Section III. Availability of Prohibited Transaction Exemption (PTE) 77–4

Any purchase of Fund shares that complies with the conditions of either Section I or Section II of this class exemption shall be treated as a “purchase or sale” of shares of an open-end investment company for purposes of PTE 77–4 and shall be deemed to have satisfied paragraphs (a), (d), and (e) of section II of that exemption. 42 FR 18732 (April 8, 1977).

Section IV. Definitions

For purposes of this proposed exemption:

(a) The term “Bank” means a bank or trust company, and any affiliate thereof (as defined below in paragraph (b)(1)), which is supervised by a state or federal agency.

(b) An “affiliate” of a person includes—

(1) Any person directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the person.

(2) Any officer, director, employee or relative of such person, or partner in any such person; and

(3) Any corporation or partnership of which such person is an officer, director, partner or employee.

(c) The term “control” means the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a person other than an individual.

(d) The term “collective investment fund” or “CIF” means a common or collective trust fund or pooled investment fund maintained by a “Bank” as defined in paragraph (a) of this Section IV.

(e) The term “Fund” or “Funds” means any diversified open-end management investment company or companies registered under the ’40 Act for which the Bank serves as an investment adviser, and may also serve as a custodian, shareholder servicing agent, transfer agent or provide some other secondary service (as defined below in paragraph (i) of this section).

(f) The term “net asset value” means the amount calculated by dividing the value of all securities, determined by a method as set forth in a Fund’s prospectus and statement of additional information, and other assets belonging to each of the portfolios in such Fund, less the liabilities chargeable to each portfolio, by the number of outstanding shares.

(g) The term “relative” means a “relative” as that term is defined in section 3(15) of the Act (or a “member of the family” as that term is defined in section 4975(e)(6) of the Code), or a brother, a sister, or a spouse of a brother or a sister.

(h) The term “Independent Fiduciary” means a fiduciary of a Client Plan who is independent of and unrelated to the Bank. For purposes of this exemption, the Independent Fiduciary will not be deemed to be independent of and unrelated to the Bank if:

(1) Such fiduciary directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Bank or any affiliated thereof;

(2) Such fiduciary, or any officer, director, partner, employee, or relative of such fiduciary, is an officer, director, partner, employee of the Bank (or is a relative of such persons) or any affiliate thereof;

(3) Such fiduciary directly or indirectly receives any compensation or other consideration for his or her own personal account in connection with any transaction described in this proposed exemption.

If an officer, director, partner, employee of the Bank (or relative of such persons) or any affiliate thereof, is a director of such Independent Fiduciary, and if he or she abstains from participation in (i) the choice of the Client Plan’s investment adviser, and (ii) the approval of any purchase or sale between the Client Plan and the Funds, as well as any transaction described in Sections I and II above, then paragraph (h)(2) of this Section IV shall not apply.

(i) The term “secondary service” means a service provided by a Bank to a Fund other than investment management, investment advisory or similar services.

(j) The term “fixed-income security” means any interest-bearing or discounted government or corporate security with a face amount of $1,000 or more that obligates the issuer to pay the holder a specified sum of money, at specific intervals, and to repay the principal amount of the loan at maturity.

(k) The term “Client Plan” means a pension plan described in 29 CFR 2510.3–2, a welfare benefit plan described in 29 CFR 2510.3–1, and a plan described in section 4975(e)(1) of the Code, but does not include an employee benefit plan established or maintained by the Bank or by an affiliate thereof, for its own employees.

(l) The term “security” shall have the same meaning as defined in section 2(36) of the ’40 Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 80a–2(36) (1996).
the entire record, the Department makes the following findings:
(a) The exemptions are administratively feasible;
(b) They are in the interests of the plans and their participants and beneficiaries; and
(c) They are protective of the rights of the participants and beneficiaries of the plans.

