidivism by helping inmates find work when they return to their communities, as part of an effort to improve community life.

Quarter Highlights

The Adult REXO Program operated three initiatives this program year:

- Grants to community and faith-based organizations to help returning offenders find employment.
- Grants aimed specifically at serving female offenders, providing employment and supportive services.
- Grants to provide occupational training and job placement to offenders in Halfway Houses.

Program Performance

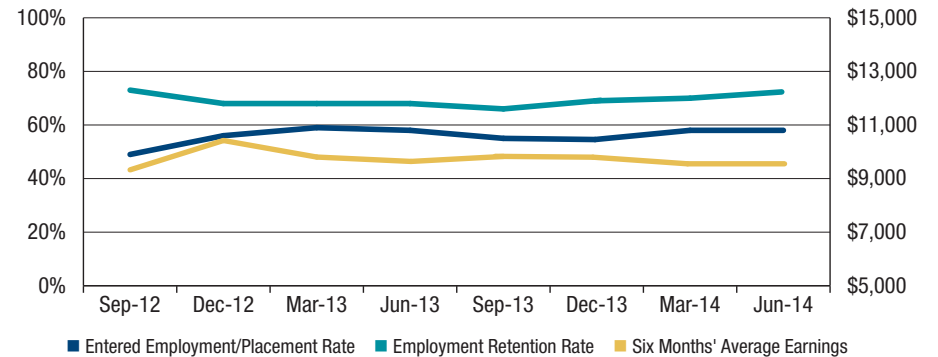
Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 06.30.13*	Quarter Ending 06.30.14*
Entered Employment Rate	58%	58%
Employment Retention Rate	68%	72%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$9,797	\$9,770

* The data for June 30, 2013 are program-to-date since the inception of the program in the Spring of 2006. The June 30, 2014 numbers are program-to-date for currently operating projects.

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 09.30.13	Quarter Ending 12.31.13	Quarter Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	55%	56%	58%
Employment Retention Rate	66%	68%	70%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$10,036	\$9,962	\$9,736

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

The Adult REXO Program served 6,308 participants this program year.

- Adult REXO Grantees reported 3,404 enrollees receiving training or education.
- Adult REXO Grantees reported 2,555 enrollees receiving a certificate.
- The recidivism rate largely reflects the extent to which the program is serving persons at high or low risk of re-offending.

Registered Apprenticeship

<http://www.doleta.gov/oa>

Program Description

Registered Apprenticeship is a leader in preparing American workers to compete in a global 21st Century economy. With a network of over 150,000 employers in more than 1,000 occupations, Registered Apprenticeship has already trained millions of America's workers. Modern apprenticeships are now on the cutting edge of innovation in preparing a skilled workforce for today's industries including expanding industries like health care, information technology, transportation, telecommunications, and advanced manufacturing, as well as in industries like construction where apprenticeships have a long and successful history.

Quarter Highlights

During the summer of 2014, the White House hosted the first-ever Summit on Apprenticeship to gather the best ideas and to catalyze action to dramatically increase apprenticeship in America. More than 60 attendees presented their ideas including leading employers, big and small, like IBM, Bank of America, Blue Cross/Blue Shield, and Oberg Industries; labor unions like the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers (IBEW); training providers like Ivy Tech and Lone Star Community Colleges; and local workforce leaders. The event was the apex in a series of industry roundtables on apprenticeship which took place across the country during June & July 2014.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	73.4%	74.2%
Employment Retention Rate	87.3%	87.8%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$23,826	\$24,387

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 06.30.13**	Quarter Ending 06.30.14*
Apprentices		
Total Apprentices (Active Apprentices)*	148,039	152,582
New Apprentices	17,432	17,011
Programs		
New Programs	139	177
Programs Maintained Total (Active Programs)*	9,809	9,077
Number of new programs in Construction and Manufacturing	93	127

Source: Registered Apprenticeship Partners Information Management Data System (RAPIDS): data managed by Department of Labor staff only.

***06.30.13 data has been revised to include federal data only.*

**Running total of active apprentices/programs during the quarter.*

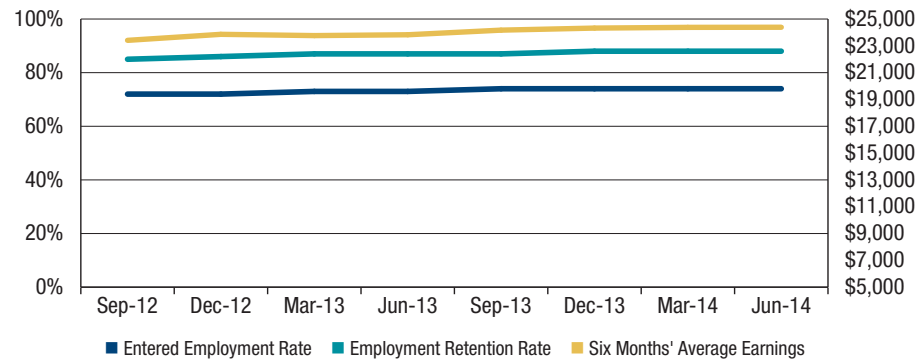
Registered Apprenticeship

<http://www.doleta.gov/oa>

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	73.5%	73.8%	73.8%
Employment Retention Rate	87.4%	87.7%	87.8%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$24,171	\$24,324	\$24,378

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

- During the third quarter of Fiscal Year 2014, there were over 394,000 active apprentices nationwide, while over 13,000 program participants completed their apprenticeship and received a credential that is portable, industry recognized, and can provide a pathway to middle-class and sustainable careers.
- The Entered Employment Rate for participants who completed their Registered Apprenticeship program was 85.6 percent, 11.4 percentage points higher than for all program exiters who either completed or cancelled (74.2 percent, as shown in table on the previous page).
- The Employment Retention Rate for program completers was 91.0 percent, 3.2 percentage points higher than for all program exiters (87.8 percent, as shown in table on the previous page).
- The Six Months' Average Earnings for program completers was \$29,964, which is over \$5,577 more than that of all program exiters (i.e., completers or those who cancelled). The results for those completing the program shows it pays to stay.

Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA)

<http://www.doleta.gov/tradeact/>

Program Description

The Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) Program is an integral part of the comprehensive workforce development system. The program is essential to helping workers dislocated by foreign trade to adjust to changing market conditions and shifting skill requirements. Addressing the needs of trade-affected workers involved in this transformation is a unique challenge because, in general, these workers are being dislocated from relatively outdated-skill, high-wage employment. In many cases, this is complicated by mass layoffs or plant closures that occur in single-industry towns, which makes finding comparable employment in the same geographic area difficult. Furthermore, many of these jobs are lost permanently from the domestic economy, requiring affected workers to completely retool their skills.

Fiscal Year Highlights

During Fiscal Year 2014, Massachusetts diligently trained staff at the local CareerOneStop Centers to ascertain a TAA participant's eligibility for other funding resources to assist in their reemployment initiatives. These improved efforts to provide and report reemployment services enables Trade customers to flow through the CareerOneStop Center system with other dislocated workers and receive seamless resources through the resource sharing initiatives of the Career Center methodology. These streamlined reemployment services have resulted in an Entered Employment Rate of 81.5 percent, nearly ten percentage points higher than the national average.

Program Performance

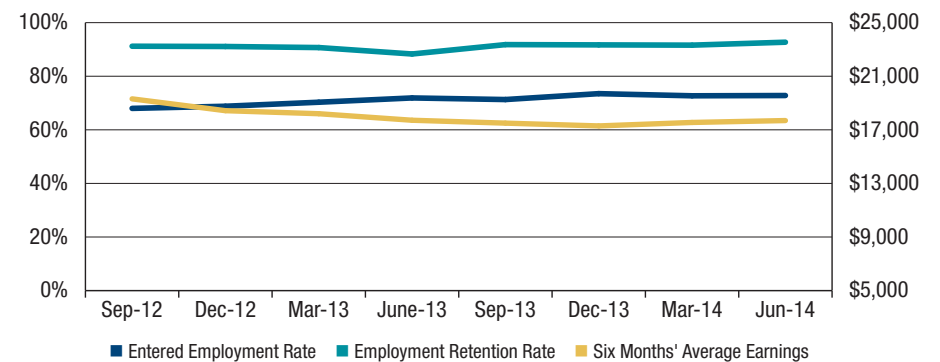
Performance Measure	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Entered Employment Rate	65.3%	68.9%	71.6%	72.9%
Employment Retention Rate	89.7%	91.3%	91.7%	91.1%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$18,319	\$18,837	\$18,099	\$17,828

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 06.30.13	Quarter Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	73.3%	72.8%
Employment Retention Rate	90.0%	92.7%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$18,210	\$17,692

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 09.30.13	Quarter Ending 12.30.13	Quarter Ending 03.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	71.3%	71.3%	72.7%
Employment Retention Rate	91.8%	91.8%	91.7%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$17,499	\$17,499	\$17,550

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

During Fiscal Year 2014, there were 62,706 total participants receiving TAA benefits or services and 20,577 exiters entered employment (72.9 percent). More than one-third of all participants were minorities, with the average age of participants being 47 years and the average tenure being approximately 13 years. 9,547 exiter participants received credentials, or 83 percent of all exiter participants who completed training. 32,527 participants received training, or approximately 52 percent of all participants. Lastly, the program served 4,828 Veteran participants, accounting for approximately eight percent of all participants.

