## **U.S. Department of Labor**

Office of Labor-Management Standards Boston District Office JFK Federal Building, Suite E-365 Boston, MA 02203 (617) 624-6690 Fax: (617) 624-6606



Case Number: ||||||||||||||

LM Number: 088-379

August 3, 2010

Mr. Robert Baker, President RLCA NH SA PO Box 324 Stratham, NH 03885

Dear Mr. Baker:

This office has recently completed an audit of Rural Letter Carriers Association New Hampshire State Association (RLCA NH SA) under the Compliance Audit Program (CAP) to determine your organization's compliance with the provisions of the Labor-Management Reporting and Disclosure Act of 1959 (LMRDA). As discussed during the exit interview with Treasurer William LeBeau and you on August 3, 2010, the following problems were disclosed during the CAP. The matters listed below are not an exhaustive list of all possible problem areas since the audit conducted was limited in scope.

# Recordkeeping Violations

Title II of the LMRDA establishes certain reporting and recordkeeping requirements. Section 206 requires, among other things, that labor organizations maintain adequate records for at least five years by which each receipt and disbursement of funds, as well as all account balances, can be verified, explained, and clarified. As a general rule, labor organizations must maintain all records used or received in the course of union business.

For disbursements, this includes not only original bills, invoices, receipts, vouchers, and applicable resolutions, but also documentation showing the nature of the union business requiring the disbursement, the goods or services received, and the identity of the recipient(s) of the goods or services. In most instances, this documentation requirement can be satisfied with a sufficiently descriptive expense receipt or invoice. If an expense receipt is not sufficiently descriptive, a union officer or employee should write a note on it providing the additional information. For money it receives, the labor organization must keep at least one record showing the date, amount, purpose, and source of that money. The labor organization must also retain bank records for all accounts.

The audit of RLCA NH SA 2009's records revealed the following recordkeeping violation:

### Meal Expenses

RLCA NH SA did not require officers and employees to submit itemized receipts for meal expenses totaling at least \$550. The union must maintain itemized receipts provided by restaurants to officers and employees. These itemized receipts are necessary to determine if such disbursements are for union business purposes and to sufficiently fulfill the recordkeeping requirement of LMRDA Section 206.

RLCA NH SA records of meal expenses did not always include written explanations of union business conducted or the names and titles of the persons incurring the restaurant charges. For example, RLCA NH SA meal receipts did not include the names and titles of the persons incurring the restaurant charges. Union records of meal expenses must include written explanations of the union business conducted and the full names and titles of all persons who incurred the restaurant charges. Also, the records retained must identify the names of the restaurants where the officers or employees incurred meal expenses.

Based on your assurance that RLCA NH SA will retain adequate documentation in the future, OLMS will take no further enforcement action at this time regarding the above violations.

### Reporting Violations

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(b), which requires labor organizations to file annual financial reports accurately disclosing their financial condition and operations. The Labor Organization Annual Report (Form LM-3) filed by RLCA NH SA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was deficient in the following areas:

#### 1. Disbursements to Officers

RLCA NH SA did not include some reimbursements to officers totaling at least \$17,000 in the amounts reported Item 24 (All Officers and Disbursements to Officers). It appears the union erroneously reported these payments in Item 54 (Other Disbursements).

The union must report most direct disbursements to RLCA NH SA officers and some indirect disbursements made on behalf of its officers in Item 24. A "direct disbursement" to an officer is a payment made to an officer in the form of cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value. See the instructions for Item 24 for a discussion of certain direct disbursements to officers that do not have to be reported in Item 24. An "indirect disbursement" to an officer is a payment to another party (including a credit card company) for cash, property, goods, services, or other things of value received by or on behalf of an officer. However, indirect disbursements for temporary lodging (such as a union check issued to a hotel) or for transportation by a public carrier (such as an airline) for an officer traveling on union business should be reported in Item 48 (Office and Administrative Expense).

#### 2. Cash Reconciliation

It appears that the cash figures reported in Item 25 are not the cash figures according to the union's books after reconciliation to the bank statements. The instructions for Item 25 state that the union should obtain account balances from its books as reconciled to the balances shown on bank statements.

### 3. Failure to Properly Categorize Disbursements

RLCA NH SA did not correctly categorize at least \$38,500 in office and administrative payments in Item 48 (Office and Administrative Expenses). It appears as though the union erroneously reported these disbursements in Item 54 (Other Disbursements). The instructions for Item 48 state the total amount of ordinary office and administrative expenses, for example, rent, utilities, office supplies, postage, subscriptions, fidelity bond premiums, etc. must be entered in Item 48. RLCA NH SA also did not correctly categorize at least \$4,800 in fixed asset payments in Item 52 (Investments and Fixed Assets). The instructions for Item 52 state the total amount for all investments and fixed assets purchased by the labor organization must be entered in Item 52.

# 4. Failure to File Bylaws

The audit disclosed a violation of LMRDA Section 201(a), which requires that a union submit a copy of its revised constitution and bylaws with its LM report when it makes changes to its constitution or bylaws. RLCA NH SA amended its constitution and bylaws in 2009, but did not file a copy with its LM report for that year.

RLCA NH SA has now filed a copy of its constitution and bylaws.

I am not requiring that RLCA NH SA file an amended LM report for 2009 to correct the deficient items, but RLCA NH SA has agreed to properly report the deficient items on all future reports it files with OLMS.

I want to extend my personal appreciation to RLCA NH SA for the cooperation and courtesy extended during this compliance audit. I strongly recommend that you make sure this letter and the compliance assistance materials provided to you are passed on to future officers. If we can provide any additional assistance, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

cc: Mr. William LeBeau, Treasurer