Dimensional Fund Advisors Inc. (DFA)
Located in Santa Monica, California

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption 96–82; Exemption Application No. D–10034]

Exemption

The restrictions of sections 406(a), 406(b)(1) and (b)(2) of the Act and the sanctions resulting from the application of section 4975 of the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1) (A) through (E) of the Code, shall not apply to the in-kind transfers of the assets of employee benefit plans (the Client Plans) for which DFA or an affiliate act as a fiduciary1 and which are held in DFA sponsored group trusts (the Group Trusts) to the DFA Investment Trust Company (the Master Fund), in exchange for the shares of the Master Fund, an open-end investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the 1940 Act), for which DFA acts as investment advisor; provided that the following conditions are satisfied:
(a) A fiduciary (the Second Fiduciary) who is acting on behalf of each affected Client Plan and who is independent of and unrelated to DFA, as defined in paragraph (g) of Section III below, will receive advance written notice of the in-kind transfer of the Client Plan’s assets held in a subtrust of a Group Trust to a corresponding series of the Master Fund in exchange for the shares of the Master Fund, and the investment of such assets in the corresponding series of the Master Fund. Such authorization is to be consistent with the responsibilities, obligations, and duties imposed on fiduciaries by Part 4 of Title I of the Act;
(b) No sales commissions, redemption fees or other fees are paid by the Client Plans in connection with the in-kind transfer of the Group Trust’s assets, in exchange for the shares of the Master Fund;
(c) The transfers will be one-time transactions for each subtrust of a Group Trust for which a comparable series of the Master Fund exists;
(d) Each Group Trust receives shares of the Master Fund which have a total net asset value that is equal to the value of the Client Plans’ all or pro rata share of the Group Trust’s assets on the date of the transfer;
(e) The current market value of the Group Trust’s assets to be transferred in-kind in exchange for the shares of the Master Fund, is determined in a single valuation performed in the same manner at the close of the same business day with respect to any such transfer, using independent sources in accordance with the procedures set forth in Rule 17a–7 (Rule 17a–7) under the 1940 Act, as amended from time to time or any successor rule, regulation, or similar pronouncement and the procedures established by DFA pursuant to Rule 17a–7 for the valuation of such assets. Such procedures must require that all securities for which a current market price cannot be obtained by reference to the last sales price for transactions reported on a recognized securities exchange or NASDAQ, be valued based on the average of the highest current independent bid and lowest current independent offer, as of the closing of business on the last business day preceding the day of the Group Trust transfer, determined on the basis of reasonable inquiry from at least three sources that are broker-dealers or pricing services independent of DFA;
(f) No later than 30 days after completion of each in-kind transfer of Group Trust’s assets to the Master Fund, DFA will send by regular mail to each Second Fiduciary, who is acting on behalf of each affected Client Plan and who is independent of and unrelated to DFA, as defined in paragraph (g) of Section III below, written confirmation containing the following information:
1. the identity of each security that was valued for purposes of the transaction in accordance with Rule 17a–7(b)(4) under the 1940 Act;
2. the price of each such security involved in the transaction; and
3. the identity of each pricing service or market maker consulted in determining the value of such securities;
(h) No later than 90 days after completion of each in-kind transfer of the Group Trust’s assets to the Master Fund, DFA will send by regular mail to the Second Fiduciary, who is acting on behalf of each affected Client Plan and who is independent of and unrelated to DFA, as defined in paragraph (g) of Section III below, written confirmation that contains the following information:
1. the number of Group Trust’s units held by the Client Plan immediately before the transfer (and the related per unit value and the total dollar amount of such Group Trust’s units transferred); and
2. the number of shares in the Master Fund that are held by the Client Plan following the transfer (and the related per share net asset value and the total dollar amount of such shares received);
(i) The transferred securities will be valued using the same methodology in the Group Trusts and in the Master Fund;
(j) DFA will not execute an in-kind transfer of the Client Plan’s assets unless the Second Fiduciary of each affected Client Plan affirmatively consents to the in-kind transfer in writing; and
(k) There will be no penalty to a Client Plan for not participating in the in-kind transfer.

Section II—General Conditions

(a) DFA maintains for a period of six years the records necessary to enable the persons described below in paragraph (b) to determine whether the conditions of this exemption have been met, except that (1) a prohibited transaction will not be considered to have occurred if, due to circumstances beyond the control of DFA, the records are lost or destroyed prior to the end of the six-year period, and (2) no party in interest other than DFA shall be subject to the civil penalty that may be assessed under section 502(i) of the Act or to the taxes imposed by section 4975(a) and (b) of the Code if the records are not maintained or are not available for examination as required by paragraph (b) below.