Unemployment Insurance (UI)

<http://oui.doleta.gov/unemploy/>

Program Description

The federal-state Unemployment Insurance (UI) System minimizes individual and family financial hardship due to unemployment and stabilizes the economy during economic downturns by providing unemployed workers with temporary income support. States operate their own Unemployment Insurance Programs regulated by State laws.

As the Federal partner, DOL provides program leadership, allocates administrative funds, provides technical assistance, and exercises performance oversight.

Quarter Highlights

As the economy improved, the system emphasized program integrity, solvency and reemployment. Claims rates decreased about 10 percent from the year before and Trust Fund loans decreased from \$21 billion to \$14 billion. EUC benefit payments ceased on December 28, 2013. Twenty-four states implemented Short-term Compensation programs allowing unemployed workers to stay on jobs while receiving partial unemployment benefits proportionate to reduced work hours. States implemented systems to improve efficiency and reduce overpayments such as data exchange, and recover UI overpayments. By June 30, 2014, 42 states were recovering overpayments through Federal Income tax refund offset (TOP) and had recovered \$370 million in 2014 (over \$840 million since TOP's inception).

Analysis

During the year ending June 30, 2014:

- 5.1 million UI claimants were reemployed in the quarter following their UI 1st payments (1.7 million in the last quarter).
- The UI system met two and failed two of its four targets. UI met detection of overpayments (64.3 percent vs. target of 54.2 percent) and met reemployment (65.7 percent vs. target of 64.7 percent).
- The system fell short of its 1st pay and status targets because of retirements and other turnover of key staff.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Percent of Intrastate Payments Made Timely	81.2%	79.2%
Detection of Recoverable Overpayments Rate	59.8%	64.3%
Facilitation of Reemployment Rate	62.6% ¹	65.5% ²
Percent of Employer Tax Liability	88.8%	88.2%
Operational Results		
Reciency Rate	26.3%	27.2%
Exhaustion Rate	45.6%	43.1%
Percent of Recipients of Prime Working Age (25-54)	70.2%	70.0%
Percent of Recipients Who Are Female	43.4%	43.7%
New Initial Unemployment Insurance Claims	13,906,868	12,501,014
Number of First Unemployment Insurance Payments	8,404,507	7,632,522
Average Duration of Unemployment Insurance (Weeks)	16.9	16.7

¹ Reemployment for year ending June 30, 2013.

² Reemployment for year ending June 30, 2014.

Unemployment Insurance (UI)

<http://oui.doleta.gov/unemploy/>

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Percent of Intrastate Payments Made Timely	80.9%	80.2%	79.3%
Detection of Recoverable Overpayments Rate	59.0%	63.0%	60.3%
Facilitation of Reemployment Rate	63.1% ¹	63.1% ²	63.6% ³
Percent of Employer Tax Liability	88.6%	88.5%	88.4%
Operational Results			
Reciency Rate	26.3%	26.2%	26.7%
Exhaustion Rate	45.3%	44.6%	43.7%
Percent of Recipients of Prime Working Age (25-54)	70.2%	70.2%	70.1%
Percent of Recipients Who Are Female	43.4%	43.4%	43.5%
New Initial Unemployment Insurance Claims	13,559,233	13,340,263	12,947,493
Number of First Unemployment Insurance Payments	8,215,687	7,967,852	7,857,395
Average Duration of Unemployment Insurance (Weeks)	16.9	16.9	16.8

¹ Reemployment for year ending September 30, 2013.

² Reemployment for year ending December 31, 2013.

³ Reemployment for year ending March 31, 2014.

Program Description

Job Corps is the nation's largest residential, educational and career technical training program for at-risk youth, ages 16 through 24. The 125 Job Corps centers nationwide provide an integrated, comprehensive array of services that include: academic, career technical and life skills training; career planning and work-based learning; health care; and post-program placement and transition support.

Job Corps is committed to offering all students a safe, drug-free environment where they can take advantage of the resources provided. Job Corps' mission is to attract eligible young people, teach them the skills they need to become employable and independent, and place them in meaningful jobs or further education.

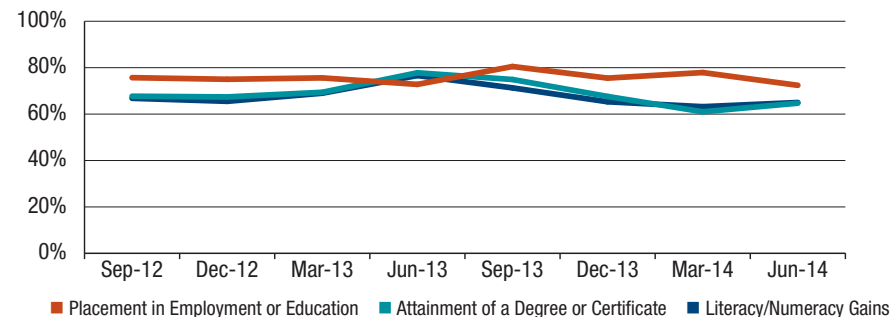
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Placement in Employment or Education	74.6%	76.7%
Attainment of a Degree or Certificate	70.6%	66.8%
Literacy/Numeracy Gains	69.2%	66.1%

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Placement in Employment or Education	75.7%	76.0%	76.5%
Attainment of a Degree or Certificate	72.2%	72.7%	70.7%
Literacy/Numeracy Gains	70.2%	70.9%	69.5%

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters*



*The Performance in the Past Eight Quarters graph displays single quarter data versus the Program Performance tables which depict cumulative four quarter data.

Quarter Highlights

In May 2014, four Job Corps students from centers in Montana, California, Iowa, and Virginia participated in the 2nd Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) Youth Skills Camp in Beijing and Guangzhou, China, the second time Job Corps students have participated in this event. The camp included field visits to vocational training schools, business enterprises, and public practical training facilities, as well as skills exchanges. This international event provides students with life-changing experiences in travel, diversity, and first-hand exposure to global issues.

Analysis

- During the current quarter, Job Corps served 69,979 participants, including 13,079 new enrollees, an increase of 80.1 percent overall compared to the same quarter in PY 2013 and due to the resumption of new enrollments after the PY 2012 enrollment suspensions. The number of new students increased by over 200 percent from the same quarter in PY 2013.
- The proportion of 16-17 year olds served increased by 4.5 percentage points. Conversely, the proportion of all older students served similarly decreased from the same quarter in PY 2013.
- In the current quarter, Job Corps placed 7,203 students in Employment and Education, a slight decrease of 0.4 percentage points compared to the same quarter last year. In addition, 8,657 students attained a Certificate, a 13.1 percentage point decrease compared to the same quarter in PY 2013. Also, 6,789 students attained a Literacy/Numeracy gain, an 11.6 percentage point decrease over the same quarter in PY 2013.
- In the current quarter, the program served 50 participants who were Veterans prior to enrollment.
- When comparing the four quarter data, Placement in Employment or Education increased 2.1 percentage points, Attainment of a Degree or Certificate decreased 3.8 percentage points, and Literacy/Numeracy Gains decreased 3.1 percentage points, from the same quarter one year ago.

