BRB No. 93-0402

JESSE L. PIERCE)
Claimant-Respondent)
)
V.)
)
INGALLS SHIPBUILDING,) DATE ISSUED:
INCORPORATED)
)
Self-Insured)
Employer-Petitioner) DECISION and ORDER

Appeal of the Compensation Order - Award of Attorney's Fee of N. Sandra Ramsey, District Director, United States Department of Labor.

Traci M. Castille (Franke, Rainey & Salloum), Gulfport, Mississippi, for self-insured employer.

Before: HALL, Chief Administrative Appeals Judge, SMITH and DOLDER, Administrative Appeals Judges.

PER CURIAM:

Employer appeals the Compensation Order - Award of Attorney's Fee (No. 6-117478) of District Director N. Sandra Ramsey rendered on a claim filed pursuant to the provisions of the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. §901 *et seq.* (the Act). The amount of an attorney's fee award is discretionary and may be set aside only if the challenging party shows it to be arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of discretion or not in accordance with law. *See, e.g., Muscella v. Sun Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co.*, 12 BRBS 272 (1980).

Claimant's counsel sought an attorney's fee of \$999.50, representing 9.25 hours of services at \$100 per hour, and \$74.50 in expenses for work performed before the district director in connection with claimant's hearing loss claim. The district director awarded counsel a fee of \$990, representing 9.25 hours of services at \$100 per hour, plus expenses

of \$65. Employer appeals the district director's fee award, incorporating by reference the arguments it made below into its appellate brief. Claimant has not filed a response brief.

Employer's objections to the number of hours and hourly rate awarded are rejected, as it has not shown that the district director abused her discretion in this regard. *See Ross v. Ingalls Shipbuilding, Inc.*, 29 BRBS 42 (1995); *Maddon v. Western Asbestos Co.*, 23 BRBS 55 (1989); *Cabral v. General Dynamics Corp.*, 13 BRBS 97 (1981). Employer's specific objection to counsel's method of minimum increment billing also is rejected, as both the fee petition and the district director's fee award conform to the criteria set forth in the decisions of the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit in *Ingalls Shipbuilding, Inc. v. Director, OWCP [Fairley]*, No. 89-4459 (5th Cir. July 25, 1990)(unpublished) and *Ingalls Shipbuilding, Inc. v. Director, OWCP [Biggs]*, No. 94-40066 (5th Cir. Jan. 12, 1995)(unpublished).

Employer's contentions which were not raised below will not be addressed for the first time on appeal. *Bullock v. Ingalls Shipbuilding, Inc.*, 27 BRBS 90 (1993)(*en banc*)(Brown and McGranery, JJ., concurring and dissenting), *modified on other grounds on recon. en banc*, 28 BRBS 102 (1994), *aff'd mem. sub nom. Ingalls Shipbuilding, Inc. v. Director, OWCP [Biggs]*, 46 F.3d 66 (5th Cir. 1995); *Clophus v. Amoco Production Co.*, 21 BRBS 261 (1988).

Accordingly, the district director's Compensation Order - Award of Attorney's Fee is affirmed.

SO ORDERED.

BETTY JEAN HALL, Chief Administrative Appeals Judge

ROY P. SMITH Administrative Appeals Judge

NANCY S. DOLDER Administrative Appeals Judge

¹The district director properly found that pursuant to *Jones v. Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co.*, 11 BRBS 7 (1979), claimant was liable for payment of \$400 of his counsel's fee for services performed prior to September 12, 1988, the date employer was formally notified of the claim, with the remaining fee and expenses of \$590 payable by employer.