(b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) and notwithstanding any provisions of section 504(a)(2) and (b) of the Act, the records referred to in paragraph (a) are unconditionally available at their customary location for examination during normal business hours by—
1. any duly authorized employee or representative of the Department or the Internal Revenue Service;
2. any fiduciary of the Client Plans who has authority to acquire or dispose

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1 The applicant states that no retirement plan established by DFA is invested in any of the Group Trusts, and no relief is being requested herein on behalf of any of DFA’s own plans. Accordingly, the Department is not proposing relief for in-kind transfers involving any plan established and maintained by DFA or its affiliates or subsidiaries.
of shares of the Funds owned by the Client Plans, or any duly authorized employee or representative of such fiduciary, and

(iii) Any participant or beneficiary of the Client Plans or duly authorized employee or representative of such participant or beneficiary;

(2) None of the persons described in paragraph (b)(1)(ii) and (iii) of Section II shall be authorized to examine trade secrets of DFA, or commercial or financial information which is privileged or confidential; and

(c) A Second Fiduciary who is acting on behalf of a Client Plan and who is independent and unrelated to DFA, as defined in paragraph (g) of Section III below, will receive in advance of the investment by a Client Plan in the Master Fund full written disclosure of information concerning the Master Fund which shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(1) a current copy of SEC Form N–1A (regarding the registration of an open-end investment company under the 1940 Act) with respect to the Master Fund, plus certain additional information as specified in the Advisory Opinion 94–35A;

(2) a table listing management fees for the most recent completed fiscal period, all other expenses broken down by category and total portfolio operating expenses;

(3) a chart showing the effect of such fees on an investment in the Master Fund over one, three, five and ten years; and

(4) a list of per share income and capital charges for shares outstanding throughout the year, including

investment income, expenses, net investment income, dividends from net investment income, net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on securities; distributions from net realized gains (losses) on securities; net increase (decrease) in net asset value, net asset value at the beginning of the period, net asset value at the end of the period, expenses to average net assets, portfolio turnover rate, and number of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

Section III—Definitions

For purposes of this proposed exemption:

(a) The term “DFA” means Dimensional Fund Advisors Inc., and any affiliate thereof as defined below in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) An “affiliate” of a person includes:

(1) Any person directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the person;

(2) Any officer, director, employee, relative, or partner in any such person; and

(3) Any corporation or partnership of which such person is an officer, director, partner, or employee.

(c) The term “control” means the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a person other than an individual.

(d) The term “Fund” or “Funds” shall include the DFA Investment Trust Company, such additional series as may be added to the DFA Investment Trust Company, or any other diversified open-end investment company or companies registered under the 1940 Act for which DFA serves as an investment advisor and may also serve as a custodian, shareholder servicing agent, or transfer agent.

(e) The term “net asset value” means the amount for purposes of pricing all purchases and sales calculated by dividing the value of all securities, determined by a method as set forth in the Fund’s SEC Form N–1A and statement of additional information, and other assets belonging to each of the portfolios in the Fund or the Fund, less the liabilities charged to each such portfolio or the Fund, by the number of outstanding shares.

(f) The term “relative” means a “relative” as that term is defined in section 3(15) of the Act (or a “member of the family” as that term is defined in section 4975(e)(6) of the Code), or a brother, a sister, or a spouse of a brother or a sister.

(g) The term “Second Fiduciary” means a fiduciary of a Client Plan who is independent of and unrelated to DFA.

For purposes of this exemption, the Second Fiduciary will not be deemed to be independent of and unrelated to DFA if:

(1) Such Second Fiduciary directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with DFA;

(2) Such Second Fiduciary, any officer, director, partner, employee, or relative of the fiduciary is an officer, director, partner or employee of DFA (or is a relative of such persons);

(3) Such Second Fiduciary directly or indirectly receives any compensation or other consideration for his or her own personal account in connection with any transaction described in this exemption.

If an officer, director, partner or employee of DFA (or relative of such persons), is a director of such Second Fiduciary, and if he or she abstains from participation in (i) the choice of the Client Plan’s investment manager advisor, (ii) the approval of any such purchase or sale between the Client Plan and the Funds, and (iii) the approval of any change in fees charged to or paid by the Client Plan in connection with any of the transactions described in Section I above, then paragraph (g)(2) of this Section III shall not apply.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department’s decision to grant this exemption refer to the notice of proposed exemption published on September 18, 1996 at 61 FR 49156/49160.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Ekaterina A. Uzlyan of the Department, telephone (202) 219–8883. (This is not a toll-free number.)