Workforce Investment Act Youthful Offender Initiative

http://www.doleta.gov/Youth_services/youthful_offender.cfm

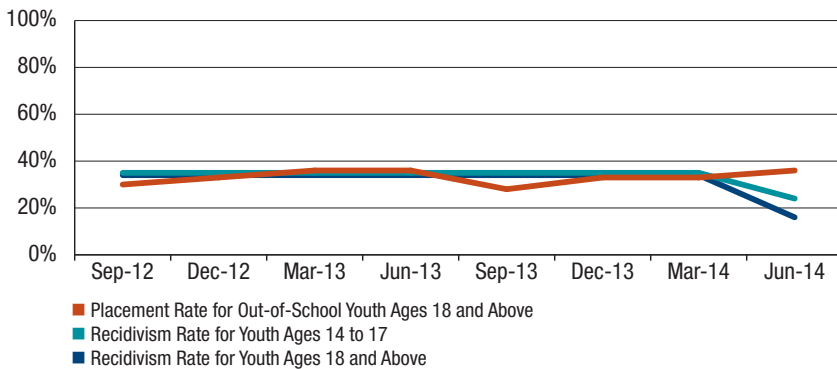
Program Description

The Employment and Training Administration uses its Youthful Offender Appropriation to fund a variety of projects that target youth offenders and young adult offenders. Currently operating projects include grants to community-based organizations to involve juvenile offenders in training and service learning projects; grants to intermediary organizations to serve young offenders in high-poverty, high-crime communities; and grants to help youth enter diversion programs as an alternative to out-of-home placements and to assist eligible youth have their juvenile records sealed or expunged.

Quarter Highlights

The great majority of juvenile offenders are of ages 17 and below and many are still in high school. The youth offender grants focus on helping younger youth stay in school and complete their education and helping older youth find jobs and succeed in the labor market. Case management, mentoring, and supportive services are also provided by these grants.

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Placement Rate for Youth Ages 18 and Above	36%*	36.2%
Recidivism Rate for Youth Ages 14 to 17	35%	24%
Recidivism Rate for Youth Ages 18 and Above	34%	16%

*Results are cumulative for currently operating grants.

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Placement Rate for Youth Ages 18 and Above	27.7%	33.4%	32.5%
Recidivism Rate for Youth Ages 14 to 17	34.9%	34.9%	34.9%
Recidivism Rate for Youth Ages 18 and Above	33.5%	33.5%	33.5%

Analysis

- Providing opportunities to youthful offenders results in varying outcomes depending on the mix of projects being operated in a given year.
- Projects have markedly different placement and recidivism rates depending on whether they are serving young adults in their 20s or youth ages 16-17; they recruit youth in the community or through direct referrals from the juvenile justice system; whether they are located in small or large cities; and the extent to which enrollees are at high or low risk of re-offending.

Workforce Investment Act Youth Program

http://www.doleta.gov/youth_services/

Program Description

The Workforce Investment Act Youth Formula Program provides employment and education services to eligible low-income youth, ages 14 to 21, who face barriers to employment. The program serves in-school and out-of-school youth, youth with disabilities and low literacy rates, as well as others who may require additional assistance to complete an educational program and acquire an industry-recognized credential or enter employment.

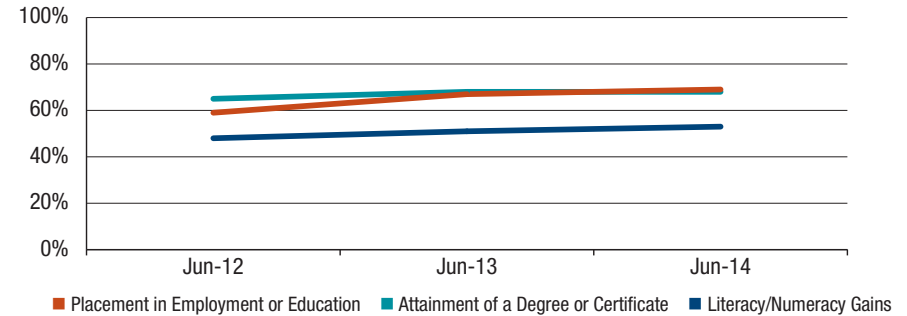
Quarter Highlights

The passage of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) includes a major shift in focus to spending more funds on and serving more out-of-school youth (OSY). The workforce system demonstrated its readiness for this shift in that 48 percent of all youth served in PY 2013 were OSY and 57 percent of all WIA youth local area funds were spent on OSY. So far in Program Year 2013, California has spent almost 65 percent of their WIA youth funds on OSY with high levels of OSY expenditures in both urban and rural areas. 53 percent of all youth served in CA in Program Year 2013 were OSY. For example, Los Angeles City spent 80 percent of their funds on OSY and the Northern Rural Training and Employment Consortium spent 76 percent of their funds on OSY. Both local areas have achieved these levels through strong partnerships with organizations that serve OSY as well as access to high quality work experiences.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.12 (Program Year 2011)	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13 (Program Year 2012)	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14 (Program Year 2013)
Placement in Employment or Education	58.9%	66.6%	69.0%
Attainment of a Degree or Certificate	64.8%	67.5%	68.4%
Literacy/Numeracy Gains	47.6%	50.9%	52.5%

Performance in the Past Three Program Years



Analysis

- 197,045 participants were served in the cumulative four quarter reporting period, compared to 217,244 served during the same time period last year. This decrease is due primarily to a lower funding level compared to the previous year.
- Placement in Employment or Education achieved a result of 69.0 percent, a 2.4 percentage point increase when compared with the same time period last year.
- The program achieved a result of 68.4 percent for the Attainment of a Degree or Certificate measure. This is a 0.9 percentage point increase from the same time period last year.
- The Literacy/Numeracy Gains measure achieved a result of 52.5 percent, an increase of 1.6 percentage points when compared with the same time period last year.
- All three youth common measures exceeded Program Year 2013 GPRA goals.

Program Description

YouthBuild provides job training and educational opportunities for at-risk youth ages 16 to 24, while constructing or rehabilitating affordable housing for low-income or homeless families in their own neighborhoods. The youth split their time between the construction site and the classroom, where they earn their high school diploma or equivalency, learn to be community leaders, and prepare for college and other post-secondary training opportunities.

Analysis

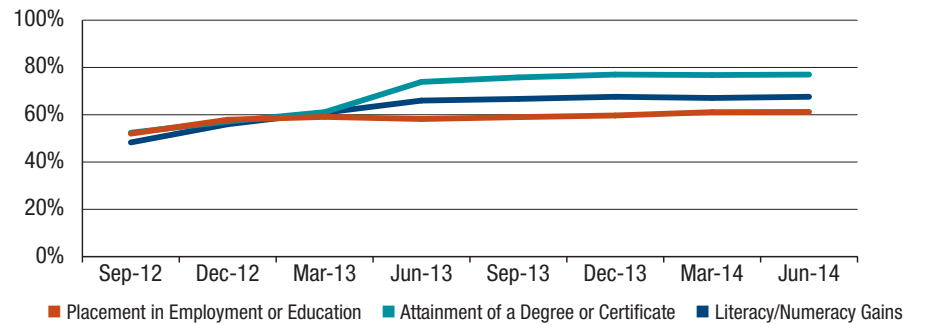
- 33,392 participants have been enrolled into the YouthBuild program since 2007 and 29,553 have exited so far.
- Since the program began, a total of 11,716 participants have received a high school diploma or equivalency, 17,572 have attained an industry-recognized certificate, and 21,835 have been placed into initial jobs, post-secondary education and/or long-term vocational/ occupational skills training, including apprenticeship.
- The Class of 2010/2011 performance steadily increased. The outcomes for all three measures were above those for the Class of 2009 and significantly above the GPRA goals.
- YouthBuild is currently meeting or exceeding the GPRA goal for all three measures. The additional quarter of service for 2010/2011 grants provided additional positive outcomes, as expected. As the 2012 grant class progresses, it is expected that this trend will continue.

Quarter Highlights

Just A Start, in Cambridge (MA), has been a YouthBuild grantee since 2010. In the fourth quarter of the Program Year 2013, they shared the following success story:

Victor earned a High School Diploma and HBI/PACT construction certification. He was accepted to Endicott College in MA. He also secured a full time painting position with George Souza Painting making \$25 per hour. He continues to develop his career plan with staff.

Class of 2010/2011 Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Program Performance

Performance Measure	GPRA	Results for Class Of 2010/2011	Results for Class 2012	Overall Results
Percent of Participants Entering Employment or Enrolling in Postsecondary Education, the Military, or Advanced Training/ Occupational Skills Training in the First Quarter After Exit	50.0%	61.2%	58.6%	51.9%
Percent of Youth Who Attain a Diploma, GED, or Certificate by the End of the Third Quarter after Exit	67.2%	77.0%	60.9%	67.2%
Percent of Participants Deficient in Basic Skills Who Achieve Literacy or Numeracy Gains of One Adult Basic Education Level	58.5%	67.6%	54.9%	59.5%

Indian and Native American Youth Program

<http://www.doleta.gov/dinap/>

Program Description

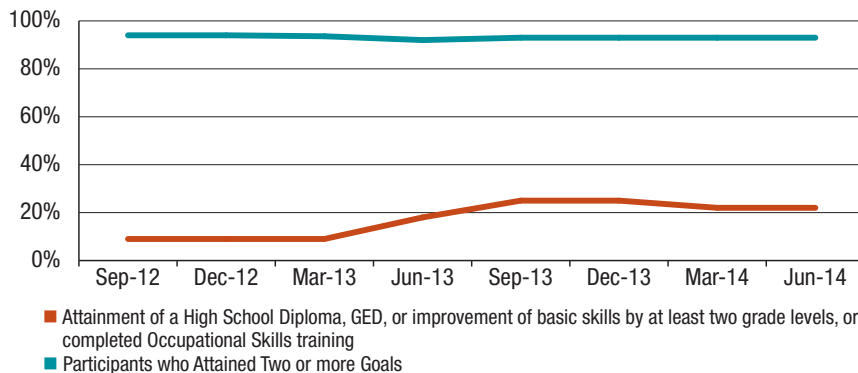
The Indian and Native American Supplemental Youth Services Program provides summer and year-round employment and training activities for Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian individuals between the ages of 14 and 21. Program resources are targeted to at-risk and the neediest youth who face substantial barriers to education and employment success. This population includes high school dropouts and youth who are basic-skills deficient.

Quarter Highlights

Youth summer employment is a high priority for Native American Tribes. However, most rural reservation areas do not have enough employers to put youth to work during the summer. As a result, Tribes rely on the annual WIA, Section 166 funding to place youth in summer employment where they can earn a wage and receive valuable work experience.

Over the past four quarter period, 2,487 of the 4,399 youth that participated in the youth program were placed in summer employment. Youth participants come from low income families with little or no opportunity to earn money during the summer months. Through the Indian and Native American Youth Program, these youth are given an opportunity to work and earn money during the summer which helps them contribute to their family's income.

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13*	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14***
Educational Attainment for Dropouts	18.0%	22.0%
Attainment of Two or More Goals	92.0%	92.7%

*The data reported reflect the period from April 1, 2012 through March 31, 2013.

***The data reported reflect the period from April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014.

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13**	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13**	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14***
Educational Attainment for Dropouts	25.0%	25.0%	22.0%
Attainment of Two or More Goals	93.0%	93.0%	92.7%

**The data reported reflect the period from April 1, 2013 through September 30, 2013.

***The data reported reflect the period from April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014.

Analysis

- The Attainment of Two or More Goals rate increased slightly from 92 percent in June 2013 to 92.7 percent in June 2014.
- The Indian and Native American Youth Program served 4,310 youth during the period July 1, 2013 through June, 30, 2014. This is a 16.4 percentage point decrease in youth served one year ago.
- The Education Attainment for Dropouts increased from 18 percent in June 2013 to 22 percent in June 2014.

Green Jobs Innovation Fund Grants (GJIF)

<http://www.doleta.gov/BRG/GreenJobs/>

Program Description

The Green Jobs Innovation Fund (GJIF) was authorized as a Pilot and Demonstration Project under the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998 to help workers receive job training in green industry sectors and occupations, as well as access green career pathways. GJIF is seeking to increase the number of individuals completing training programs who receive industry-recognized credentials and to increase the number of individuals completing training programs for employment in green jobs.

With these grants, the Department is emphasizing two key workforce programs that move participants along green career pathways by: 1) forging linkages between Registered Apprenticeship and pre-apprenticeship programs, and/or 2) integrating the delivery of technical and basic skills training through community-based partnerships. The grantees are building on existing programs that are already established and serving workers and moving workers into and along green career pathways. The Green Jobs Innovation Fund (GJIF) grants are all anticipated to end by June 30, 2015.

Quarter Highlights

The Jobs for the Future (JFF) GreenWays grant program made great progress toward their goal of increasing access for women to enter higher-paying non-traditional occupations. Women currently comprise 25.4% of the programs total enrollment and are earning higher placement wages overall than men. At the same time, their completion rates, credential attainment rates, and job placement rates lag behind those of men, reflecting the ongoing challenges that women experience in non-traditional occupations. The JFF GreenWays program continues to focus on raising the visibility of this issue as a key element in regional approaches to addressing poverty in female-headed households.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Cumulative Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Cumulative Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	56.9%	64.2%
Employment Retention Rate	75.0%	82.1%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$16,249	\$17,459

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Cumulative Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Cumulative Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Cumulative Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	56.0%	62.6%	64.1%
Employment Retention Rate	79.0%	79.5%	78.5%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$16,406	\$15,228	\$15,039

Cumulative Credential Outcomes in the Past Three Quarters

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 12.31.13	Quarter Ending 03.31.14	Quarter Ending 06.30.14
Number Completed Education/ Job Training Activities	5,521	6,438	7,076
Number Completed Training and Received Credential	5,343	6,242	6,849
Attainment Rate	97%	97%	97%

Analysis

As of June 30, 2014, 8,360 participants were enrolled in education/training. Of these participants, 600 participated in Registered Apprenticeship, 874 participated in Pre-Apprenticeship, and 40 participated in On-the-Job Training. A total of 7,076 participants completed education/training. A total of 6,849 participants received a credential. Lastly, a total of 4,870 participants entered employment and of these participants, 4,343 entered training-related employment.

H-1B Jobs and Innovation Accelerator Challenge Grants

http://www.doleta.gov/ETA_News_Releases/20111398.cfm

Program Description

The Jobs and Innovation Accelerator Challenge (Jobs Accelerator) is designed to help regions achieve the demonstrated benefits of collaborative, cluster-based regional development. This initiative represents the implementation of Administration policy priorities to accelerate bottom-up innovation in urban and rural regions, as opposed to imposing “one-size-fits-all” solutions. The Jobs Accelerator also meets Administration goals for smarter use of government resources through reduction of Federal silos and promotion of coordinated Federal funding opportunities that offer more efficient access to Federal resources. Investments from Federal agencies for the Jobs Accelerator projects include: The U.S. Department of Labor’s Employment and Training Administration (DOL-ETA); the U.S. Department of Commerce’s Economic Development Administration (DOC-EDA) and the National Institutes of Standards and Technology’s Hollings Manufacturing Extension Partnership (NIST-MEP); the Small Business Administration (SBA); the Department of Energy, Advanced Manufacturing Office (DOE AMO); and the Delta Regional Authority (DRA).

The objectives of the Jobs Accelerator are to:

- Accelerate the formation of new high-growth businesses and expansion of existing businesses;
- Accelerate the creation of higher-wage jobs;
- Advance commercialization of research, including Federally-funded research;
- Support deployment of new processes, new technologies, and new products to grow sales and generate employment;
- Enhance the capacity of small businesses in the cluster, including small and disadvantaged businesses;
- Increase exports and business interaction with international buyers and suppliers;
- Develop the skilled workforce needed to support growing clusters; and,
- Ensure diverse workforce participation in clusters through outreach, training and the creation of career pathways.

Quarter Highlights

The Northeast Ohio Speed-To-Market Accelerator (STMA) program, administered by Lorain County Community College, aims to accelerate the speed-to-market for near production or pilot production prototypes, stimulate job creation and increase the global competitiveness of cluster companies, attract private capital, and attract students, incumbent workers, and the unemployed.