Operating Engineers Local 150
Apprenticeship Fund (the Plan) Located
in Plainfield, Illinois

[Prohibited Transaction Exemption 96–83;
Exemption Application No. L–10279]

Exemption

The restrictions of sections 406(a), 406(b)(1) and (b)(2) of the Act shall not apply to the sale by the Plan of a parcel of unimproved real property in Will County, Illinois (the Property) to the International Union of Operating Engineers Local 150, AFL–CIO, a party in interest with respect to the Plan; provided the following conditions are satisfied:

(A) All terms of the transaction are at least as favorable to the Plan as those which the Plan could obtain in an arm’s-length transaction with an unrelated party;

(B) The Plan incurs no costs or expenses related to the transaction; and
HSBC Securities, Inc. (HSBC) Located a toll-free number.) Ronald Willett of the Department, regulation 29 CFR 2510.3-21(c).

rendering investment advice to an Excluded Plan and (b) of the Code by reason of section 4975(c)(1) of the Code shall not apply to any transactions to which those restrictions or taxes would otherwise apply merely because a person is deemed to be a party in interest or disqualified person (including a fiduciary) with respect to a plan by virtue of providing services to the plan (or by virtue of having a relationship to such service provider described in section 3(14) (F), (G), (H) or (I) of the Act or section 4975(e)(2) (F), (G), (H) or (I) of the Code), solely because of the plan’s ownership of certificates.

II. General Conditions

A. The relief provided under Part I is available only if the following conditions are met:

(1) The acquisition of certificates by a plan is on terms (including the certificate price) that are at least as favorable to the plan as they would be in an arm’s-length transaction with an unrelated party;

(2) The rights and interests evidenced by the certificates are not subordinated to the rights and interests evidenced by other certificates of the same trust;

(3) The certificates acquired by the plan have received a rating at the time of such acquisition that is in one of the three highest generic rating categories from either Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's), Duff & Phelps Inc. (D & P) or Fitch Investors Service, Inc. (Fitch);

(4) The pooling and servicing agreement is provided to, or described in all material respects in the prospectus or private placement memorandum provided to, investing plans before they purchase certificates issued by the trust.6

Notwithstanding the foregoing, section I.C. does not provide an exemption from the restrictions of section 406(b) of the Act or from the taxes imposed by reason of section 4975(c) of the Code for the receipt of a fee by a servicer of the trust from a person other than the trustee or sponsor, unless such fee constitutes a “qualified administrative fee” as defined in section III.S.

D. The restrictions of sections 406(a) and 407(a) of the Act, and the taxes imposed by sections 4975 (a) and (b) of the Code by reason of sections 4975(c)(1) (A) through (D) of the Code, shall not apply to any transactions to which those restrictions or taxes would otherwise apply merely because a person is deemed to be a party in interest or disqualified person (including a fiduciary) with respect to a plan by virtue of providing services to the plan (or by virtue of having a relationship to such service provider described in section 3(14) (F), (G), (H) or (I) of the Act or section 4975(e)(2) (F), (G), (H) or (I) of the Code), solely because of the plan’s ownership of certificates.

II. General Conditions

A. The relief provided under Part I is available only if the following conditions are met:

(1) The acquisition of certificates by a plan is on terms (including the certificate price) that are at least as favorable to the plan as they would be in an arm’s-length transaction with an unrelated party;

(2) The rights and interests evidenced by the certificates are not subordinated to the rights and interests evidenced by other certificates of the same trust;

(3) The certificates acquired by the plan have received a rating at the time of such acquisition that is in one of the three highest generic rating categories from either Standard & Poor's Corporation (S&P's), Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's), Duff & Phelps Inc. (D & P) or Fitch Investors Service, Inc. (Fitch);

For purposes of this exemption, each plan participating in a commingled fund (such as a bank collective trust fund or insurance company pooled separate account) shall be considered to own the same proportionate undivided interest in each asset of the commingled fund as its proportionate interest in the total assets of the commingled fund as calculated on the most recent preceding valuation date of the fund.