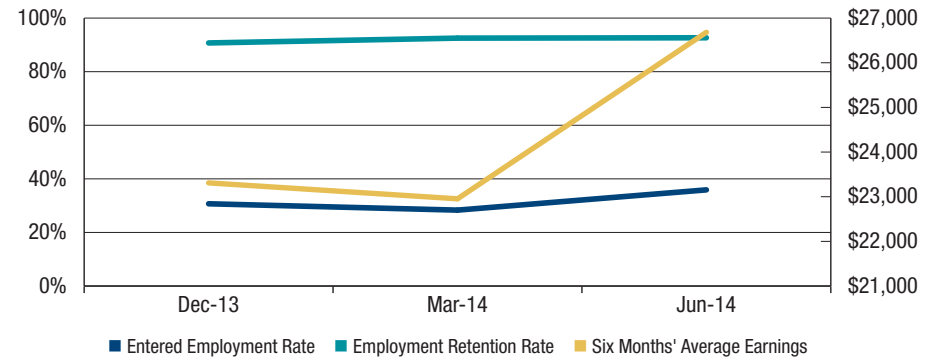
This quarter, STMA helped accelerate the introduction of a new dry electrode product for heart monitoring. This sensor and electronics will be introduced as part of the next generation of wearable human performance arm band from Pittsburgh based Body Media, a subsidiary of Jawbone. Further, STMA continues to bring new companies into the STMA

program through cluster outreach activities and this quarter three new leads were generated as the result of the existing STMA partners, MAGNET, JumpStart, Lorain County Community College and NorTech.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	30.7%	28.3%	35.9%
Employment Retention Rate	90.7%	92.5%	92.7%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$23,310	\$22,953	\$26,682

Performance in the Past Three Quarters



Analysis

A total of 3,702 individuals were served, 3,632 individuals began education/job training activities, and 2,052 individuals completed education/job training services. Of participants completing education/job training, 370 unemployed individuals completed training and entered employment and of these, 114 individuals entered training-related employment. A total of 204 employed individuals completed training and retained their current position and of these, 85 employed individuals completed training and advanced into a new position. A total of 2,006 individuals completed education/training activities and received credentials and of these, 2,273 total credentials were awarded.

** This data represents three rounds of the for Jobs Accelerator initiative which includes the Jobs Accelerator Round 1, the Advanced Manufacturing Jobs Accelerator Round 2 and the Make it in America (MIIA) Jobs Accelerator grants program.*

H-1B Technical Skills Training Grants

http://www.doleta.gov/business/H1B_Tech_Skills.cfm

Program Description

The H-1B Technical Skills Training (TST) Grants were authorized by the American Competitiveness and Workforce Improvement Act of 1998 (ACWIA), as amended (29 USC 2916a) to provide education, training, and job placement assistance in the occupations and industries for which employers are using H-1B visas to hire highly-skilled foreign workers on a temporary basis, and the related activities necessary to support such training. The H-1B TST Grant Program is intended to raise the technical skill levels of American workers so they can obtain or upgrade employment in high-growth industries and occupations. Over time, these education and training programs will help businesses reduce their use of skilled foreign professionals permitted to work in the U.S. on a temporary basis under the H-1B visa program. The grants represent significant investments in sectors, such as information technology, advanced manufacturing, and health care. In addition, these grants will focus on serving participants who have been identified as long-term unemployed, particularly those who have been unemployed the longest. These grants also have an emphasis on providing on-the-job training, allowing participants to learn new skills while earning a pay check. To date, ETA has announced two rounds of TST grants totaling \$342 million. The first round was announced on October 4, 2011, and the second round was announced on February 22, 2012.

Quarter Highlights

The Los Angeles HealthWorks On-the-Job training (OJT) initiative, administered by Managed Career Solutions, Inc. (MCS), provides individuals with training that leads to industry recognized credentials and employment opportunities within the region's healthcare field. MCS maintains several strong partnerships, to coordinate outreach, recruitment, training, OJT placements, and employment opportunities. As of June 30, 2014, MCS served nearly 800 long-term unemployed participants and overall 1,100 participants. In the same period, over 650 individuals completed training and earned an industry recognized credential. Of those completers, 128 were employed at participation; however, the majority were underemployed and gained the necessary job skills and credentials that allowed 80 percent to advance into a new position. In recognition MCS received the Malcom Baldrige and State Eureka awards.

Analysis

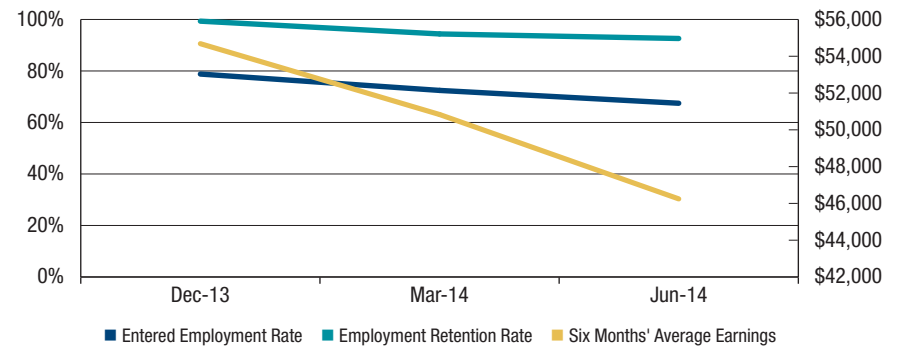
- 52,532 individuals were served and 51,071 individuals began education/job training activities.
- 15,185 individuals completed education/job training activities including 3,321 unemployed individuals who completed training and entered employment.
 - Of these, 2,925 individuals entered training-related employment, 2,902 employed individuals completed training and retained their current position, 1,452 employed individuals completed training and advanced into a new position.
- 11,944 individuals completed education/job training activities and received credentials with 14,099 total credentials awarded.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	77.8%	72.5%	67.5%*
Employment Retention Rate	99.3%	94.4%	92.6%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$54,683	\$50,833	\$46,245*

* Since the H-1B TST program provides training to incumbent, unemployed, and long-term unemployed workers to prepare them for jobs in a variety H-1B industries and/or occupations, the Entered Employment Rate and Six Months' Average Earnings can vary. For the quarter ending on June 30, 2014, the H-1B TST program saw a decline in the Entered Employment Rate and Six Months' Average Earnings in comparison with the results for the previous rolling four quarters. Previous results reflected a large number of incumbent workers who enrolled in short-term high-skilled training and exited early, leading to a relatively high Six Months' Average Earnings. As the projects progress, unemployed and long-term unemployed workers who required longer-term training begin to exit the program and search for jobs. Ultimately, as they enter employment, wages may be less than those achieved by the higher-skilled incumbent workers who either retain or advance in their positions after training.

Performance in the Past Three Quarters



Community-Based Job Training Grants (CBJT)

<http://www.doleta.gov/business/Community-BasedJobTrainingGrants.cfm>

Program Description

Community-Based Job Training Grants (CBJT) seek to strengthen the role of community colleges in promoting the United States workforce's competitiveness. The program does this by building the capacity of community colleges to train workers in skills required to succeed in regionally based high-growth, high-demand industries and occupations. Important grant activities include training in the healthcare, biotech, advanced manufacturing, energy, automotive, transportation, construction, insurance, forestry, and aerospace industries. The first round of CBJT grants were awarded in October 2005. To date, ETA has announced five rounds of CBJT grants, awarding 320 grants to community colleges and other organizations. All CBJT grants ended as of June 30, 2014.

Quarter Highlights

The 14 remaining projects active in this quarter represent the culmination of another successful DOL initiative. Some of the significant accomplishments include the development and sustainability of Roane State Community College's Lean Manufacturing program, designed to meet the needs of local manufacturing employers; the San Jacinto Community College District's Gulf Coast Healthcare Partners project which developed training to support healthcare career; and Central Arizona College's Pinal County Alternative Energy Project. More than half of the CBJT participants who began education and training activities completed their programs; 79 percent of them received an industry recognized credential, i.e. certificate or degree. Eighty-four percent of the participants who gained employment entered into new training-related positions.

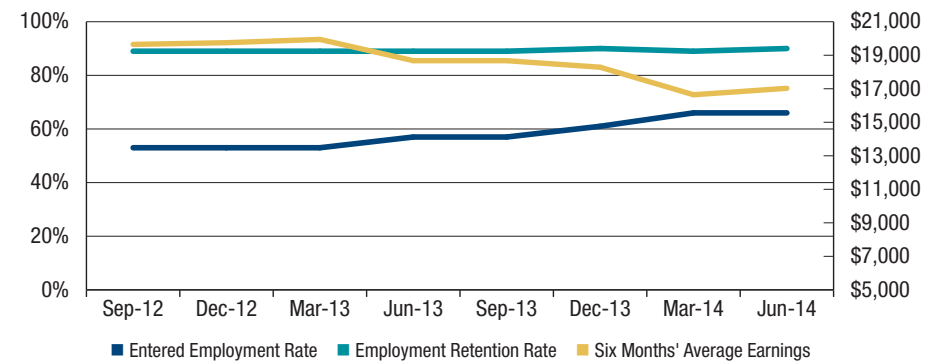
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 06.30.14
Entered Employment Rate	57.2%	66.2%
Employment Retention Rate	89.1%	89.9%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$18,675	\$17,027

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Four Quarters Ending 09.30.13	Four Quarters Ending 12.31.13	Four Quarters Ending 03.31.14
Entered Employment Rate	57%	60.5%	65.5%
Employment Retention Rate	89.1%	89.7%	89.1%
Six Months' Average Earnings	\$18,675	\$18,285	\$16,642

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

- 268,359 individuals have been served through the initiative.
- 258,216 individuals began education/job training activities.
- 165,264 individuals completed education/job training activities. Of these:
 - 131,107 individuals received credentials.
 - 65,089 individuals entered new positions of employment and 54,344 individuals entered new positions of training-related employment.