6 In the case of a private placement memorandum, such memorandum must contain substantially the same information that would be disclosed in a prospectus if the offering of the certificates were made in a registered public offering under the Securities Act of 1933. In the Department’s view, the private placement memorandum must contain sufficient information to permit plan fiduciaries to make informed investment decisions.
The trustee is not an affiliate of any member of the Restricted Group. However, the trustee shall not be considered to be an affiliate of a servicer solely because the trustee has succeeded to the rights and responsibilities of the servicer pursuant to the terms of a pooling and servicing agreement providing for such succession upon the occurrence of one or more events of default by the servicer;

(5) The sum of all payments made to and retained by the underwriters in connection with the distribution or placement of certificates represents not more than reasonable compensation for underwriting or placing the certificates; the sum of all payments made to and retained by the sponsor pursuant to the assignment of obligations (or interests therein) to the trust represents not more than the fair market value of such obligations (or interests); and the sum of all payments made to and retained by the servicer represents not more than reasonable compensation for the servicer’s services under the pooling and servicing agreement and reimbursement of the servicer’s reasonable expenses in connection therewith; and

(6) The plan investing in such certificates is an “accredited investor” as defined in Rule 501(a)(1) of Regulation D of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933.

B. Neither any underwriter, sponsor, trustee, servicer, insurer, nor any obligor, unless it or any of its affiliates has discretionary authority or renders investment advice with respect to the plan assets used by a plan to acquire certificates, shall be denied the relief provided under Part I, if the provision of subsection II.A.(6) above is not satisfied with respect to acquisition or holding by a plan of such certificates, provided that (1) such condition is disclosed in the prospectus or private placement memorandum; and (2) in the case of a private placement of certificates, the trustee obtains a representation from each initial purchaser which is a plan that it is in compliance with such condition, and obtains a covenant from each initial purchaser to the effect that, so long as such initial purchaser (or any transferee of such initial purchaser’s certificates) is required to obtain from its transferee a representation regarding compliance with the Securities Act of 1933, any such transferees will be required to make a written representation regarding compliance with the condition set forth in subsection II.A.(6) above.

III. Definitions

For purposes of this exemption:

A. “Certificate” means:

1. a certificate—

(a) that represents a beneficial ownership interest in the assets of a trust; and

(b) that entitles the holder to pass-through payments of principal, interest, and/or other payments made with respect to the assets of such trust; or

2. a certificate denominated as a debt instrument—

(a) that represents an interest in a Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit (REMIC) within the meaning of section 860D(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

(b) that is issued by and is an obligation of a trust;

with respect to certificates defined in (1) and (2) above for which HSBC is either (i) the sole underwriter or the manager or co-manager of the underwriting syndicate, or (ii) a selling or placement agent.

For purposes of this exemption, references to “certificates representing an interest in a trust” include certificates denominated as debt which are issued by a trust.

B. “Trust” means an investment pool, the corpus of which is held in trust and consists solely of:

1. either

(a) secured consumer receivables that bear interest or are purchased at a discount (including, but not limited to, home equity loans and obligations secured by shares issued by a cooperative housing association);

(b) secured credit instruments that bear interest or are purchased at a discount in transactions by or between business entities (including, but not limited to, qualified equipment notes secured by leases, as defined in section III.T);

(c) obligations that bear interest or are purchased at a discount and which are secured by single-family residential, multi-family residential and commercial real property (including obligations secured by leasehold interests on commercial real property);

(d) obligations that bear interest or are purchased at a discount and which are secured by motor vehicles or equipment, or qualified motor vehicle leases (as defined in section III.U);

(e) “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates,” as defined in 29 CFR 2510.3-101(1)(2);

(f) fractional undivided interests in any of the obligations described in clauses (a)–(e) of this section B.(1).

2. property which had secured any of the obligations described in subsection B.(1); and

3. undistributed cash or temporary investments made therewith maturing no later than the next date on which distributions are to made to certificateholders; and

4. rights of the trustee under the pooling and servicing agreement, and rights under any insurance policies, third-party guarantees, contracts of suretyship and other credit support arrangements with respect to any obligations described in subsection B.(1).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the term “trust” does not include any investment pool unless: (i) The investment pool consists only of assets of the type which have been included in other investment pools, (ii) certificates evidencing interests in such other investment pools have been rated in one of the three highest generic rating categories by S&P’s, Moody’s, D & P, or Fitch for at least one year prior to the plan’s acquisition of certificates pursuant to this exemption, and (iii) certificates evidencing interests in such other investment pools have been purchased by investors other than plans for at least one year prior to the plan’s acquisition of certificates pursuant to this exemption.

C. “Underwriter” means:

1. HSBC;

2. any person directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controlling, controlled by or under common control with HSBC; or

3. any member of an underwriting syndicate or selling group of which HSBC or a person described in (2) is a manager or co-manager with respect to the certificates.

D. “Sponsor” means the entity that organizes a trust by depositing obligations therein in exchange for certificates.

E. “Master Servicer” means the entity that is a party to the pooling and servicing agreement relating to trust assets and is fully responsible for servicing, directly or through subservicers, the assets of the trust.

F. “Subservicer” means an entity which, under the supervision of and on behalf of the master servicer, services loans contained in the trust, but is not a party to the pooling and servicing agreement.

G. “Servicer” means any entity which services loans contained in the trust, including the master servicer and any subservicer.

H. “Trustee” means the trustee of the trust, and in the case of certificates which are denominated as debt instruments, also means the trustee of the indenture trust.
I. "Insurer" means the insurer or guarantor of, or provider of other credit support for, a trust. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a person is not an insurer solely because it holds securities representing an interest in a trust which are of a class subordinate to certificates representing an interest in the same trust.

J. "Obligor" means any person, other than the insurer, that is obligated to make payments with respect to any obligation or receivables included in the trust. Where a trust contains qualified motor vehicle leases or qualified equipment notes secured by leases, "obligor" shall also include any owner of property subject to any lease included in the trust, or subject to any lease securing an obligation included in the trust.

K. "Excluded Plan" means any plan with respect to which any member of the Restricted Group is a "plan sponsor" within the meaning of section 3(16)(B) of the Act.

L. "Restricted Group" with respect to a class of certificates means:

(1) each underwriter;
(2) each insurer;
(3) the sponsor;
(4) the trustee;
(5) each servicer;
(6) any obligor with respect to obligations or receivables included in the trust constituting more than 5 percent of the aggregate unamortized principal balance of the assets in the trust, determined on the date of the initial issuance of certificates by the trust; and
(7) any affiliate of a person described in (1)-(6) above.

M. "Affiliate" of another person includes:

(1) Any person directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controlling, controlled by, or under common control with such other person;
(2) Any officer, director, partner, employee, relative (as defined in section 3(15) of the Act), a brother, a sister, or a spouse of a brother or sister of such other person; and
(3) Any corporation or partnership of which such other person is an officer, director or partner.

N. "Control" means the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a person other than an individual.

O. A person will be "independent" of another person only if:

(1) such person is not an affiliate of that other person; and
(2) the other person, or an affiliate thereof, is not a fiduciary who has investment management authority or renders investment advice with respect to any assets of such person.

P. "Sale" includes the entrance into a forward delivery commitment (as defined in section Q below), provided:

(1) The terms of the forward delivery commitment (including any fee paid to the investing plan) are no less favorable to the plan than they would be in an arm's-length transaction with an unrelated party;
(2) The prospectus or private placement memorandum is provided to an investing plan prior to the time the plan enters into the forward delivery commitment; and
(3) At the time of the delivery, all conditions of this exemption applicable to sales are met.

Q. "Forward delivery commitment" means a contract for the purchase or sale of one or more certificates to be delivered at an agreed future settlement date. The term includes both mandatory contracts (which contemplate obligatory delivery and acceptance of the certificates) and optional contracts (which give one party the right but not the obligation to deliver certificates to, or demand delivery of certificates from, the other party).

R. "Reasonable compensation" has the same meaning as that term is defined in 29 CFR 2550.408c-2.

S. "Qualified Administrative Fee" means a fee which meets the following criteria:

(1) The fee is triggered by an act or failure to act by the obligor other than the normal timely payment of amounts owing in respect of the obligations;
(2) The servicer may not charge the fee absent the act or failure to act referred to in (1);
(3) The ability to charge the fee, the circumstances in which the fee may be charged, and an explanation of how the fee is calculated are set forth in the pooling and servicing agreement; and
(4) The amount paid to investors in the trust will not be reduced by the amount of any such fee waived by the servicer.