Note: All data are cumulative. Prior to new reporting requirements implemented in the quarter ending December 31, 2011, grantees only reported results for individuals that entered employment and individuals that entered training-related employment (noted above) if those participants entered employment and completed training in the same quarter. As a result, prior to that quarter participants that entered employment in quarters after they completed training were captured in the Common Measures, and the total number of individuals that ultimately entered employment and training-related employment are actually higher than the results above indicate.

Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training (TAACCCT) Grants <http://www.doleta.gov/taaccct/>

Program Description

The Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training (TAACCCT) Grant Program is authorized by the Trade Act of 1974 under Chapter 4 of Title II. The purpose of this grant program is to provide eligible institutions of higher education with funds to expand and improve their ability to deliver education and career training programs that can be completed in two years or less, and that result in skills, degrees, and credentials that prepare program participants for employment in high-wage, high-skill occupations, and are suited for workers who are eligible for training under the Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) for Workers program, under Chapter 2 of Title II of the Trade Act. The TAACCCT Grant Program is funded under the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, which appropriated \$500 million for the program for each of Fiscal Years 2011-2014, for a total of \$2 billion.

Round 1 – FY 2011 Grants

On June 30, 2014, grants awarded in Round 1 (FY 2011) had completed all but one quarter of their periods of performance. By the end of their final year of the grant, the forty-nine (49) Round 1 grantees project that they will offer a total of 906 new programs of study. As of June 30, 2014, grantees began offering 834 (92 percent) of these programs of study.

Round 2 – FY 2012 Grants

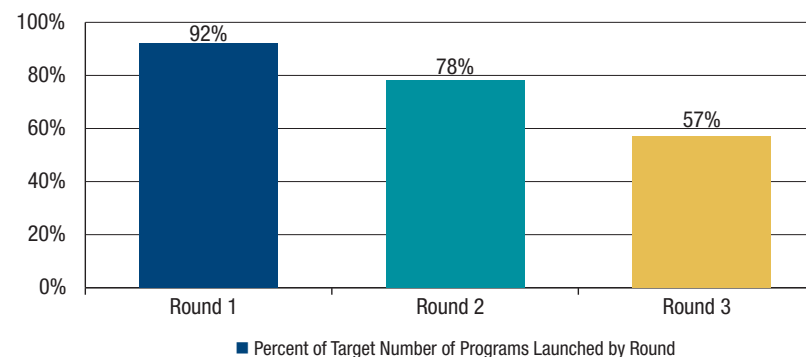
The seventy-nine (79) grants awarded in the Fiscal Year 2012 had completed seven quarters of their grants at the end of June 30, 2014. Their period of performance began on October 1, 2012, and will end on September 30, 2016; however, their final year will be dedicated to gathering information and data for reporting outcome measures and completing the requirements for a third-party evaluation. They project that by the end of the third year, they will have launched 761 programs. As of the end of June 30, 2014, they had begun offering 561 (78 percent) of these programs.

Round 3 – FY 2013 Grants

Grants awarded in FY 2013 had completed the first three quarters of their period of performance. Their grants began on October 1, 2013 and will end on September 30, 2017.

In their third year, they will have launched all of their programs, as their final year will be dedicated to collecting follow up data for evaluation and reporting purposes only. The fifty-seven (57) grantees plan to launch 551 programs. As of June 30, 2014, they had already launched 288 (57 percent) of these programs.

Percentage of Target Number of Programs Launched as of June 30, 2014 by Grant Round



Performance Information

Programmatic data is collected at different intervals throughout the period of performance including:

- Quarterly Narrative Progress Reports (QNPR): Grantees will provide quarterly qualitative data on the capacity building taking place through progress and other implementation measures that grantees defined in their Statements of Work.
- Annual Performance Reports (APR): Grantees will provide annual quantitative data on their training and employment outcomes for TAACCCT program participants that are impacted by the capacity building activities being implemented by their grants.

Disability Employment Initiative (DEI)

<http://www.doleta.gov/disability/>

Program Description

Launched in 2010, the Disability Employment Initiative (DEI) seeks to improve education, training, and employment opportunities for youth and adults with disabilities who are unemployed, underemployed, and/or receiving Social Security disability benefits. The DEI is jointly funded by the U.S. Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration and Office of Disability Employment Policy. DEI projects improve collaboration among employment and training and asset development programs implemented at state and local levels, including the Social Security Administration's Ticket to Work Program, and build effective partnerships that leverage resources to better serve individuals with disabilities and improve employment outcomes.

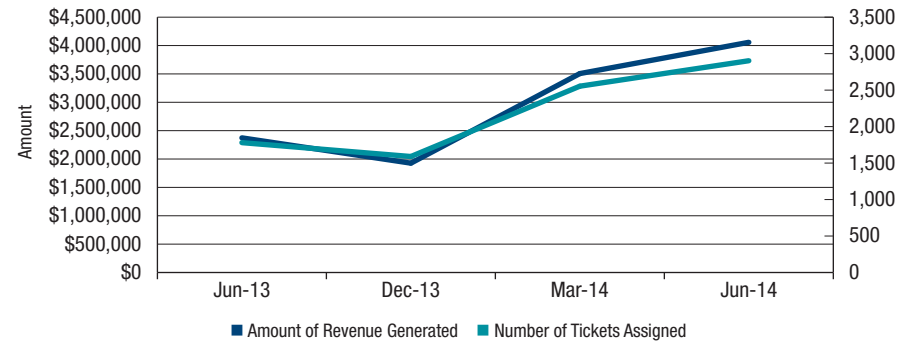
Quarter Highlights

A variety of Department of Labor programs helped Vietnam-era veteran Richard James navigate through life. After servicing B-52 bombers in the Air Force, James held a series of sales jobs while putting himself through law school at night. He rose to become a successful New England attorney and owner of a boat dock building company when he suffered a terrible head injury, which caused spine and nerve damage. Addiction to pain medication followed, and James ended up homeless. While recovering from his injuries, James took a college course through the Veterans Retraining Assistance Program, managed in part by the Department. He received career counseling from a Disabled Veterans Outreach Program representative at a local American Job Center, and support from the DEI Disability Resource Coordinator. Eventually, James was hired as an attorney by a Rhode Island law firm. The department's grants and programs made possible the services that "put me back in a position of being a productive member of society," he said.

Program Performance

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 6.30.13	Quarter Ending 12.31.13	Quarter Ending 3.31.14	Quarter Ending 6.30.14
Number of Tickets Assigned	1,780	1,590	2,554	2,903
Amount of Revenue Generated	\$2,373,404	\$1,927,104	\$3,505,582	\$4,057,353

All DEI Workforce Employment Network (EN) Trends



Analysis

- The Exit Rate for Adult and Youth exiters with disabilities in Round one DEI sites is almost double the national average: Adult DEI was 8.9 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 4.9 percent; Older Youth DEI 16.6 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 8.7 percent; Younger Youth DEI 33.9 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 15.1 percent.
- The Credential/Skill Attainment Rate for older and younger youth with disabilities in Round 1 DEI sites was higher than the national average: Older Youth DEI credential rate 56.8 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 38.3 percent; Younger Youth DEI skill rate 90.2 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 83.4 percent.
- The Exit Rate for Adult and Youth exiters with disabilities in Round two DEI sites is higher than the national average: Adult DEI 5.6 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 4.9 percent; Older Youth DEI 16.3 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 8.7 percent and Younger Youth DEI 16.7 percent vs All States/All LWIAs 15.1 percent.
- The Entered Employment Rate for Adult DEI sites 65.7 percent is 20 percent higher than in All States/All LWIAs 43.4 percent.
- DEI Workforce Employment Networks (EN) activity shows that the number of Tickets assigned increased from 1,780 to 2,903 an increase of 1,123, and the amount of revenue generated from DEI EN payments increased from \$2,373,404 to \$4,057,353 an increase of \$1.68 million.