T. "Qualified Equipment Note Secured By A Lease" means an equipment note:

(1) which is secured by equipment which is leased;
(2) which is secured by the obligation of the lessee to pay rent under the equipment lease; and
(3) with respect to which the trust's security interest in the equipment is at least as protective of the rights of the trust as would be the case if the equipment note were secured only by the equipment and not the lease.

U. "Qualified Motor Vehicle Lease" means a lease of a motor vehicle where:

(1) the trust holds a security interest in the lease;
(2) the trust holds a security interest in the leased motor vehicle; and
(3) the trust's security interest in the leased motor vehicle is at least as protective of the trust's rights as would be the case if the trust consisted of motor vehicle installment loan contracts.

V. "Pooling and Servicing Agreement" means the agreement or agreements among a sponsor, a servicer and the trustee establishing a trust. In the case of certificates which are denominated as debt instruments, "Pooling and Servicing Agreement" also includes the indenture entered into by the trustee of the trust issuing such certificates and the indenture trustee.

The Department notes that this exemption is included within the meaning of the term "Underwriter Exemption" as it is defined in section V(h) of Prohibited Transaction Exemption 95-60 (60 FR 35925, July 12, 1995), the Class Exemption for Certain Transactions Involving Insurance Company General Accounts at 35932.

For a more complete statement of the facts and representations supporting the Department's decision to grant this exemption, refer to the notice of proposed exemption published on September 18, 1996 at 61 FR 49163.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Gary Lefkowitz of the Department, telephone (202) 219-8881. (This is not a toll-free number.)

General Information

The attention of interested persons is directed to the following:

(1) The fact that a transaction is the subject of an exemption under section 408(a) of the Act and/or section 4975(c)(2) of the Code does not relieve a fiduciary or other party in interest or disqualified person from certain other provisions to which the exemptions do not apply and the general fiduciary responsibility provisions of section 404 of the Act, which among other things require a fiduciary to discharge his duties respecting the plan solely in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of the plan and in a prudent fashion in accordance with section 404(a)(1)(B) of the Act; nor does it affect the requirement of section 401(a) of the Code that the plan must operate for the exclusive benefit of the employees of the employer maintaining the plan and their beneficiaries;
(2) These exemptions are supplemental to and not in derogation of, any other provisions of the Act and/or the Code, including statutory or administrative exemptions and transactional rules. Furthermore, the fact that a transaction is subject to an.
administrative or statutory exemption is not dispositive of whether the
transaction is in fact a prohibited transaction; and
(3) The availability of these exemptions is subject to the express
condition that the material facts and representations contained in each
application accurately describes all material terms of the transaction which
is the subject of the exemption.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 7th day of
November, 1996.
Ivan Strasfeld,
Director of Exemption Determinations,
Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration,
U.S. Department of Labor.

[FR Doc. 96±29034 Filed 11±12±96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510±29±P

[Application No. D±10108, et al.]

Proposed Exemptions; Morgan Stanley
& Company Incorporated

AGENCY: Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Notice of proposed exemptions.

SUMMARY: This document contains
notices of pendency before the
Department of Labor (the Department) of
proposed exemptions from certain of the
prohibited transaction restriction of the
Employee Retirement Income Security
Act of 1974 (the Act) and/or the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986 (the Code).

Written Comments and Hearing
Requests
All interested persons are invited to
submit written comments or requests for
a hearing on the pending exemptions,
unless otherwise stated in the Notice of
Proposed Exemption, within 45 days
from the date of publication of this
Federal Register Notice. Comments and
requests for a hearing should state: (1)
the name, address, and telephone
number of the person making the
comment or request, and (2) the nature
of the person’s interest in the exemption
and the manner in which the person
would be adversely affected by the
exemption. A request for a hearing must
also state the issues to be addressed and
include a general description of the
evidence to be presented at the hearing.
A request for a hearing must also state
the issues to be addressed and include a
general description of the evidence to be
presented at the hearing.

ADDRESSES: All written comments and
requests for a hearing (at least three
copies) should be sent to the Pension
and Welfare Benefits Administration,
Office of Exemption Determinations,
Room N–5649, U.S. Department of
Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.,
Washington, D.C. 20210. Attention:
Application No. stated in each Notice of
Proposed Exemption. The applications for
exemption and the comments
received will be available for public
inspection in the Public Documents
Room of Pension and Welfare Benefits
Administration, U.S. Department of
Labor, Room N–5507, 200 Constitution
Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210.

Notice to Interested Persons
Notice of the proposed exemptions will
be provided to all interested
persons in the manner agreed upon by
the applicant and the Department
within 15 days of the date of publication in the Federal Register. Such notice
shall include a copy of the notice of
proposed exemption as published in the
Federal Register and shall inform
interested persons of their right to
comment and to request a hearing
(where appropriate).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The
proposed exemptions were requested in
applications filed pursuant to section
408(a) of the Act and/or section
4975(c)(2) of the Code, and in
accordance with procedures set forth in
29 CFR Part 2570, Subpart B (55 FR
32836, 32847, August 10, 1990).
Effective December 31, 1978, section
102 of Reorganization Plan No. 4 of
1978 (43 FR 47713, October 17, 1978)
transferred the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue exemptions of the type requested to the Secretary of Labor. Therefore, these notices of
proposed exemption are issued solely by
the Department.

The applications contain
representations with regard to the
proposed exemptions which are
summarized below. Interested persons
are referred to the applications on file
with the Department for a complete
statement of the facts and
representations.

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated;
Located in New York, New York
(Application No. D–10108)

Proposed Exemption
The Department is considering
granting an exemption under the
authority of section 408(a) of the Act
and section 4975(c)(2) of the Code and
in accordance with the procedures set
forth in 29 CFR Part 2570, Subpart B (55

Section I—Transactions
A. Effective August 25, 1995, the
restrictions of section 406(a)(1) (A)
through (D) of the Employee Retirement
Income Security Act of 1974 (the Act)
and the taxes imposed by section 4975
(a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986 (the Code), by reason of section
4975(c)(1)(A) through (D) of the Code,
shall not apply to any purchase or sale
of a security between an employee
benefit plan and a broker-dealer
affiliated with Morgan Stanley & Co.
and subject to British law (MSC/UK
Affiliate), if the following conditions,
and the conditions of Section II, are
satisfied:
(1) The MSC/UK Affiliate customarily
purchases and sells securities for its
own account in the ordinary course of
its business as a broker-dealer.
(2) Such transaction is on terms at
least as favorable to the plan as those
which the plan could obtain in an arm’s
length transaction with an unrelated
party.
(3) Neither the MSC/UK Affiliate nor
an affiliate thereof has discretionary
authority or control with respect to the
investment of the plan assets involved
in the transaction, or renders investment
advice (within the meaning of 29 CFR
4975(e)(2)(B) of the Code, or by reason
of a relationship to a person described
in such sections. For purposes of this
paragraph, the MSC/UK Affiliate shall
be deemed to be a fiduciary with
respect to the plan solely by reason of
providing securities custodial services
for a plan.

B. Effective August 25, 1995, the
restrictions of section 406(a)(1) (A)
through (D) of the Act and the taxes
imposed by section 4975(a) and (b) of
the Code, by reason of section 4975(c)(1)
(A) through (D) of the Code, shall not
apply to the lending of securities that
are assets of an employee benefit plan
to a plan solely by reason of section
3(14)(B) of the Act or section
4975(e)(2)(B) of the Code, or by reason
of a relationship to a person described
in such sections. For purposes of this
paragraph, the MSC/UK Affiliate shall
not be deemed to be a fiduciary with
respect to the plan solely by reason of
providing securities custodial services
for a plan.

(1) Neither the MSC/UK Affiliate (the
Borrower) nor an affiliate of the
Borrower has discretionary authority or
control with respect to the investment of
the plan assets involved in the
transaction, or renders investment
advice (within the meaning of 29 CFR
2510.3–21(c) with respect to those
assets;
(2) The plan receives from the
Borrower, either by physical delivery or
by book entry in a securities
depository located in the United States,
by the close of business in the day on
which the securities lent are delivered to
the Borrower, collateral consisting of U.S.
currency, securities issued or

[58237]