ETA Internet-Based Assistance (E-TOOLS) www.careerinfonet.org; www.servicelocator.org; www.careeronestop.org; www.onetonline.org; www.myskillsmyfuture.org; www.mynextmove.org

Program Description

ETA's Internet-based assistance includes electronic tools that help individuals explore career opportunities and link to job postings, either on their own or at local American Job Centers, to make informed employment and education choices.

The Web sites feature user-friendly occupation and industry information, salary data, career videos, education resources, career exploration assistance, and other resources that support talent development in today's fast-paced global marketplace. Users can find information, some of which is also industry sponsored, about occupations that are in-demand in high growth industries. Additionally, information is available regarding occupational skills and workplace competencies.

Quarter Highlights

For the year ending June 2014 CareerOneStop launched a new portal for Ex-Offenders, added Federal Contractor job tagging; a TAACCCT information finder; Youth Council information to America's Service Locator, and began working on adding more job feeds.

O*NET has added web services for developers and increased the available Tools and Technology and Detailed Work Activities information to convey specialized occupational attributes.

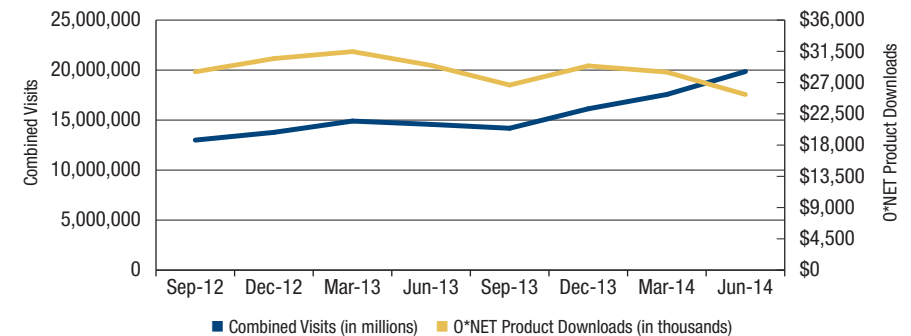
Program Performance

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 06.30.13	Quarter Ending 06.30.14
CareerOneStop Portal Visits	5,104,850	5,472,742
America's Service Locator (ASL) Visits	747,114	802,148
O*NET Downloads	29,482	25,278
O*NET Visits	8,716,609	13,581,922
Combined Visits	14,568,573	19,856,812

Additional Program Year 2013 Quarterly Data

Performance Measure	Quarter Ending 09.30.13	Quarter Ending 12.31.13	Quarter Ending 03.31.14
CareerOneStop Portal Visits	5,754,645	5,159,240	5,340,022
America's Service Locator (ASL) Visits	730,998	758,919	724,053
O*NET Downloads	26,646	29,407	28,505
O*NET Visits	7,697,608	10,211,177	11,500,039
Combined Visits	14,183,251	16,129,336	17,564,114

Performance in the Past Eight Quarters



Analysis

- ETA Internet-Based Assistance received 19,856,812 combined visits for the quarter ending June 30, 2014, an increase of 36 percent over the same period in 2013.
- Visits to CareerOneStop increased to 5,472,742, or 7.2 percent over the same period in 2013; with mySkillsmyFuture continuing to be a popular tool with an increase of 23 percent.
- America's Service Locator Visits traffic increased 7.4 percent over the same period in 2013.
- The O*NET traffic received 13,581,922 visits in this quarter, an increase of 55.8 percent over the same period in 2013, and the O*NET downloads totaled 25,278 for the quarter, a decrease of 14.2 percent.

Glossary of Performance Measures

Common Performance Measures

Common Performance Measures are used by Workforce Investment Act, Indian and Native American Program, Disability Program Navigator Initiative, Wagner-Peyser, Trade Adjustment Assistance, Senior Community Service Employment Program, Reintegration of Ex-Offenders, Registered Apprenticeship Program, Job Corps, National Farmworker Jobs Program, High Growth Job Training Initiative, and Community-Based Job Training Grants.

Adult Measures

Entered Employment

Of those who are not employed at the date of participation: the number of adult participants who are employed in the first quarter after the exit quarter divided by the number of adult participants who exit during the quarter.

Employment Retention

Of those who are employed in the first quarter after the exit quarter: the number of adult participants who are employed in both the second and third quarters after the exit quarter divided by the number of adult participants who exit during the quarter.

Six Months' Average Earnings

Of those adult participants who are employed in the first, second, and third quarters after the exit quarter: total earnings in the second quarter plus the total earnings in the third quarter after the exit quarter divided by the number of adult participants who exit during the quarter.

Average Earnings Change in Six Months¹

Of those who are employed in Q1 after exit: the total post-program earnings (earnings in Q2 + Q3 after exit) minus pre-program earnings (earnings in Q2 + Q3 prior to registration) divided by the number of adults who exit during the quarter.

Youth Measures

Attainment of a Degree or Certificate

Of those enrolled in education (at the date of participation or at any point during the program): the number of youth participants who attain a diploma, GED, or certificate by the end of the third quarter after the exit quarter divided by the number of youth participants who exit during the quarter.

¹ This definition was used for earnings in PY 2005. Q=quarter

Literacy and Numeracy Gains

Of those out-of-school youth who are basic skills deficient: the number of youth participants who increase one or more educational functioning levels divided by the number of youth participants who have completed a year in the program (i.e., one year from the date of first youth program service) plus the number of youth participants who exit before completing a year in the program.

Placement in Employment or Education²

Of those who are not in postsecondary education or employment (including the military) at the date of participation: the number of youth participants who are in employment (including the military) or enrolled in postsecondary education and/or advanced training/occupational skills training in the first quarter after the exit quarter divided by the number of youth participants who exit during the quarter.

Program-Specific Performance Measures

Disability Employment Initiative (DEI)

Number of Tickets Assigned

Number of individuals on Social Security Administration (SSA) disability benefits who assigned their Ticket to the workforce board, agency, or American Job Center as their designated Employment Network, under the SSA Ticket to Work program. All DEI pilot sites must become an Employment Network under Ticket to Work.

Amount of Revenue Generated

Under the SSA Ticket to Work program, when jobseekers who receive SSA disability benefits assign their Ticket to a workforce board, agency, or American Job Center as an Employment Network, and then achieve certain employment milestones, the Employment Network receives money, or "Ticket revenue."

² Because of its intensity and duration, the YouthBuild performance measure for placement in employment or education does not exclude those who entered the program with a job or in college.

Foreign Labor Certification

Percent of H-1B Applications Resolved in Seven Business Days

This estimate is based on the total number of applications processed within seven business days divided by the total number of applications processed for a given reporting period. An application is considered processed if the last significant event is (1) certified, (2) denied, or (3) withdrawn.

Average Number of Days to Resolve PERM Applications Not Subject to Integrity Review

The average processing time between case receipt and decision date for non-audited cases.

Average Number of Days to Resolve PERM Applications Subject to Integrity Review

The average processing time between case receipt and decision date for audited cases.

Percent of Complete H-2A Employer Applications Resolved within 30 Days Before the Date of Need

This estimate is based on the total number of complete applications resolved within 30 days before the date of need divided by the total number of applications processed for a given reporting period.

Percent of H-2B Applications Processed Within 30 Days of Receipt

This estimate is based on the total number of applications processed within 30 days of receipt divided by the total number of applications processed for a given reporting period. An application is considered processed if the last significant event is (1) certified, (2) denied, or (3) withdrawn.

Indian and Native American Youth

Attainment of Two or More Goals

The total number of youth participants enrolled in the Grantee's Supplemental Youth Services Program who attained at least two of the 14 goals listed below divided by the total number of Supplemental Youth Services participants enrolled during the report period. The 14 goals include:

1. Completed Job Readiness/Orientation to the World of Work Training
2. Completed Internship or Vocational Exploration Program

3. Completed Career Assessment
4. Entered Unsubsidized Employment
5. Remained in School
6. Returned to School Full Time
7. Enrolled in Job Corps
8. Improved Basic Skills Level By At Least Two Grades
9. Attained High School Diploma
10. Attained GED
11. Completed Occupational Skills Training
12. Completed Leadership Skills Training
13. Entered Other (Non-Supplemental Youth) Training Program
14. Summer Employment

Educational Attainment for Dropouts

The number of dropouts who have obtained a high school diploma, GED, or increased their literacy and numeracy by two grade levels divided by the total number of dropouts.

Job Corps Measures

Placement in Employment or Education

Percent of Job Corps participants³ entering employment or enrolling in post-secondary education and/or advanced skills training/occupational skills training in the first quarter after exit from the program.

Attainment of a Degree or Certificate

Percent of students who attain a GED, HSD, or certificate.

Literacy /Numeracy Gains

Percent of students who achieve literacy or numeracy gains of one or more Adult Basic Education (ABE) levels.

³ Calculation of the Placement rate measure does not include outcomes for students who participated in the program for less than 60 days.

Internet-Based Assistance

Web Site Visits

ETA's Internet-based assistance includes electronic tools that help individuals make informed employment and education choices. The measure for tracking the overall performance and usage of these tools is Web site visits. A visit is defined as a series of page requests from the same uniquely identified client with a time of no more than 30 minutes between each page request.

O*Net Product Downloads

The O*NET product downloads count the number of unique users who download an O*NET online resource (www.onetcenter.org), which includes the O*NET database (all versions), O*NET technical reports (such as on green jobs), supplemental data files (lay titles, tools and technology), the O*NET Career Exploration Tool files, O*NET Survey questionnaires, and other related materials such as the Toolkit for Business.

Registered Apprenticeship Program

Entered Employment Rate

Percent of apprentices employed in the first quarter after exit who either completed or cancelled from their Registered Apprenticeship Program.

Employment Retention Rate

Percent of apprentices employed in the first quarter after exit still employed in the second and third quarter after exit who either completed or cancelled from their Registered Apprenticeship Program.

Six Months' Average Earnings

Six month Average Earnings of apprentices employed in the first quarter after exit still employed in the second and third quarter after exit who either completed or cancelled from their Registered Apprenticeship Program.

Reintegration of Ex-Offenders—Adult Program

Recidivism Rate

The percentage of participants who are rearrested for a new crime or re-incarcerated for revocation of a parole or probation violation within one year from release from prison.

Senior Community Service Employment Program

Service Level

The count of participants during the report period divided by the total number of authorized grantee community service positions.

Community Service

The number of community service hours as reported by each grantee divided by the total community service hours funded for the grantee, adjusted for minimum wage differences among the states.

Most-in-Need

Most-in-need means participants with one or more of the following characteristics: have a severe disability; are frail; are age 75 or older; are age-eligible but not receiving benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act; reside in an area with persistent unemployment and have severely limited employment prospects; have limited English proficiency; have low literacy skills; have a disability; reside in a rural area; are Veterans; have low employment prospects; have failed to find employment after utilizing services provided under Title I of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.); or are homeless or at risk for homelessness. (§ 513(b)(1)(E) as amended by Pub. L. No. 109-365).

Unemployment Insurance

Percent of Payments Made Timely

The percentage of intrastate Unemployment Insurance benefit first payments for full weeks of unemployment issued within 14 days following the first compensable week in states with a waiting week, and 21 days in non-waiting week states.

Detection of Recoverable Overpayments

The amount of overpayments (dollars) established through state operations as a percent of the estimated amount states can detect and establish for recovery.

Entered Employment Rate

The percent of persons receiving a first payment in a given quarter who had earnings in the next quarter.

Percent of Employer Tax Liability Determinations Made Timely

The percent of new employer determinations made within 90 days of the end of the quarter in which employers became liable to pay unemployment taxes.

YouthBuild

Attainment of a Degree or Certificate

Of those enrolled, the number of youth participants who attain a diploma, high school equivalency degree, or industry-recognized certificate by the end of the third quarter after the exit quarter divided by the number of youth enrolled (minus youth exited for other reasons).

Literacy and Numeracy Gains

Of those youth participants who are basic skills deficient at enrollment, the number of youth participants who increase one or more educational functioning levels within one year of enrollment, divided by the number of youth participants who have completed a year in the program.

Placement in Employment or Education

The number of youth participants who are in employment (including the military) or are enrolled in post-secondary education and/or advanced training/occupational skills training in the first quarter after the exit quarter divided by the number of youth participants who exited during the previous quarter.

Youthful Offender Projects

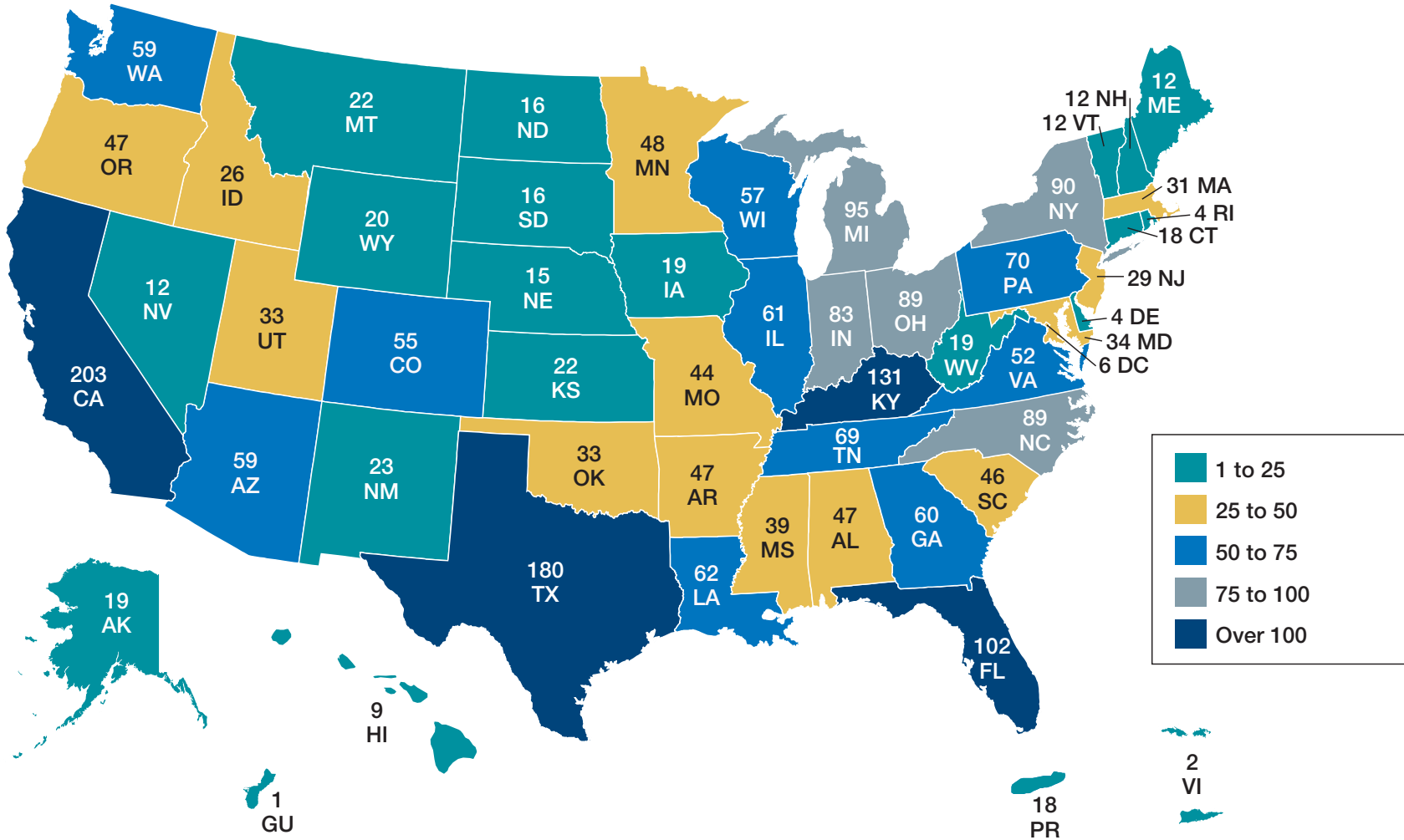
Placement Rate

The placement rate is the percentage of out-of-school youth ages 18 and above placed in unsubsidized jobs, occupational training, post-secondary education, or the military.

Recidivism Rate

The recidivism rate is the percentage of youth offenders who have been convicted of a new crime within 12 months of their release of a correctional facility or being placed on probation.

2,471 American Job Centers, formerly known as One-Stop Career Centers



Source: America's Service Locator (www.ServiceLocator.org)
 America's Service Locator connects individuals to employment and training opportunities available at local American Job Centers. The Web site provides contact information for a range of local work-related services, including unemployment benefits, career development, and educational opportunities.

As of March 17, 2015



WORKFORCE SYSTEM RESULTS



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